SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES YSLETA DEL SUR PUEBLO, ET AL.,) Petitioners,) v.) No. 20-493 TEXAS,) Respondent.)

Pages: 1 through 98
Place: Washington, D.C.
Date: February 22, 2022

HERITAGE REPORTING CORPORATION

Official Reporters 1220 L Street, N.W., Suite 206 Washington, D.C. 20005 (202) 628-4888 www.hrccourtreporters.com

1

1 IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES 2 3 YSLETA DEL SUR PUEBLO, ET AL.,) 4 Petitioners,) 5) No. 20-493 v. 6 TEXAS,) 7 Respondent.) 8 _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ 9 10 Washington, D.C. 11 Tuesday, February 22, 2022 12 The above-entitled matter came on for 13 14 oral argument before the Supreme Court of the 15 United States at 10:00 a.m. 16 17 APPEARANCES: BRANT C. MARTIN, Fort Worth, Texas; on behalf of the 18 19 Petitioners. 20 ANTHONY A. YANG, Assistant to the Solicitor General, Department of Justice, Washington, D.C.; for the 21 United States, as amicus curiae, supporting the 22 23 Petitioners. 24 LANORA C. PETTIT, Principal Deputy Solicitor General, Austin, Texas; on behalf of the Respondent. 25

2

1	CONTENTS	
2	ORAL ARGUMENT OF:	PAGE:
3	BRANT C. MARTIN, ESQ.	
4	On behalf of the Petitioners	3
5	ORAL ARGUMENT OF:	
6	ANTHONY A. YANG, ESQ.	
7	For the United States, as amicus	
8	curiae, supporting the Petitioners	36
9	ORAL ARGUMENT OF:	
10	LANORA C. PETTIT, ESQ.	
11	On behalf of the Respondent	65
12	REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF:	
13	BRANT C. MARTIN, ESQ.	
14	On behalf of the Petitioners	95
15		
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		

1 PROCEEDINGS 2 (10:00 a.m.) 3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: We'll hear argument first this morning in Ysleta del Sur 4 Pueblo versus Texas. 5 6 Mr. Martin. 7 ORAL ARGUMENT OF BRANT C. MARTIN ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONERS 8 MR. MARTIN: Mr. Chief Justice, and 9 may it please the Court: 10 11 The question this case presents is 12 whether the Restoration Act subjects the Pueblo to Texas's time, place, and manner restrictions 13 14 as it relates to games that Texas does not 15 flatly prohibit. 16 It does not. In the Restoration Act, 17 Congress codified the Cabazon Band framework and 18 specifically foreclosed Texas's regulatory 19 authority over the tribes' gaming activities. 20 The plain language of the Act provides 21 us with clear support for this interpretation. 2.2 On the heels of this Court's decision in 23 Cabazon, Congress changed the language of the 24 Restoration Act to replicate the prohibitory/ 25 regulatory dichotomy struck in Cabazon. Section

1 107(a) incorporates the Cabazon framework. It 2 federalize Texas law but only as to prohibited games. And bingo, in the state of Texas, is not 3 a prohibited game. 4 Section 107(b) clearly forecloses any 5 interpretation of Section 107 in its entirety 6 7 where Texas would have regulatory jurisdiction over tribal gaming. And Section 107(b) must 8 9 have meaning in the Act. 10 The problem with the State of Texas's 11 interpretation and the Fifth Circuit's 12 interpretation in Ysleta I is that it reads 13 107(b) out of the Act entirely. 14 This interpretation is also consistent 15 with Congress's extension of the Cabazon 16 framework to IGRA. The two statutes are not in 17 conflict, and you don't have to choose one over 18 the other. And even if that were the case, and 19 we don't think it is, the plain language of the 20 Restoration Act allows my client to engage in 21 non-prohibited gaming activities. 2.2 In Sections 107(a) and 107(b), 23 Congress was sending the clear signal that it 24 was incorporating the prohibitory/regulatory 25 construct from Cabazon into a test applicable to

4

5

1	these tribes. The final text of the Restoration
2	Act reflects the bargain that Congress struck.
3	Each side got something but not everything.
4	Texas was allowed to prevent
5	prohibited games from being played by these
б	tribes. Meanwhile, the tribe was allowed to
7	retain its sovereignty and its freedom from
8	regulation as it related to gaming activities.
9	And with, I'd be pleased to answer any
10	questions from the Court.
11	JUSTICE THOMAS: Yes, counsel, the
12	in the Cabazon was a grant of jurisdiction,
13	right?
14	MR. MARTIN: Yes, Your Honor.
15	JUSTICE THOMAS: Is there any
16	difference where is there a grant of
17	jurisdiction in 107(a)?
18	MR. MARTIN: Your Honor, looking at
19	the text of 107(a), it's specifically dealing
20	with the tribal gaming activities. There's not
21	a specific reference to the grant of the
22	jurisdiction.
23	JUSTICE THOMAS: So what the
24	just standing alone, what do you think it's
25	doing?

6

1 MR. MARTIN: Your Honor, I think it's 2 dictating -- it's showing that Congress was 3 extending the Cabazon framework to this fact pattern where Congress was federalizing state 4 law as to prohibited gaming activities. 5 JUSTICE THOMAS: So --6 7 MR. MARTIN: It's taking the Public Law 280 structure that was explicated in Cabazon 8 9 and extending it to this fact pattern. 10 JUSTICE THOMAS: So exactly how does 11 it -- how is it doing that? 12 MR. MARTIN: Your Honor, in the text 13 itself, the first sentence: "All gaming 14 activities which are prohibited by the laws of 15 the State of Texas are hereby prohibited on the 16 reservation and on the lands of the tribes." 17 JUSTICE THOMAS: That seems almost as 18 though it's adopting it as federal law. 19 MR. MARTIN: It's adopting Texas's 20 prohibitory laws as to prohibited gaming 21 activities. It's -- one of the things that's 2.2 interesting, Your Honor, is that, compared to 23 previous versions of this Act, this final -- one 24 of the final changes in Section 108 was changing 25 it from "gaming" and "gambling" and those

broader terms to the concept of "gaming
 activities" and specifying prohibited gaming
 activities.

JUSTICE THOMAS: 4 Thank you. CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, I mean, 5 you say that 107 was enacted in light of 6 7 Cabazon. But it was directly enacted in light of the tribal resolution, which said that the 8 9 tribe was willing at this point, after all the 10 back and forth, they obviously weren't happy 11 about it, but they were willing to provide that 12 all gaming, gambling, lottery, bingo shall be prohibited. All, regardless of whether there's 13 14 some that's permitted and some that's -- that's 15 not according to the laws of -- of Texas. 16 So, I mean, this is an odd case. Т 17 haven't seen in decades briefs that were so full of legislative history and, you know, 18 19 pre-enactment this or post-enactment that, but, 20 I mean, if that's what we're going to -- if that's the game that's on, it looks to me like 21 2.2 the tribal resolution had a much more direct 23 connection to the legislation that was actually

24 passed.

25 MR. MARTIN: Your Honor, if I may, I

8

1 think the tribal resolution had a much more 2 direct connection to previous versions of it. And I would agree with you there's a lot of 3 legislative history in here, and some of it's 4 legislative history and some of it is almost 5 6 textual evolution on what was actually enacted. 7 And one of the things that I would point out to Your Honor is the tribal 8 resolution, which, again, was dated March 16th 9 of 1986, that total ban or what the State of 10 11 Texas calls the "operative request" -- and --12 and that would have been a total ban. There's 13 no way to deny that. 14 However, that part of the text was 15 incorporated into the Restoration Act into a 16 version that never actually passed. And that 17 was a version that was set forth in its -- this is in our brief on page 9, Your Honor -- that 18 19 version was September 23rd of 1986. Now, that's 20 interesting because Cabazon comes down and 21 Cabazon is handed down on February 25th, 1987, 2.2 so well after that version which reflected the 23 tribal resolution was handed down. After --24 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Do you think 25 the law would have been passed without the

1	tribal resolution, regardless of the particular
2	form that it was enacted?
3	MR. MARTIN: Your Honor, I think I'm
4	focused on the law that was actually passed and
5	the changes that were made by Congress. I I
б	don't know that I want to speculate on what
7	would have happened or would not have happened.
8	All I know is I have the text that we have
9	the text that we have.
10	And and the point that I was going
11	to make was the final version of it is the one
12	that no one here thinks that the final version
13	in 107(a) is a total ban. There's no way you
14	can construct it to where it reflects a total
15	ban.
16	So it can't reflect what Texas calls
17	the "operative request." It has to mean
18	something else. And the final changes that were
19	made to 107(a) talk about the prohibited gaming
20	activities, and that's a different story than
21	the prohibited gaming.
22	And, Your Honor, if I may
23	JUSTICE ALITO: Well
24	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I don't know
25	

1 JUSTICE ALITO: Go ahead. 2 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I was just 3 going to say I don't know who you're including in everybody here, but it says prohibited. And 4 just -- I mean, if you had -- under Texas law, 5 6 you can have bingo games sort of up to \$100 at 7 stake, okay, and then what -- what's happening 8 is the tribe is having bingo games up to \$1,000. Now, if you told somebody that, that 9 10 they have games up to \$1,000, it would be 11 perfectly natural for that person to say, well, 12 that's prohibited because there's a \$100 cap. 13 MR. MARTIN: Your Honor --14 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: And you would 15 tell me that, no, you would say they would be able to, you know, gam- -- have the bingo games 16 17 up to \$1,000. 18 MR. MARTIN: Your Honor, those are the 19 exact type of restrictions that this Court 20 analyzed in Cabazon and determined to be 21 regulatory. And we believe that that's the 22 exact same application that Congress was --23 JUSTICE KAGAN: Well, suppose that that's right, Mr. Martin, but I think what the 24 25 Chief Justice is suggesting is that it's not the

11

1 normal term -- use of the term "prohibited." 2 What you're really relying on is the idea that 3 Cabazon turns this language into a kind of term of art and that Congress was aware of that and 4 that when Congress used the word "prohibited" it 5 6 was incorporating this distinction that had been 7 made in Cabazon. And let's say that your 8 argument really does depend on that. It's not 9 the normal use of the word "prohibited." It's a Cabazon use of the word "prohibited." 10 11 So then the question is what's your best evidence that this Court -- that the --12 13 that Congress, when it passed this statute, 14 really did have Cabazon in mind rather than was 15 using the normal use of the word "prohibited"? 16 MR. MARTIN: Your Honor, first of all, 17 I -- I think that under Williams versus Taylor, we certainly can assume that Congress was taking 18 19 language from one of this Court's opinions and incorporating it, especially in the exact same 20 context of Indian gaming, and that they knew 21 2.2 what it meant. 23 The second aspect on how I would 24 answer your question, Your Honor, is that under 25 107(a), we set up the prohibited structure and

1 then, in 107(b), we set up the restriction on Texas's regulation. And I think that that 2 3 clearly evidences --4 JUSTICE KAGAN: I don't really see 5 107(b) as doing that. I mean, if I look at 6 107(b), it seems to me like much more of kind of 7 the mirror image or flip side of 107(c) that says, you know, the federal courts have 8 9 jurisdiction in -- in 107(c), and in 107(b), it 10 says the state courts don't have jurisdiction. 11 Why shouldn't -- so, on -- on that 12 reading, 107(b) doesn't really help you, does 13 it? 14 MR. MARTIN: I -- I think 107(b) helps 15 us greatly, Your Honor, and I think that's the 16 issue that we had with the Fifth Circuit's 17 opinion. 18 Regulatory jurisdiction within 107(b) 19 is hearkening back to the -- the broader term of 20 the state's inability to tax, regulate, license. 21 It's the Bryan versus Itasca County test. They 22 don't have that regulatory authority. 23 Whereas, in 107(c), in the title 24 alone, it says jurisdiction over enforcement. Ι 25 don't think that you can combine -- and this is

13

1 where I -- I respectfully disagree with -- with 2 my friends from the State of Texas, I don't 3 think you can combine 107(b) to say that's enforcement. I think that's confusing 4 jurisdiction with the --5 6 JUSTICE KAGAN: Could -- could we go 7 back to the first way you answered the question? 8 Because your first sentence was something like, 9 you know, we presume that Congress knows about 10 the law. And, you know, sometimes we do, and 11 then again, sometimes we don't. 12 Do -- do you have a view of -- of --13 of when we should make that presumption and why 14 this case fits within that sphere? 15 MR. MARTIN: My view, Your Honor, 16 would be that if Congress is using the exact 17 same language, such as the use of the word 18 "prohibit," you can then dictate that, whether 19 you call it a term of art or using the same term 20 in the exact same context --21 JUSTICE BARRETT: Counsel, "prohibit," 2.2 though, how many times does "prohibit" appear in 23 the code, and -- and, you know, one of the 24 briefs counted how many times. I mean, it's not a term of art in that sense, right? 25

1	MR. MARTIN: It is a term of art, Your
2	Honor, when it's six months after Cabazon and
3	you're talking about Indian gaming. That
4	that would be the distinction I would make.
5	I believe that the cite that they gave
б	you, and that was the State of Texas's brief, it
7	talked about it appearing 8,800 times.
8	JUSTICE ALITO: But what would they
9	have if you were in Congress and you were
10	aware of Cabazon and you wanted to use
11	"prohibited" in the normal sense of the word and
12	you said, well, I'm afraid that if I use this
13	word "prohibited," people are going to think it
14	has the Cabazon meaning, what would you have
15	how would you have written this?
16	MR. MARTIN: Well, Your Honor, I if
17	I I would answer it by saying I think that
18	we're talking just about "prohibited" and the
19	use of the word "prohibited." We also need to
20	see what it modifies, which is prohibited gaming
21	activities, because that was another change
22	JUSTICE ALITO: Well, maybe what
23	MR. MARTIN: that affected Cabazon.
24	JUSTICE ALITO: what synonym would
25	you have used? All gaming activities which are

15

1	what? I better say forbidden, I shouldn't say
2	prohibited? Is that the argument?
3	MR. MARTIN: I Your Honor, my
4	submission would be that by using the word
5	"prohibited" in 107(a) and then using no
6	regulatory jurisdiction in 107(b), that it was
7	clear that they were intending to implicate
8	Cabazon.
9	JUSTICE BARRETT: So do you lose
10	without Cabazon?
11	MR. MARTIN: No, Your Honor, I don't
12	think you lose without Cabazon.
13	JUSTICE BARRETT: So, if you take
14	Cabazon out and were just looking at the
15	ordinary meanings of these words, "prohibited"
16	and "regulatory jurisdiction," you think you
17	still win?
18	MR. MARTIN: Your Honor, to prohibit
19	under the ordinary meaning is to bid. Bingo is
20	not forbidden
21	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Counsel
22	MR. MARTIN: in the State of Texas.
23	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: counsel, why
24	are you relying just on Cabazon? Bryan in 1976
25	used the dichotomy of prohibited versus

16

1 regulatory, correct --2 MR. MARTIN: Yes, Your Honor. 3 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: -- and said in the 4 Indian context, regulatory doesn't mean prohibited, correct? 5 6 MR. MARTIN: Absolutely. Yes, Your 7 Honor. 8 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So you're not 9 talking about six months before. You're talking about 10 years before. 10 11 MR. MARTIN: Yes, Your Honor. Certain 12 _ _ 13 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: And, secondly, why 14 are you not pointing to the examples of 15 legislation passed on the same day as the 16 Restoration Act? 17 The Winnepaug passed the very same day 18 and it used regulations, those laws and 19 regulations which prohibit or regulate. The 20 Seminole, also passed in 1987, also talked about 21 prohibiting and regulating. Correct? 2.2 MR. MARTIN: Yes. Yes, Your Honor. 23 When Congress wants to use the word "regulations" in this context, it certainly can 24 25 -- it certainly knows how to.

1 JUSTICE ALITO: Mr. Martin --2 MR. MARTIN: It was the guinte- --3 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: It showed you it 4 did. 5 MR. MARTIN: Yes, Your Honor. 6 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Counsel, could I 7 just ask, if you were to prevail, would Indian gaming be completely free for all, or would 8 there still be -- would the Pueblos still be 9 10 subject to IGRA? 11 MR. MARTIN: We believe that the 12 proper reading of the Restoration Act is that the Pueblo would still be subject to IGRA. 13 It's 14 one of the other issues we have with --15 JUSTICE GORSUCH: And so what --16 MR. MARTIN: -- the official --17 JUSTICE GORSUCH: -- what's the upshot 18 of that? As I -- as I understand it, bingo may 19 be allowed, for example, but blackjack wouldn't. 20 Is that -- is that -- is that about right? 21 Class 3 gaming would still be forbidden? 2.2 MR. MARTIN: In a general sense, yes, 23 Your Honor, Class 3 would still be subject to 24 either a negotiation of a compact with the state 25 or they would only be allowed to engage in Class

1 2 gaming under IGRA supervised by the NIGC. 2 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Okay. And then one 3 more quick question for you. I -- I -- I understand that there's an Ex Parte Young 4 possibility of -- of jurisdiction here against 5 6 the governor of the tribe. But is the tribe 7 itself waiving sovereign immunity? Is it before 8 us? MR. MARTIN: I don't believe that that 9 10 issue is before you, Your Honor, and I'm 11 hesitant to waive sovereign immunity when that 12 issue hasn't been briefed. 13 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Well, I'm not asking 14 you to waive sovereign immunity at -- at -- at 15 the podium. That would be a bit much. 16 (Laughter.) 17 JUSTICE GORSUCH: So it's safe to say we're here proceeding just against the 18 governors, is -- is that -- is that right? 19 20 MR. MARTIN: I believe that's right, 21 Your Honor. 2.2 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Thank you. 23 Appreciate it. 24 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Can I go to that 25 question, follow up on it? There seems to be a

dispute whether this type of bingo by machine is
 the same as the bingo we know, people in a room
 calling out numbers.

4 You dispute that. You say it's the 5 same. But assuming that there's -- and I do --6 that there's a genuine dispute on that issue, 7 that still would be subject to federal 8 jurisdiction, a court would then decide below 9 whether this type of slot machine is actually 10 bingo, correct?

11 MR. MARTIN: Well, Your Honor, first, 12 you know, we would obviously dispute that it's a slot machine. But if Texas continued -- if this 13 14 Court remands it back down to the trial court 15 for a finding, Texas brought -- continued its 16 action under 107(c) for an injunction, the 17 federal trial court would determine whether or 18 not it was a prohibited gaming activity under 19 section 107(a).

20 And I'm trying to be very careful and 21 precise with my words here. Whether or not 22 that's bingo, whether or not that's not bingo, I 23 think that there's a number of factors that 24 would factor into the consideration by the trial 25 court, but that would be under the federal

1 court's jurisdiction. JUSTICE KAGAN: Mr. Martin, could I 2 3 take you back to Justice Gorsuch's question about IGRA? If -- if you prevail, the tribe is 4 regulated under IGRA. 5 6 I take it 107(c) would still separate 7 out Texas from other states, is that correct --MR. MARTIN: To a certain extent --8 9 JUSTICE KAGAN: -- in your view? 10 MR. MARTIN: -- yes, Your Honor. The 11 third sentence of 107(c), it -- it has a very 12 interesting construction. It is not -- you can't read it as an affirmative grant of an 13 14 injunctive relief. 15 It says "nothing herein shall preclude 16 the State of Texas from bringing an injunction," 17 almost suggesting if there was a preexisting 18 right from the State of Texas to have that 19 injunction, that they would still have it. I am 20 not opining on that but I'm saying that that 21 would still exist. 2.2 And to the extent that it was read as 23 an affirmative grant or an additional remedy, that the State of Texas would still have that 24 25 under the Restoration Act.

```
1
                JUSTICE KAGAN: But I guess what I was
 2
      asking about is it would still be true that
 3
     Texas -- or is this wrong, that -- that -- that
      the -- when 107(c) gives jurisdiction to the
 4
      federal courts, is that different from the
 5
 6
      scheme that prevails in IGRA?
               MR. MARTIN: No, Your Honor.
 7
               JUSTICE KAGAN: That's the same?
 8
               MR. MARTIN: Yes, Your Honor.
 9
10
                JUSTICE KAGAN: So really it's
      entirely IGRA. I mean, there's no sense in
11
12
     which Texas comes out worse.
13
               MR. MARTIN: We certainly believe
14
      there is no sense in which Texas comes out
15
     worse, Your Honor.
16
               CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Counsel, just
17
      one last question from me, and I'm sure it's not
     relevant, but I -- like Justice Sotomayor, I'm
18
     pretty curious. You walk in, this thing looks
19
20
      like a slot machine, right?
21
               MR. MARTIN: No, Your Honor. I mean
2.2
      _ _
23
               CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: No?
24
               MR. MARTIN: I would actually dispute.
25
      I think the State of Texas thinks it looks like
```

22

1 a slot machine. And I certainly -- there's been 2 testimony that they think it looks like a slot machine. I could -- I could tell you --3 4 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: What would -what -- what would you say it looks like? 5 6 MR. MARTIN: I would say it looks like 7 an electronic bingo machine that has a bingo --CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: What makes it 8 9 look like a bingo machine? 10 (Laughter.) MR. MARTIN: Well, there's a -- let me 11 12 _ _ 13 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: There's a name 14 on it that says bingo? 15 MR. MARTIN: Well, there's actually a 16 card and you can switch the cards by pushing a 17 button to change the cards that you're playing. 18 Now, are there reels and lights that look --19 that would characterize --20 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Are there 21 people --2.2 MR. MARTIN: -- people would 23 characterize it -- yes. 24 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: -- calling out 25 numbers and -- people, somebody saying, you

1 know, B-12 or --2 MR. MARTIN: There -- there in fact is 3 part of our operations, Your Honor. My tribe's operations is live-called bingo and it's also 4 5 one of the things the State of Texas --CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: But that's 6 7 something different than the slot -- slot machine bingo, right? 8 9 MR. MARTIN: It is different than the 10 electronic machines, Your Honor, but they've 11 complained about all of it. 12 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Okay, thank 13 you. I'm sorry. Justice Thomas? 14 15 JUSTICE THOMAS: Just one 16 clarification. Who can operate -- under Texas's 17 law, who can conduct the bingo game legally? 18 MR. MARTIN: The Texas Bingo Enabling Act as you're referencing, it's specific 19 20 charitable organizations, Your Honor, that are -- that are set forth in that regulatory scheme. 21 2.2 JUSTICE THOMAS: So why is this not 23 prohibited if it's not a charitable organization? 24 25 MR. MARTIN: Because if the games

24

1 under -- under not just the Restoration Act but 2 also under IGRA and under the cases that come 3 out of IGRA, if it's allowed to anyone for any purpose, then it's not a prohibited gaming 4 5 activity. 6 And that's specifically under IGRA, 7 Your Honor. 8 JUSTICE ALITO: Thank you. CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice 9 10 Breyer? 11 JUSTICE BREYER: I'm curious about the 12 bingo machines. But if -- suppose that IGRA 13 applied. And suppose that Texas had a law which 14 said you can play bingo up to -- the one the 15 Chief gave, up to \$1,000, but not for more than 16 1,000. That's a crime. 17 Well, IGRA says, seems like the same 18 problem. It -- it -- it -- it says you have to 19 have, I quess, gaming activity on Indian lands 20 is okay if -- if you have a compact or under 3, 21 I guess, or something. 2.2 If the gaming activity is conducted 23 within a state, which does not as a matter of 24 criminal law and public policy prohibit the 25 gaming activity. All right, so isn't it the

```
1
      same problem?
 2
                I mean, because they do prohibit it
 3
      over $1,000 but they don't prohibit it under
 4
      $1,000, but that you want to call regulation,
 5
     but IGRA doesn't seem to use the word
 6
     regulation.
 7
               MR. MARTIN: Well, Your Honor, it's --
      it's not the same problem.
8
9
                JUSTICE BREYER: It's not?
10
               MR. MARTIN: It's not. Because IGRA
11
      actually incorporates that Cabazon prohibited
12
     regulatory juris- -- distinction.
13
                JUSTICE BREYER: Yes.
               MR. MARTIN: And that distinction is
14
15
     critical to the hypothetical.
16
                JUSTICE BREYER: Right, right, right.
17
      I understand that. So I didn't understand that
18
      IGRA incorporated it, but I guess it doesn't
19
      incorporate it in the language I just read you.
20
                So where does it incorporate it?
21
               MR. MARTIN: IGRA would be
22
      incorporated -- or, I'm sorry, Cabazon would be
23
      incorporated into IGRA under 2701(5) and
      2710(b)(1)(A).
24
25
                JUSTICE BREYER: 2710(b)(1)(A), okay.
```

1 MR. MARTIN: And 2701(5), Your Honor. 2 JUSTICE BREYER: That -- that's what I 3 read you, 2701(5). 4 MR. MARTIN: Right. And there's --JUSTICE BREYER: It didn't say 5 6 regulatory. It said prohibited. 7 MR. MARTIN: Well, I think if you read those statutes, our submission would be that 8 9 that's where IGRA specifically incorporates the Cabazon prohibited framework. 10 11 JUSTICE BREYER: Okay. 12 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice Alito? JUSTICE ALITO: Well, I'm puzzled by 13 14 both your argument and by Cabazon. And, in 15 particular, by how a court is going to decide 16 whether these machines, which I don't have a 17 very clear picture of in my mind, are bingo or 18 not bingo. 19 If they are not bingo, they're 20 something else. Let's say they're dingo. 21 (Laughter.) 2.2 JUSTICE ALITO: And Texas prohibits 23 dingo, then you can't have them, right? 24 MR. MARTIN: If Texas prohibits --25 JUSTICE ALITO: Under no --

1 MR. MARTIN: -- dingo --2 JUSTICE ALITO: -- circumstances can 3 you have a dingo machine. 4 MR. MARTIN: If it was a criminal 5 prohibition against dingo, you would be correct, 6 Your Honor. 7 JUSTICE ALITO: Okay. And how do you decide whether this thing is bingo. I mean, 8 9 just like the platonic ideal of bingo? 10 MR. MARTIN: I -- Your Honor, I -- I 11 think that you don't have to decide this -- this 12 Court --13 JUSTICE ALITO: No, we don't have to 14 15 MR. MARTIN: -- does not have to --16 JUSTICE ALITO: -- but somebody does. 17 MR. MARTIN: -- decide the platonic --18 JUSTICE ALITO: How is the person who 19 has to decide this going to decide whether this thing that's not exactly -- it's not the kind of 20 21 bingo, you know, that you expect people to be playing in church, or at the Elks. It's 22 23 something different. 24 How do you decide whether that's 25 bingo?

1	MR. MARTIN: Understood, Your Honor.
2	I think let's and let's take the hypothetical
3	that this gets remanded down through to the
4	trial court to make that factual determination.
5	I think that court would take into
6	account a number of things. It would take into
7	account the definition of bingo that Texas has
8	under the Texas Bingo Enabling Act which
9	actually helps us.
10	It would take into account what IGRA
11	considers to be bingo under 2701 and 2710. It
12	would take into account the expert testimony,
13	much like it did in the contempt hearing below.
14	And I would point out to Your Honor,
15	this is what
16	JUSTICE ALITO: There are experts who
17	they they are experts on on the
18	identification of you put something before these
19	experts and they can say that's bingo, no,
20	that's not bingo? There are people who can be
21	qualified as experts on that?
22	MR. MARTIN: The answer to the
23	question, that question is yes, Your Honor,
24	there are.
25	JUSTICE BREYER: Can we ask my

1 grandmother?

2 (Laughter.)

3 MR. MARTIN: My -- my own mother has asked me questions about those very issues, Your 4 Honor. But there are experts, in fact, that 5 talk about whether or not something has a random 6 7 number generator or not, whether or not the math makes it bingo, whether or not the evidence of 8 9 the pattern makes it bingo. All of those things are taken into account. 10

11 All of those same things, Your Honor, 12 are taken into account by the NIGC. You know, the Kickapoo Tribe, which is the only other out 13 14 of the three federally recognized tribes in the 15 State of Texas, one of them gets to engage under 16 the NIGC under IGRA and then the two that are 17 controlled by the Restoration Act don't because 18 Ysleta I misread the statute and read 107(b) out 19 of it and talked about it being a surrogate federal law and that all of Texas's laws and 20 21 regulations are surrogate federal law. 2.2 We would submit, Your Honor, you can't 23 read the Restoration Act that way. It's not the

24 proper way to read --

25 JUSTICE ALITO: Can I ask you one

1 final question? Because I am -- this is -- the 2 Cabazon Band is more subtle than my mind is able 3 to grasp. Do you think that the sale of opioids 4 without a prescription is prohibited or is it 5 6 merely regulated? 7 MR. MARTIN: Your Honor, I -- when I would reference Cabazon Band for Restoration 8 Act -- I don't have an opinion on your question. 9 10 And I want to be very honest with you about that 11 because I want to be responsive, but when you're 12 talking about the Indian gaming context, that is

13 where Cabazon lies. That's where this gauntlet

14 is thrown.

And that's what Congress was responding to in 1986 when it drafted the Restoration Act.

18 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
19 Sotomayor?

20 Justice Kagan?

JUSTICE KAGAN: You know, Mr. Martin, I guess just following up on what Justice Alito talked about, this Cabazon distinction presents a wealth of sort of complicated and, quite frankly, weird questions.

1 And the slot machine would just be one 2 of like a thousand of them. I mean, it just --Cabazon tells us to make a distinction about --3 between prohibition and regulation, when most of 4 regulation prohibits certain things. 5 6 And then you're stuck in the middle of 7 trying to figure out what's a prohibition and what's a regulation. But I guess as I -- well, 8 Cabazon is there, it's not unique to the 9 question of slot machines. 10 11 I mean, how should we figure in any --12 any discomfort about Cabazon and the distinction 13 that it makes itself? MR. MARTIN: I think the distinction 14 15 16 JUSTICE KAGAN: Because I quess I 17 would have thought that your answer to Justice 18 Alito was like: Welcome to the world of 19 Cabazon. Sorry. You know? And that's it. 20 And it wouldn't really depend on at 21 all on whether there were experts about slot 2.2 machines. So -- so that's sort of random 23 thoughts, but, I mean, this is just the world of Cabazon and how do we take that into account? 24 25 MR. MARTIN: Well, if I may, Your

1 Honor --2 (Laughter.) MR. MARTIN: -- I think the 3 4 distinction here and the difference between the 5 _ _ 6 JUSTICE KAGAN: It wasn't that funny. 7 (Laughter.) MR. MARTIN: The opioid questions or 8 9 other questions that you could ask along those same lines, which are fair questions, but the 10 11 difference is the sovereignty aspect of it. 12 You're talking about sovereign tribes 13 and Congress being the only one that has the 14 plenary power to decide certain aspects of it. 15 If you're remembering Cabazon, it talked about 16 the fact Congress made the decision to help --17 have the tribes do this in terms of their 18 self-sufficiency. 19 So I think the sovereignty aspect of it shouldn't be and can't be overlooked because 20 21 that's where 107(b) comes in. That's where the 2.2 resolution is answered, right? The tribe was 23 willing to give up a certain amount of gaming activities in order to not have Texas state law 24 25 apply directly and not be subject to its

regulation. Congress ultimately decided not to
 accept their offer and to give them less
 restrictions than they could have in response to
 Cabazon.

5 So I think all of those fits as a 6 piece, and it is also why, you know, you could 7 talk about the opioid hypothetical, you could 8 talk about other hypotheticals along those same 9 lines, but this concept of the sovereignty and 10 the tribe's ability to engage in gaming 11 activities I do think is a different story.

12 It's not just here's Cabazon, live 13 with it, right? As you put it, Your Honor, and 14 much more succinctly than I have in a month of 15 prepping for this, it's not just that. It's 16 more there are questions of the sovereignty 17 aspects of it and the regulatory aspects of it, the Public Law 280 aspects of it that I think 18 19 Congress was answering when it wrote the 20 Restoration Act in response to Cabazon. 21 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice 2.2 Gorsuch? 23 Justice Kavanaugh?

24 Justice Barrett?

25 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,

1 counsel. 2 JUSTICE BARRETT: Oh, oh, sorry, I did 3 have a question. 4 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Oh, I'm sorry. 5 JUSTICE BARRETT: That's okay. 6 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: You're far 7 away. JUSTICE BARRETT: I'd like to give you 8 9 a chance, counsel, to respond to the argument that 105(f) -- I mean, we're talking a lot about 10 11 Cabazon, and 105(f) essentially imports the 12 Cabazon framework itself into the Restoration 13 Act. So if this isn't surrogate law, surrogate 14 federal law under the Restoration Act, and we 15 have 105(f) importing the Cabazon framework 16 directly in, why isn't it then redundant to 17 interpret the Restoration Act as you do? 18 MR. MARTIN: The -- 105(f) certainly 19 incorporates the Public Law 280 construct. And -- and there's, I don't think, any way to 20 21 dispute that. Nor would we want to. 107(a) and 2.2 what it does differently, Your Honor, than what 105(f) does is it federalizes Texas law as to 23 24 prohibited games. I think where the Fifth Circuit went 25

35

1 wrong in talking about surrogate federal law was 2 it extended it out to the laws and regulations 3 of the state of Texas over all gaming activities. That's not what 107 says. 4 So I think that's one of the 5 differences between 105(f) and 107. The second 6 7 difference that I would point out to Your Honor is 107(c), which sets up a different enforcement 8 9 mechanism than what would have existed had just 105(f) been imported and 107 didn't exist. 10 11 JUSTICE BARRETT: So you agree that --12 sorry. You agree that the Restoration Act 13 establishes Texas law as surrogate federal law; 14 you're saying it only does that, however, with 15 respect to prohibitions? 16 MR. MARTIN: To -- I'm actually saying 17 that it does that with respect to prohibited gaming activity. 18 19 JUSTICE BARRETT: Right. Those that 20 are prohibited --21 MR. MARTIN: That's what Justice --2.2 JUSTICE BARRETT: -- not those that 23 are regulated. MR. MARTIN: Yes, Your Honor. 24 25 JUSTICE BARRETT: So the only

36

1	difference between Cabazon under Section 280 and
2	or Public Law 280 and the Restoration Act is
3	simply this enforcement mechanism?
4	MR. MARTIN: It's the enforcement
5	mechanism and then it is it is stating what
б	laws are federal what state laws are
7	federalized for the Restoration Act.
8	JUSTICE BARRETT: Okay.
9	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,
10	counsel.
11	Mr. Yang.
12	ORAL ARGUMENT OF ANTHONY A. YANG
13	FOR THE UNITED STATES, AS AMICUS CURIAE,
14	SUPPORTING THE PETITIONERS
15	MR. YANG: Mr. Chief Justice, and may
16	it please the Court:
17	Just six months after this Court drew
18	the distinction in Cabazon under Public Law 280
19	between gaming activity that is prohibited
20	versus gaming activity that is regulated by
21	state law, Congress enacted Section 107,
22	mirroring that language to draw the same
23	distinction in the exact same Indian gaming
24	context.
25	Section 107(a) forbids the tribe from

1 engaging in gaming activities that are prohibited under Texas law, and Section 107(b) 2 3 further provides that Section 107(a) does not grant the state civil or criminal regulatory 4 5 jurisdiction. Texas has conceded in this Court that 6 7 Section 107(b) restates the limits of Public Law Those limits draw directly from Cabazon, 8 280. 9 they limit state regulatory jurisdiction, and 10 they make clear that Section 107 adopts the 11 Cabazon framework. 12 The Fifth Circuit's contrary view erroneously relies on legislative history and 13 14 text that Congress once excluded but then 15 removed from the legislation. This Court should 16 correct that error. 17 JUSTICE THOMAS: Mr. Yang, what's the 18 difference between prohibited and regulated? 19 MR. YANG: Something that is 20 prohibited is prohibited outright. And the focus, again --21 2.2 JUSTICE THOMAS: Okay. So a statute 23 or a rule or regulation says all patrons under 24 the age of 21 are prohibited. 25 MR. YANG: Right. That --

1	JUSTICE THOMAS: Is that a regulation
2	or is that a prohibition?
3	MR. YANG: That could be a
4	prohibition, but but here not in this
5	context. The statute focuses on gaming
6	activities that are prohibited. The gaming
7	activity would not be prohibited in that
8	context. That is a method of conducting the
9	gaming activity with people under the age of 21.
10	This is exactly the distinction that
11	Congress that this Court in Cabazon drew.
12	And I would remind I would point to Williams
13	versus Taylor, which a unanimous decision of
14	this Court which said that when a later statute
15	on the same subject matter uses words of a prior
16	Supreme Court opinion, those words are given the
17	same meaning unless there's a specific
18	specific direction to the contrary.
19	And the word there was "failed." It
20	wasn't "failed" can have a lot of different
21	meanings in a lot of different contexts.
22	JUSTICE THOMAS: But but let me
23	you know, the I understand. But going back
24	to what you just said, that if the activity is
25	regulated basically what I'm hearing you say

39

1 is that if it's permitted in any context, then 2 it's permitted. 3 MR. YANG: That's --JUSTICE THOMAS: So the -- the mere 4 fact that bingo is permitted to -- for the 5 6 churches and the military -- the veterans 7 organizations means it is not prohibited? MR. YANG: That's right, and when 8 9 Congress took up IGRA shortly thereafter, the 10 same Congress, Congress adopted the same Cabazon 11 distinction that is embodied in the -- the 12 provisions you were -- you were just discussing with my friend. 13 14 The state -- and it does use the term 15 "regulation." It allows Indians -- tribes to regulate games that the state does not, as a 16 17 matter of criminal law and public policy, 18 prohibit, such gaming activity, again, drawing 19 on the prohibitory/regulatory distinction in 20 Cabazon. 21 And it brings -- it operationalizes it 2.2 in 2710(b) and (d) if the state permits such 23 gaming by any person for any purpose. 24 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Mr. --25 MR. YANG: That -- that's the whole

1 standard that it governs the entire United States with respect to activities on tribal 2 3 lands, except these two tribes under the Fifth 4 Circuit's reading. CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Mr. Yang, I 5 6 think your office is going to be very busy over 7 the next ten years explaining why the word "prohibited," in 18 U.S.C. whatever, still 8 9 covers, you know, activities, possession of 10 whatever, even though it's permitted at some 11 level, right? 12 I mean, it's prohibited to possess a 13 certain amount of whatever, but, you know, at --14 at a level of personal use or medical whatever, 15 it's okay, then you can't prohibit it at all. 16 MR. YANG: We -- we aren't concerned 17 about that because with respect to this 18 distinction -- let me take a step back. This 19 distinction exists in Public Law 280. It's done 20 so for a long time. Cabazon was 35 years ago. 21 Public -- Cabazon applied a 2.2 distinction in Bryan. Bryan understood that 23 there's an important principle at stake here. 24 You need to preserve tribal sovereignty and 25 tribal government and that if you allow state

41

regulatory power on tribal lands, you would
 destroy tribal sovereignty. That principle in
 Bryan was extended in Cabazon specifically to
 the gaming context, where the Court drew this
 prohibitory/regulatory distinction.

6 We don't think this is a problem with 7 respect to all of 18 U.S. Code -- C. Because 8 when you're interpreting a -- a statute like 9 this, particularly a statute enacted directly on 10 the heels of a Supreme Court decision on the 11 same subject matter using the same language, 12 what you look to is not some general understanding of the word "prohibit"; you look 13 14 to the way that this Court has used the term 15 "prohibit."

JUSTICE GORSUCH: Mr. Yang, just to follow up on the Chief Justice's point, I -- I -- I take your argument that this is a unique context and -- and we have to read the language in that context.

21 But Texas -- Texas argues even in this 22 context, the difference between prohibition and 23 regulation is just unworkable. It's almost an 24 argument perhaps for overruling Cabazon.

25 I'd -- I'd like your thoughts about

whether this distinction remains workable in 1 2 this context. Forget about the others. MR. YANG: We think it works in this 3 context because it is working under IGRA. 4 This is exactly what goes on under IGRA. 5 6 If the Court were to agree with our 7 submission and that of the tribe, then the NIGC would get to determine whether this is a bingo 8 activity or -- and, in addition, whether it is 9 class II bingo or potentially class III bingo, 10 11 which would require a compact with the state. 12 JUSTICE GORSUCH: And what would be the negative consequences, in the government's 13 14 view, if any, if we were to elide this 15 distinction, ignore it, and overrule Cabazon? 16 MR. YANG: Wow. If the Court -- first 17 of all, I don't think that's before the Court. 18 This has been a fundamental distinction that's 19 existed in the law of -- of tribal sovereignty and tribal lands for decades upon decades. 20 Again, it goes back before Cabazon. So that's 21 2.2 the Public Law 280 context. 23 And then you -- you know, I'm not sure what the Court would do if it was just limited 24

25 to this specific context because Congress has

42

1 already spoken in IGRA. IGRA exactly parallels 2 this distinction. It's beyond the stage of 3 rethinking now Cabazon. 4 JUSTICE BARRETT: Are --MR. YANG: Cabazon is embedded in the 5 law in all kinds of areas. 6 7 JUSTICE BARRETT: -- are there problems under IGRA or Public Law 280 in drawing 8 9 the lines that we've been pressing between "prohibit" and "regulate"? 10 11 MR. YANG: You know, there may be some 12 close cases, but as in the mine run of cases, we've not seen a -- a huge wellspring of 13 14 problems. Again, this has existed since Bryan 15 and since Cabazon 35 years ago, and, again, IGRA 16 has existed for a long time. There are similar 17 18 JUSTICE BREYER: But is it --19 JUSTICE GORSUCH: So -- so, if I --JUSTICE BREYER: -- because they --20 21 JUSTICE GORSUCH: -- if I understand 22 correctly -- I'm -- I just want to -- I --23 please go ahead. 24 JUSTICE BREYER: No, you're fine. 25 JUSTICE GORSUCH: I just wanted to

44

follow up real quick. So, in the government's 1 2 view, if we were to eliminate the distinction 3 between "regulate" and "prohibit" in -- in -- in the Restoration Act, we would all -- also wind 4 up inevitably doing so in IGRA and that that 5 6 would have more negative consequences than 7 positive ones. Is -- is that -- is that 8 summarizing your view? MR. YANG: I'm not sure how the Court 9 -- I mean, there's -- there's statutory text in 10 11 IGRA. I'm not sure what the Court's decision 12 would mean for IGRA. It certainly would mean a 13 huge change in the law in terms of governing 14 Public Law 280, which is one of the fundamental 15 statutes governing Indian lands. 16 So I would caution the Court not to be 17 overly ambitious here. This case does not 18 involve a question of rethinking Cabazon. The 19 ultimate question presented is whether Congress, 20 in enacting the -- the Restoration Act, was 21 adopting the Cabazon framework or instead was 2.2 applying all of Texas law governing gaming. 23 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Thank you. 24 I'm sorry, Justice Breyer. 25 JUSTICE BREYER: Is the reason that

45

1	this is not a problem that when it comes up,
2	it's normally a question of where or when or
3	under what circumstances can you play this game?
4	But it's not normally a question of how do you
5	play because, if it were how do you play, you
6	would have trouble saying, you know, is it bingo
7	or is it, you know, craps or something? I mean
8	
9	MR. YANG: Well
10	JUSTICE BREYER: is it is it
11	but but it's the first three which are
12	usually fairly easy to decide.
13	MR. YANG: No.
14	JUSTICE BREYER: Am I right or wrong?
15	MR. YANG: No, actually, I think
16	JUSTICE BREYER: Wrong?
17	MR. YANG: there is the question of
18	whether things do constitute bingo and it arises
19	not infrequently in the context of IGRA.
20	You know, this is not in the QP in
21	terms of is this bingo and we've not briefed it
22	and so I can give you a thumbnail sketch, but it
23	would be difficult, I think, to give you the
24	whole lay of the land here.
25	JUSTICE GORSUCH: I'd love to hear

46

1	what the difference between bingo and dingo is,
2	so please?
3	MR. YANG: Well, I'd not heard of
4	dingo, but I can tell you that bingo has three
5	primary characteristics. These are actually
6	codified in IGRA. Congress has recognized that
7	these are the three primary characteristics.
8	One, you have a card bearing numbers or
9	designators. Two, you cover those numbers when
10	they are drawn or somehow identified. And you
11	win by covering an arrangement of numbers.
12	This is in 2703(7)(A)(i). This is a
13	kind of understanding of what bingo is. And you
14	would ask, is this bingo or is it a method of
15	conducting bingo when you use a computer?
16	Even Texas, by the way, allows card
17	mining devices, which are these devices where
18	you can, instead of tracking five cards, you can
19	track up to 66 cards under state law at one
20	time. The problem that the district court found
21	was not that this wasn't bingo; it was that
22	Texas law requires that you not submit put
23	the money in the device or get paid out by the
24	device. That was the problem under Texas law.
25	There's a legitimate question whether

47

this would be Class 2 or Class 3 bingo under 1 2 IGRA, but, you know, that's not presented here. 3 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Mr. Yang, can I ask to follow up on Justice Gorsuch's and 4 Justice Barrett's questions, assume we don't 5 overrule Cabazon, but if we were to rule for the 6 7 State of Texas in this case on this statute, would there be any follow-on implications for 8 other statutes, or is it possible to rule for 9 the State of Texas narrowly in this case without 10 11 such follow-on implications in your view? 12 MR. YANG: You know, I think it would 13 depend on how the Court wrote the opinion. This 14 is a Texas-specific statute, so it might be 15 possible. 16 But I would -- you know, so there are 17 some questions that I'd like to still address. 18 One was about the meaning of 20 -- 107(b). Ι 19 think 107(b) has to be read in conjunction with 105(f) is a grant of civil and criminal 20 105(f). jurisdiction to the state under Public Law 280. 21 2.2 When they use jurisdiction there, 23 Justice Kagan, it's not with respect to courts. 24 It's with respect to authority, and the use of 25 that term is generally used, you know,

48

post-Arbaugh. We're trying to get away from using jurisdiction when we don't mean court jurisdiction, but this is before Arbaugh and it's quite common both in legislation and in the Court's decisions.

6 Then, if you look at 107(b), it uses 7 that same phrase "civil and criminal 8 jurisdiction" but inserts "regulatory." And 9 that was the exact distinction that Cabazon 10 drew.

11 Remember Cabazon was already writing 12 on top of Bryan, which said there's no crim- -civil regulatory jurisdiction, and it said just 13 14 because you add a criminal sanction doesn't 15 convert it to a criminal law that you can 16 enforce under Public Law 280. 107(b) directly 17 draws on that same Cabazon distinction, and it 18 says nothing in Section 107 shall be interpreted 19 to grant that authority, which means 107(a), 20 when it says gaming activities prohibited by 21 state law, does not grant regulatory authority, 2.2 and that is the second half of the Cabazon 23 framework, prohibited, not regulated. 24 The -- I think also, you know, IGRA is 25 worth considering here because Congress enacted

49

1 IGRA, same Congress, and as the Court -- Justice 2 Scalia explained in Branch versus Smith, when 3 you have a similar statute and the same body of law, you can look at that to clarify the meaning 4 of another statute because it's within the same 5 6 body of law. You read it in pari materia. 7 And I don't think there's really any 8 dispute that by using the same regulated and 9 prohibit language and the provisions that we've 10 talked about, which are at page 9 of our brief, 11 that Congress in IGRA was adopting Cabazon, 12 Congress was doing the same thing here. And there's no reason to distinctly disadvantage 13 14 these tribes where Congress used the same 15 language and establishes --16 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Well, but, Mr. Yang, 17 doesn't that -- doesn't that answer Justice 18 Kavanaugh's question? If -- if we were to 19 ignore Cabazon here in 107, on what basis could 20 you continue to recognize that distinction under 21 IGRA? Wouldn't that be pretty hard? 2.2 MR. YANG: You know, it's a different 23 statute. I think it --24 JUSTICE GORSUCH: That's the best you 25 got?

1	MR. YANG: I think it would be
2	difficult to draw that distinction. It really
3	would. These are the same context in the, you
4	know, same Indian gaming context, written by the
5	same Congress in the same general legal world
6	post-Cabazon, I think it's hard.
7	You know, this our view is you
8	should read Public Law 2 excuse me,
9	Section 107, the same way that you read IGRA.
10	And I would like to talk about the tribal
11	resolution.
12	JUSTICE BARRETT: Can I just ask one
13	follow-up to Justice Gorsuch's question?
14	MR. YANG: Sure.
15	JUSTICE BARRETT: But, I mean, the
16	common thread in all of these is Cabazon. So,
17	without Cabazon, it sounds like you're taking a
18	slightly different position than your friend.
19	It sounds to me like you're saying Cabazon
20	drives this. Without Cabazon, if we're talking
21	about just the ordinary meaning, then it's a lot
22	harder to make the case for this distinction
23	between prohibit
24	MR. YANG: Oh, it it's much harder
25	to make the the case. You know, you could

make the case. It would be a much higher hurdle

1

51

2 to cross. I'd like to talk about --3 JUSTICE KAGAN: But I take your view 4 to be saying Cabazon is all over this statute. 5 6 In other words, it's not just saying, oh, look, 7 prohibit, six months ago, Cabazon said something 8 about prohibit. But you're making the case that 9 if you just look at this entire statute, Cabazon 10 is pretty much all over it? 11 MR. YANG: And Cabazon was always in 12 this, well, once it existed. Section 105(f) has 13 always existed in every piece of legislation 14 going back to 1984. 105(f) existed. Congress 15 knew when it was adopting 105(f) which would 16 then incorporate the Public Law 280 framework 17 that that comes with Cabazon, and then, with 18 respect specifically to gaming, it's the 19 specific provision rather than the general provision in 105(f). It again uses Cabazon's 20 21 language five minutes later. 2.2 I'd like to talk about the tribal 23 resolution, but --24 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: I'll give you 25 a minute.

1 MR. YANG: Okay. So the tribal 2 resolution, you know, when -- in 107(a), 3 Congress's reference there respects the tribe's strong opposition to the direct application of 4 state law. And the text, you know, there's been 5 dispate -- debate about the resolution. 6 The 7 text of the statute cannot be read as applying the -- the final request in the resolution 8 because no one thinks and the text does not 9 10 allow you to read 107(a) to prohibit all gaming prohibited under Texas law. It's just not what 11 12 happened. 13 There was also a significant textual 14 change. When Congress first adopted the 15 reference to the tribal resolution, it said

16 pursuant to the tribal resolution -- this is on 17 page 4 of our brief -- all gaming is prohibited 18 if it's as defined under Texas law. Cabazon 19 came, Congress retooled 107, and then it said --20 instead of said pursuant to the resolution, it 21 said this is enacted in accordance with the 2.2 resolution. We think that has some more 23 flexibility, and what it really reflects 24 primarily is the tribe's strong opposition to 25 the direct application of state law. That's why

53

1	section 107 is federal law and that's why
2	federal enforcement generally prevails, with the
3	exception of state enforcement, if the state has
4	a preexisting cause of action that it can assert
5	for an injunction against a tribal officer.
б	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you.
7	Justice Thomas?
8	JUSTICE THOMAS: No questions.
9	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
10	Breyer, anything further?
11	Justice Alito?
12	JUSTICE ALITO: Didn't the tribal
13	resolution ask that the statute include
14	"language which would provide that all gambling"
15	"gaming, gambling, lottery, or bingo, as
16	defined by the laws and administrative
17	regulations of the State of Texas, shall be
18	prohibited on the tribe's reservation or on
19	tribal land"? Didn't it say that?
20	MR. YANG: It did, and Congress in
21	response adopted verbatim that language. This
22	is on page 4 of our brief. That was in 1986.
23	And then, when HR 318 was introduced in 1987,
24	again, on page 4 of our brief, that exact
25	language was in the bill.

```
1
               JUSTICE ALITO: But that's -- that's
 2
               MR. YANG: But then Cabazon came.
 3
 4
               JUSTICE ALITO: -- in 1-0 -- that is
 5
     referenced in 107(a), is it not?
               MR. YANG: Which is?
 6
7
               JUSTICE ALITO: The language I just
8
     read.
               MR. YANG: 107(a) does not have that
9
     language. It reference -- it says that 107(a)
10
     is enacted in accordance with the tribal
11
12
     resolution.
13
               JUSTICE ALITO: Yeah. Okay.
               MR. YANG: But the tribal resolution
14
     had more -- many things in it, and this is a --
15
16
               JUSTICE ALITO: So -- all right. I
17
     understand. I understand.
18
               MR. YANG: Right. And so --
19
               JUSTICE ALITO: I understand your
20
     point.
21
               MR. YANG: Okay.
22
               JUSTICE ALITO: I understand your
23
     point.
               One other question. You refer to the
24
25
     Indian canon, those who favor the interpretation
```

1 of statutes to mean what the words of the 2 statute are generally understood to mean, have 3 some question about some of these substantive 4 canons. Now some of them, like the Rule of 5 6 Lenity, have a long history. What do you think is the basis for this Indian canon? 7 MR. YANG: Well, it has a long history 8 9 in this Court's jurisprudence, and I think it 10 recognizes the special role that -- and our 11 relationship historically with the Indian 12 tribes. 13 Now I don't think you actually need 14 the Indian canon. We didn't make a big deal out 15 of it in our brief. It's certainly part of the 16 Court's jurisprudence that if there -- if you 17 find this ambiguous, that you should tip the 18 scale. 19 But we think this is pretty -- a 20 pretty clear-cut case of Congress six months 21 after Cabazon adopting the language of Cabazon 2.2 to apply Cabazon's distinction in the same 23 gaming context. 24 JUSTICE ALITO: That doesn't really 25 answer my question. What is the origin of this?

56

1 Is it your -- is it your argument that 2 throughout history Congress has always framed 3 statutes in a way that are favorable to Indian 4 tribes? MR. YANG: Not -- my research for this 5 6 case, unfortunately, has not gone that far back. 7 I don't have the original -- no one has 8 challenged the Indian canon's existence here, 9 and we've not gone back to -- to form an 10 argument for it, Your Honor. 11 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice 12 Sotomayor? 13 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Counsel, the 14 tribal -- 1986 tribal resolution, in my mind, 15 seems to serve a variety of different functions. 16 The first, I think, is that you need Indian 17 approval to have any state law apply on a 18 reservation, correct? 19 MR. YANG: Yeah, I think that's --20 that's part. 21 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Generally true. 2.2 MR. YANG: Yes, but, significantly, 23 you know, the tribe didn't want the state to 24 impose its laws directly on the tribe. That was 25 _ _

1 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Exactly. 2 MR. YANG: -- that was a very 3 significant issue. 4 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So that's where 5 107(c) is in accordance with the resolution, because they didn't want the state to be able to 6 7 regulate or have its laws --MR. YANG: Well --8 9 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: -- applied directly, correct? 10 11 MR. YANG: -- I agree with that, but I 12 also think 107(a) is because 107(a) applies as federal law certain -- a limited set of state 13 14 laws that prohibit, and -- and what that does is 15 significant. It makes a federal criminal 16 offense to conduct prohibited gaming activities. JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: If we read this 17 18 the way the state wants, presume that they are 19 running a bingo game exactly the way the churches do, okay, is it your view that then the 20 21 federal court would be open to seeing whether or 2.2 not they have all the signs that are required by 23 the state, whether they have --MR. YANG: Yeah, that's exactly how 24 25 things have played out since Ysleta I. And as

57

58

1 the district court has -- you know, we -- we --2 we cite these cases in our brief, this has not 3 been a good way of providing a regulatory framework through injunctive actions in federal 4 courts where a federal court has to talk about, 5 6 you know, how many cards can you play and what 7 hours can you play and what's the -- that's not what Congress would have intended, we think. 8 9 Congress would have intended to put a 10 pretty high bar of prohibition and then, when it 11 enacted IGRA, it goes straight to the NIGC and 12 the NIGC, the expert agency, gets to decide 13 these questions. 14 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I quess Texas 15 would say we only permit not-for-profits to play. This is not for profit, so they shouldn't 16 17 be playing at all. Isn't that their argument? 18 MR. YANG: That's, I think, part of 19 their argument. And I would say that Cabazon 20 directly addressed that. Cabazon was a provision in California law that only allowed 21 2.2 charities to operate bingo and that set a limit 23 of \$250, and the Court said, you know what, that is regulating bingo, it is not prohibiting 24 25 bingo.

59

1 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Thank you, 2 counsel. 3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice Kagan? JUSTICE KAGAN: I'm about to take you 4 outside the scope of this case, so I apologize 5 beforehand. But Justice Alito raised what to me 6 7 is an interesting question that I've been thinking about a good deal about what these 8 9 substantive canons of interpretation are and when they exist and when they don't exist. 10 11 They're all over the place, of course. 12 It's not just the Indian canon. Next week, we're going to be thinking about the supposed 13 14 major questions canon. There are other canons. 15 I mean, if you go through Justice 16 Scalia's book, you'll find a wealth of canons of 17 this kind, these sort of substantive canons. 18 Some of them help the government. Some of them 19 hurt the government. 20 Is there any way that the government has of coming in and saying, like, how do we 21 reconcile our views of all these different kinds 2.2 23 of canons? Maybe we should just toss them all out, you know. 24

25 MR. YANG: Well --

1 JUSTICE KAGAN: I mean, I think kind 2 of we should, honestly. Like, what are we doing 3 here? But is there -- do you have a view of, like, when these canons are the kind that you're 4 going to talk about in your briefs and when 5 6 these canons are not the kind that you're going 7 to talk about in your briefs? MR. YANG: Well, I think our briefs 8 9 generally grapple first with the text, right, as 10 we've done here. And canons, I think, can play 11 an important role in certain contexts. I think, 12 for instance, Bryan recognized that in the Indian tribal sovereignty context, there is a 13 14 very important principle that kind of underlays 15 the body of the law there. 16 You do not want to read statutes to 17 grant state regulatory authority on tribal lands without kind of a clear expression of that. And 18 19 I think that those types of principles reflect a background body of law that one brings when 20 21 reading statutes. 2.2 So it's true, you know, I think I've 23 seen the Court's decision that, you know, 24 sometimes you get canons that conflict, right, 25 that run in contrary directions. These are aids

1 in interpretation, but you always start with the 2 text. 3 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice 4 Gorsuch? JUSTICE GORSUCH: The government 5 6 doesn't waive sovereign immunity lightly. 7 That's one of our canons, right? 8 MR. YANG: That -- that's exactly 9 right. 10 JUSTICE GORSUCH: And -- and isn't the 11 Indian canon very similar in its function in 12 saying that we don't lightly assume that Congress is allowed state authorities to 13 14 regulate an independent sovereign? 15 MR. YANG: I think it's similar. 16 There are different underlying principles behind them, but I think there is a similar spirit to 17 18 that thought. 19 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice 20 Kavanaugh? 21 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Just to follow up 22 on Justice Kagan's question because I think 23 that's important, and Justice Alito's as well, 24 on -- on the Indian canon, I just want to 25 isolate what kind of canon it is, because it

62

1 seems like our substantive canons fall into two 2 buckets. One bucket are in ambiguity-dependent canons; if a statute's ambiguous, do this. 3 Another bucket of canons are plain statement 4 canons for mens rea, extraterritoriality --5 6 MR. YANG: Right. 7 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: -- and the like. The former category, the ambiguity-dependent, 8 9 like our deference, Rule of Lenity, and I want 10 to confirm that you think the Indian canon is an 11 ambiguity-dependent canon as it's been 12 traditionally applied. 13 MR. YANG: I think that's generally 14 true, but there's something else going on here 15 too, which is the -- the principle that Bryan recognized. In the specific context when you're 16 17 talking about the application of -- of state regulatory authority in -- on Indian lands, you 18 19 know, you need to be more cautious. 20 Now, admittedly, this is a federal 21 statute that implied -- that applies federal 2.2 law, but I think some of the caution that Bryan 23 reflects, I think, should -- should guide the 24 Court. JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: So that suggests 25

63

1	you need more of a clear statement, and those
2	usually those clear statement rules usually
3	reflect some constitutional or
4	quasi-constitutional value, due process,
5	extraterritorial structure, the structure of the
б	country. What would that reflect here, that
7	principle you just described?
8	MR. YANG: Well, I think it it
9	reflects that Indian tribes are sovereign
10	nations, that they have before the founding of
11	this country. And, you know, the Court's
12	opinion in Bay Mills tracks some of this.
13	So, you know, whatever you think about
14	the canons in general and whether that should
15	be, you know, plain statement, just, you know,
16	tip the balance in ambiguity, the Indian canon,
17	at least when we're talking about tribal
18	sovereignty and the application of state law on
19	tribal lands, that does have a strong pedigree
20	and I think ultimately it traces to the fact
21	these are sovereign nations.
22	JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Thank you.
23	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice
24	Barrett?
25	JUSTICE BARRETT: I want to follow up

64

1 on this canon line of questioning. And I'm 2 sorry, I know you said that you weren't thinking 3 about the canons when you came in here today. It was actually my understanding, and 4 Justice Kavanaugh pointed out that our 5 substantive canons fall into these clear 6 7 statement and ambiguity buckets. 8 It was my understanding that the 9 Indian canon was in the ambiguity bucket. 10 MR. YANG: That -- that -- that is 11 generally true and that's the way we used it in 12 our -- our brief. But in this case, because of 13 Cabazon, Cabazon was built on Bryan. 14 Bryan applied a stronger version of 15 the -- it's actually kind of a -- a brother 16 doctrine, I quess, or sister doctrine. 17 JUSTICE BARRETT: Was its debut in 18 Bryan? 19 MR. YANG: No, no. This goes back 20 quite a long ways. This goes to, you know, 21 infringements on tribal sovereignty and the 2.2 recognition that it's generally only the United 23 States that -- that governs dependent sovereigns like tribes. 24 25 JUSTICE BARRETT: So it's like a

65

1 sub-Indian canon canon? 2 MR. YANG: I'm not sure that I'm 3 prepared to put a proper label on it, but I can say that it exists in Bryan, which came through 4 Cabazon. And Bryan itself was -- this is cited 5 6 actually on pages 16 to 17 of our brief. 7 We discuss Bryan and some of the 8 principles underlying Bryan. 9 JUSTICE BARRETT: Thank you. 10 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, 11 counsel. 12 MR. YANG: Thank you. 13 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Ms. Pettit. 14 ORAL ARGUMENT OF LANORA C. PETTIT 15 ON BEHALF OF THE RESPONDENT 16 MS. PETTIT: Thank you, Mr. Chief 17 Justice, and may it please the Court: 18 In the 1980s, everybody in this case wanted something. The tribe wanted federal 19 20 recognition and was willing to cede some of its 21 sovereignty. Texas wanted to avoid high stakes 22 gambling, which it saw as an invitation to 23 organized crime and was willing to cede some of its jurisdiction. 24

25 The federal government was split about

66

1 how to balance these sovereign interests. So --2 so every -- so everyone made concessions, which are embodied in the Restoration Act. The tribe 3 got its recognition and may offer gambling to 4 the same extent as other Texans, but further 5 gambling is banned under federal law. 6 7 The tribe asks to rewrite this 8 legislative bargain based on Cabazon Band, but it's admitted that Cabazon Band did not address 9 how to interpret a statute that federalizes 10 11 state law. Its effort to extend Cabazon Band 12 suffers from three primary faults. 13 First, it ignores that when it comes 14 to gambling, the Restoration Act departs from 15 the Cabazon Band framework by treating both 16 civil and criminal penalties and civil and 17 criminal regulatory jurisdiction the same way. 18 Second, it overlooks that the Cabazon 19 Band test was written to avoid a form of state encroachment into tribal affairs that isn't 20 possible when a federal court is applying 21 2.2 federal law. 23 And, third, it depends on a definition 24 of jurisdiction that disregards the close tie 25 between that term in the 1980s and an

67

1	adjudicators ability to decide a case. That's
2	how it's used in Public Law 280, and
3	Section 105(f), and as Justice Kagan noted, in
4	Section 107(c).
5	Applying that same definition to
6	107(b), regulatory jurisdiction encompasses a
7	state-administrative agency's ability to
8	exercise oversight through, among other things,
9	reporting requirements, inspections, and
10	ultimately enforcement actions, not the state's
11	larger ability to set substantive limits on
12	gambling.
13	I welcome this Court's questions.
14	JUSTICE THOMAS: Counsel, could you
15	give me an example of a regulatory law or rule
16	that applies a gaming a a regulation of
17	gaming laws that applies to tribes that do not
18	fall under 107(a)?
19	MS. PETTIT: I'm not
20	JUSTICE THOMAS: I'm sorry, that would
21	be covered would not count as a prohibition
22	under 107(a)?
23	MS. PETTIT: To the extent so 107
24	the prohibition, as it's generally
25	understood, means it's unlawful. There is a

1 regulation that would apply to somebody who's 2 not the tribe that wouldn't be a prohibition, would, for example, be that the Texas Lottery 3 Commission can typically get access to passwords 4 so that people -- they can -- would have an 5 6 ongoing oversight into the way that software 7 functions. 8 That's a regulation that wouldn't 9 apply to the tribe because it's not a 10 prohibition relating to gaming activity. 11 JUSTICE THOMAS: Now, we -- there's 12 been some discussion as to the -- the difference between prohibition and regulation. 13 14 Would you comment on that? I mean, 15 you've heard all the arguments. 16 MS. PETTIT: So prohibition in this 17 context and as generally understood can include a regulation except for, as Justice Barrett 18 19 noted a couple of times, Cabazon Band. 20 So the regulation distinction made in Cabazon Band was specific to Public Law 280, 21 22 which was trying to decide the difference 23 between criminal and civil laws, which is a 24 question not presented by the Restoration Act. 25 JUSTICE THOMAS: So there seems to be

by counsel on the suggestion that the mere fact that any group could participate in bingo, for example, the veterans organization or the churches, that even if it's outlawed, as to other organizations or for profit, that that is not a prohibition.

7 MS. PETTIT: Under their view, that's my understanding. But it's still a prohibition 8 9 under Texas law because it goes to a fundamental 10 problem with the public policy shorthand for the 11 criminal/civil jurisdiction distinction that 12 Cabazon Band was trying to make because, as Justice Alito pointed out, a -- a prohibition is 13 14 still a matter of public policy, even if it 15 includes the exceptions when it's not -- when 16 the activity is not prohibited. 17 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I'm sorry, 18 counsel. Could you explain that more clearly to 19 me? 20 Just earlier you said to Justice 21 Thomas that a regulation that wouldn't apply to 2.2 the Indians would be one that required their 23 passwords to play the game, correct? 24 MS. PETTIT: Yes, Your Honor. 25 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: And I assume

70

1 that's because you recognize that the 2 prohibition is on -- on playing bingo, not on 3 how you play bingo, correct? 4 MS. PETTIT: On the gaming activity, 5 yes, Your Honor. 6 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: All right. So how 7 is that different than what you just said? 8 Meaning --9 MS. PETTIT: So --10 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: -- a financial 11 requirement, the password requirement, I don't 12 know how you can read that into gaming activities which are prohibited by, because 13 14 bingo is not prohibited by. What does it matter 15 whether it's a not-for-profit or not? 16 MS. PETTIT: So the bingo outside of 17 the limited affirmative jurisdiction -- sorry. 18 The offense to prosecution is what the Bingo 19 Enabling Act is. So any bingo that is not --20 that is not conducted pursuant to the Bingo 21 Enabling Act is prohibited as a matter of Texas 2.2 criminal law. 23 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: You can't play 24 bingo unless you give the password? 25 MS. PETTIT: No, Your Honor.

1 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: You can't play 2 bingo unless you meet certain financial 3 requirements. You can't play bingo because you're not a not-for-profit. 4 MS. PETTIT: No, Your Honor. 5 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: I don't know where 6 7 I draw those lines. 8 MS. PETTIT: So the password example 9 that I gave was a regulation applicable to the bingo -- to the -- in the larger bingo 10 11 regulatory framework of Texas law that does not 12 apply to the tribe because it doesn't go to the gaming activity. The gaming activity could 13 for -- take the Chief Justice's example, be a 14 15 distinction between low stakes bingo under \$100 16 or the distinction in Texas of over 750. 17 The state's regulatory interests or 18 the state's prohibitory interest, however you 19 want to frame it, is different between low 20 stakes and high stakes gambling. So the use of 21 the term "law" is another -- is another focus 2.2 under 107(a). And both the tribe and the United 23 States focused on an earlier version of the bill 24 25 that ultimately became the statute that included

1 the terms "laws" and "regulations". 2 But under this Court's precedent, the term "laws" typically includes regulation, so 3 you can't really interpret anything by the 4 deletion of redundant language in a draft bill. 5 6 JUSTICE BARRETT: Counsel, what about 7 the other laws that were passed contemporaneously with this one for other tribes 8 9 that used broader language like "prohibit" or "regulate"? Why shouldn't we look at the 10 11 contrast between this more precise or narrower 12 language and those? 13 MS. PETTIT: By looking at the context 14 of each of the statutes, each of the statutes 15 they cite is a settlement act that is enabling a 16 preexisting agreement between the parties to 17 litigation. 18 So those -- the language that Your 19 Honor is citing is maybe the language that the 20 parties determined was necessary, but it doesn't 21 give much of an indication if any about what 2.2 Congress would have determined was necessary, if 23 it was on its own. 24 And this also goes to the larger 25 context of the Restoration Act because the term

73

1 "prohibit" and the term "regulate" were in the Restoration Act before Cabazon Band. After 2 3 Cabazon Band, in the Senate, there was two -there were two distinct changes to both 107(a) 4 and 107(b) that show a departure from Cabazon 5 6 Band, which expressly linked the concept of 7 civil and regulatory and criminal and prohibitory, that is, the insertion of civil and 8 9 criminal penalties in respect to prohibitions in 10 107(a) and the phrase -- and the insertion of 11 "and criminal" into a preexisting statute that 12 said civil regulatory jurisdiction. 13 JUSTICE BREYER: So, if I -- I take it 14 the difference is you think the words prohibit 15 -- "prohibited by the laws" refers to all the 16 prohibitions by the criminal laws. And they 17 think it refers to the -- there is a distinction 18 between regulatory and prohibiting it outright. 19 Okay. 20 MS. PETTIT: Yeah. 21 JUSTICE BREYER: And the whole key 2.2 here is are they referring to Cabazon, as they 23 think, or are they thinking back to -- back to 24 the resolution, where they said we don't even 25 want Texas, you know. That's the big

```
1 difference.
```

2	And everybody is looking at different
3	other statutes which may or may not cast some
4	light. Okay. I think I know the answer, but,
5	look, I'm in an odd position. I'm like the
б	light brigade. I have cannons to the left of me
7	and cannons to the right of me, and I'm going
8	into the valley of death, charged the 400, but,
9	I mean, there used to be ways of finding these
10	things out.
11	You went and you read the report of
12	the Senate committee or the House committee or

the conference committee, and you read the testimony before the committees, and you read what the Justice Department told them or the Department of the Interior, and you read what other people said on the floor perhaps, and sometimes but not always that, in fact, shed some light on the proper answer.

20 So my question is, if, pursuing my odd 21 single path perhaps, I did that here, would I 22 find anything? 23 MS. PETTIT: You would find the Senate 24 report, which is the only report that deals with

25 the final version of the statute, and the Senate

1 report said that the addition of civil and 2 criminal penalties, what I just mentioned, was 3 designed to build upon what the House was making -- what the House had originally amended to say 4 just prohibit to make clear that civil penalties 5 6 were also applicable, which we respectfully 7 suggest supports our cause. CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Well, I -- I 8 9 -- I pressed your friend, Mr. Martin, a little bit on the tribal resolution, which I think is 10 11 very strong evidence for you. On the other hand, his answer that, well, that wasn't 12 addressed in the final bill, that was a 13 14 predecessor bill, also seemed pretty good. 15 Do you have an answer to that? 16 MS. PETTIT: Your Honor, the 17 resolution may have been passed in response to the -- to a prior bill, but it is incorporated 18 19 into the text or it's at least referenced in the 20 text of the actual bill that was passed and 21 became law, so that has to be given some 2.2 meaning. And the fact that it was aimed at a 23 different bill is not dispositive one way or the 24 other.

JUSTICE KAGAN: Ms. Pettit, if -- if,

25

1	you know, this just said "prohibit" and we were
2	in a world where we didn't have any context on
3	the page or otherwise, I think you would win.
4	The question is, do we have so much
5	context about "prohibit" being used in a
6	specialized way that you lose? And I I guess
7	I would just point you to a few things and ask
8	you to address them one by one.
9	So the first is 105(f), which I take
10	it you acknowledge incorporates Public Law 280,
11	and Public Law 280 had just been interpreted in
12	Cabazon as having this prohibitory/regulatory
13	distinction.
14	MS. PETTIT: Yes, Your Honor.
15	JUSTICE KAGAN: The second is 107(b),
15 16	JUSTICE KAGAN: The second is 107(b), which specifically talks about criminal
16	which specifically talks about criminal
16 17	which specifically talks about criminal regulatory jurisdiction. Now there's a question
16 17 18	which specifically talks about criminal regulatory jurisdiction. Now there's a question as to what kinds of what kind of jurisdiction
16 17 18 19	which specifically talks about criminal regulatory jurisdiction. Now there's a question as to what kinds of what kind of jurisdiction it's talking about here because jurisdiction is
16 17 18 19 20	which specifically talks about criminal regulatory jurisdiction. Now there's a question as to what kinds of what kind of jurisdiction it's talking about here because jurisdiction is used in two different senses in this statute,
16 17 18 19 20 21	which specifically talks about criminal regulatory jurisdiction. Now there's a question as to what kinds of what kind of jurisdiction it's talking about here because jurisdiction is used in two different senses in this statute, but I think that Mr. Yang has an awfully good
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	which specifically talks about criminal regulatory jurisdiction. Now there's a question as to what kinds of what kind of jurisdiction it's talking about here because jurisdiction is used in two different senses in this statute, but I think that Mr. Yang has an awfully good argument that when they're talking about

1	So so it says, you know, we don't
2	want to give the state regulatory jurisdiction,
3	meaning the state doesn't have any regulatory
4	power here.
5	Then the third thing would be what
6	Justice Barrett said, I think you've responded
7	to that, the other statutes passed around the
8	same time, actually, on the same day, right,
9	that clearly understand the Cabazon
10	prohibitory/regulatory distinction.
11	So you take all of those together, and
12	this is what I meant when I said to Mr. Yang
13	Cabazon is, like, written all over this statute.
14	It's not just like we have a world in which we
15	say: Oh, didn't they know about Cabazon? Would
16	that have affected what they were doing? I
17	mean, Cabazon is in this statute in multiple
18	places. So why isn't it in this statute in a
19	way that defeats your claim here?
20	MS. PETTIT: So, in Cabazon, this
21	Court used the phrase "regulatory authority,"
22	not "regulatory jurisdiction." When referring
23	to the power to set laws, this Court has
24	typically used the term "legislative
25	jurisdiction," which is tellingly not the word

78

1 that Congress had selected.

2	Moreover, the and I would point
3	he made a comment post-Arbaugh that you try to
4	be more careful about jurisdiction. I think
5	that in the 1980s there was a very clear tie
б	between jurisdiction and an adjudicative
7	officer, not necessarily a court. And I would
8	point you to the Fifth Edition of Black's Law
9	Dictionary, which was published in about 1983,
10	which specifically discusses jurisdiction in
11	those terms.
12	So it may not be a court-specific
13	term, but absent the phrase "legislative
14	jurisdiction," it does tend to have an
15	adjudicative meaning. So that is where and
16	it's used consistently in 105(f), which Your
17	Honor referenced, in that in that sense. And
18	it's used in 107(c) in that sense. And so it
19	would make sense to use it in 107(b) in that
20	sense to avoid the charge of the light brigade
21	with various cannons.
22	So, in that in reading it in the
23	larger context of how that term was used in the
24	'80s, as opposed to, for example, in the
25	mid-2000s, after this Court's case of City of

1 Arlington against FCC, where you equated 2 authority and jurisdiction, helps to clarify any 3 ambiguities. 4 So that's all I have. I'm happy to 5 answer any --6 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Given -- given 7 Cabazon -- sorry to interrupt. Given Cabazon, why wouldn't it have been obvious to members of 8 9 Congress to say something like the following: 10 If you wanted to do this, like all Texas law 11 regulating gaming activities applied to gaming 12 activities on the reservation and lands of the 13 tribe? Why --14 MS. PETTIT: So --15 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: I mean, in other 16 words, boy, there's this case, we better be 17 careful. And we're in the world where we're 18 assuming Congress is responding to the case. 19 So why wouldn't the people who wanted this broader authority to extend have been -- we 20 21 need to -- we need to be careful about this and 2.2 doesn't the -- then the absence of that suggest something that -- that hurts your case here? 23 24 MS. PETTIT: Two responses. 25 First, I heard a lot from both the

1	United States and from the tribe that said that
2	Cabazon Band was was especially informative
3	because of the context. But Cabazon Band
4	addressed may have the facts of Cabazon Band,
5	may have been relating to gambling, but it
6	addressed a statute that applied across the
7	board equally to Texas and to regulation of
8	pharmaceuticals or a number of the other
9	hypotheticals we've had today.
10	So why Congress would have necessarily
11	said: Well, Cabazon Band defines exactly what
12	term we have for gambling, it it's not nearly
13	as close as that.
14	And I believe Justice Alito asked a
15	few minutes ago how you determine whether you
16	are going to apply a canon about assuming
17	Congress or it might have been Justice Kagan
18	I apologize about when you assume Congress
19	was understanding the particular context.
20	Normally, this Court does that when
21	you have a well-established term that's been
22	used a number of times, whereas, here, you have
23	just the term "prohibit," which is a commonly
24	used statutory term, it's been interpreted once
25	in a case that respectfully is not the most

81

1 precise case this course -- Court has ever 2 issued. And so assuming that Congress enter --3 intended to enact and make permanent for all 4 tribes for all uses of "prohibit" based on this 5 6 one case would be taking that canon too far. 7 And the best way I think I can point this to is differences between the language of 8 9 IGRA, which, for example, does track Cabazon Band in that it says prohibits as a matter of 10 11 criminal law or public policy in 2701(5). 12 That's not the phrase that we have in -- in the Restoration Act. That is -- what we 13 14 have simply is the use of the common term 15 "prohibit." You see that again in 2710 when 16 you're talking about when -- when Congress is 17 talking about when the state can or the tribe can engage in activity which is whether the 18 19 state prohibit -- permits it for any purpose, 20 for any person, entity, or organization. 21 Again, that tracks the Cabazon Band 2.2 prohibition -- prohibition language much more 23 closely than here, where we just have that term "prohibit." 24

25 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Was -- wasn't it

obvious or wouldn't it have been obvious that 1 2 what happens when a state allows an activity but 3 regulates it heavily, can those regulations apply to the tribes? Wasn't that an obvious 4 question and wouldn't that have been addressed 5 in a different way, I guess, again, if we're in 6 7 this world where we're trying to speculate what Congress was thinking? 8 9 MS. PETTIT: This is why it's always 10 dangerous to speculate what Congress was 11 thinking. 12 JUSTICE KAVANAUGH: Yeah, that's a 13 good answer. MS. PETTIT: But laws -- laws 14 15 typically does include -- does -- do -- the term 16 "laws" typically does include regulations, 17 unless Congress specifies otherwise, which it 18 didn't do here. 19 And this goes back to a number of the 20 questions we've had today about the signage that 21 is at -- at casinos and whether that would apply 2.2 to the tribe. And it doesn't because it doesn't 23 go to the gaming activity as this Court defined that in Bay Mills, where it was the -- the -- I 24 25 think the words of the Court were the throw of

1 the dice or the turn of the wheel, the actual 2 game that's being place played and not the 3 offsite administrative or regulatory body, so --JUSTICE BARRETT: But, Ms. Pettit, why 4 would it make sense? You know, here in 107(c), 5 6 the federal court is given jurisdiction if the 7 state wants to bring an action for an injunction to stop, in your view, regulatory violations on 8 9 the gaming activity. Why would it make sense to enlist 10 11 federal district courts to police all these 12 aspects of gaming? It -- it just seems to me 13 like that would be an odd system. 14 MS. PETTIT: So the -- we are only 15 entitled to bring a -- an injunctive action for 16 violations of the substantive limitations on 17 gambling, not the regulations that don't go to the gaming activities, but it does make sense 18 19 because, as the United States pointed out, the 20 tribe was very against the direct application of state laws in state courts, which was the issue 21 2.2 in Cabazon Band. 23 So there isn't the direct application 24 of state law here. There's this third party, a federal judge that is a -- neutral might be a 25

1 loaded term for this context, but I'll use it 2 anyway -- a neutral arbiter to apply the issue 3 rather than having to, for example, go into the state's home court. 4 JUSTICE KAGAN: But it's a huge --5 JUSTICE BARRETT: Let me clarify. I 6 7 think I misspoke. I didn't mean -- I mean, I 8 know that you concede that you don't have 9 regulatory jurisdiction in the sense of an 10 agency oversight and all these other aspects, 11 but I'm talking about the disputed number of 12 things, once bingo is allowed, is it, you know, 13 allowed by non-charitable organizations? Is it 14 allowed for profit? Is it allowed above this 15 amount, those kinds of things? 16 I mean, the district courts in Texas 17 have complained about all of these things 18 heading to the district court. 19 MS. PETTIT: So the district courts 20 have said that a version of the -- a previous injunction issued in 2002 had turned them into a 21 2.2 sort of pre-clearance type of regime that hadn't 23 been contemplated by the Restoration Act. We 24 agree that wasn't contemplated by the 25 Restoration Act, but it was necessitated by the

tribe's actions, who had not attempted to comply
 with the Restoration Act.

3 But, fortunately, we're no longer in that regime. We have brought a separate 4 complaint, and most of the issues that are 5 6 covered in the current injunction before the 7 Court are statutory ones, not regulations. 8 JUSTICE KAGAN: Right. But your 9 position requires you to accept the idea that, 10 for example, if Texas has a statute that says 11 bingo has to end at 1 a.m. and instead it goes 12 to 1:10, that all of a sudden that's a federal crime adjudicable in federal court. 13 14 I mean, that's your position. It's 15 not -- you know, the other person -- side's position is essentially no, the federal courts 16 17 are there when Texas has a statute that says no table games, and all of a sudden a casino opens 18 19 up with craps, but your position is like everything, you know, the -- the -- the -- the 20

amount of the betting, the hours, the -- the -the -- I mean, everything that relates to the turn of the wheel or whatever, and that's a lot of stuff.

25 MS. PETTIT: But it does create a

86

blight -- a bright-line rule, Your Honor, which 1 2 gets the federal court out of the second question that would be necessitated by applying 3 Cabazon Band, namely whether one particular 4 restriction or another is a matter of 5 6 fundamental state public policy, and there are 7 law and order concerns that sometimes drive issues like closing down gambling halls at 8 9 midnight or limiting the amount of money that is 10 at stake because there is a -- there -- it's a 11 different regulatory and a different public 12 policy and a different just risk involved in 13 some term -- in some forms of gaming. 14 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Counsel, you argue 15 at some length that the Cabazon distinction 16 between "prohibition" and "regulation" is 17 unworkable. Are you asking us to overturn 18 Cabazon? 19 MS. PETTIT: No, Your Honor, that's 20 not necessary in this case because, as my 21 opposing counsel has conceded, this is about 2.2 federalizing state law, and Cabazon doesn't --23 specifically declined to address that question. 24 JUSTICE GORSUCH: But that -- but that 25 -- that -- that -- that's not -- that's not

87

1 quite what I'm getting at. You -- you say the 2 distinction between "prohibition" and 3 "regulation" just generally is not workable. 4 MS. PETTIT: Yes, Your Honor. So --JUSTICE GORSUCH: Wouldn't that logic 5 6 seem to suggest, if that's true, then -- then --7 then Cabazon, we should just get rid of it and 8 scrap it and -- and the consequences for IGRA be damned? 9 10 MS. PETTIT: So the consequences for 11 IGRA, I respectfully disagree with the United 12 States, would not be significant because IGRA incorporated the pieces of Cabazon Band that it 13 14 thought were necessary in the language that I 15 previously quoted. But the Court doesn't need 16 to revoke the or repeal -- overturn the Cabazon Band distinction for the -- for the 17 18 circumstances to which it applies. 19 JUSTICE GORSUCH: So you're not asking 20 us to overturn Cabazon? 21 MS. PETTIT: No, Your Honor. 2.2 JUSTICE GORSUCH: And you're asking us 23 to continue to apply that in the IGRA context? 24 MS. PETTIT: I'm asking you to 25 continue to apply IGRA in the IGRA context,

88

1 which incorporates pieces. 2 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Which incorporates 3 Cabazon? MS. PETTIT: Pieces of Cabazon but not 4 5 necessarily all of it. 6 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Okay. But just this 7 is the one area where we're not going to apply Cabazon? That's -- that's your view? 8 9 MS. PETTIT: Yes, because the language of the statute itself departs from Cabazon Band 10 11 and in response to Justice Kavanaugh's --12 JUSTICE GORSUCH: And that -- that hinges on whether we -- we -- we agree with your 13 14 reading of the statute and the enactment the 15 same day involving the tribe in Massachusetts, 16 right? 17 MS. PETTIT: It involves -- it 18 definitely depends on your agreement that by 19 slicing and dicing up civil and criminal 20 regulatory and prohibitory, that Congress 21 intended to depart from Cabazon Band, yes. 2.2 JUSTICE BARRETT: But, Ms. Pettit, why 23 is it uniquely unworkable in this context? Mr. 24 Yang said, look, that has been humming along, 25 everybody has been living with Cabazon Band and

89

1	this distinction between "prohibit" and
2	"regulate" in Public Law 280 and in IGRA, so why
3	is it so uniquely unworkable in this context?
4	MS. PETTIT: So the lower courts have
5	suggested that Mr. Yang is incorrect on that
6	point, that, in fact, it's difficult to derive a
7	single rule between what is prohibitory and what
8	is regulatory precisely because many of the
9	things that are nominally prohibitory are very
10	close very close concerns of state public
11	policy, so they just don't track. And to
12	JUSTICE GORSUCH: Well, isn't that an
13	argument for overturning it in IGRA too and just
14	getting rid of it?
15	MS. PETTIT: So IGRA incorporated a
16	specific part of Cabazon Band that allows the
17	tribe in 2710 to engage in Class 2 gaming, which
18	permits them to if the state permits it under
19	any person, any purpose, any organization.
20	So that is a different term than
21	prohibitory or regulatory and trying to combine
22	
23	JUSTICE GORSUCH: I understand that.
24	But but but if you're you're you're
25	saying it doesn't work well under IGRA. You're

90

1 disputing Mr. Yang on that. 2 MS. PETTIT: So I'm --3 JUSTICE GORSUCH: But you're saying this is somehow unique, and I guess I'm 4 struggling, like -- like -- like my colleague, 5 to understand how -- how it's uniquely 6 7 problematic here but -- but less problematic, I quess, under IGRA? 8 9 MS. PETTIT: Maybe I misspoke earlier. 10 IGRA -- the Public Law 280 11 prohibitory/regulatory distinction itself is 12 problematic outside of IGRA because it doesn't 13 have that any purpose, any person, any language. 14 That creates a bright-line rule, whereas this 15 Court recognized in Cabazon Band itself that the distinction based on what is or is not a matter 16 17 of fundamental state public policy does not 18 create a blight -- bright-line rule. 19 JUSTICE GORSUCH: Right. So just back 20 to Justice Barrett's question, does it work well 21 under IGRA or not? 2.2 MS. PETTIT: Texas doesn't have that 23 much experience under IGRA, so I'm not able to 24 answer that question. 25 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: It has some

91

1	experience. It has the Kickapoo Tribe that's
2	operating under Class 2 gaming pursuant to IGRA.
3	So right now what you have is one tribe under
4	IGARA, another tribe completely out of IGRA, and
5	even worse, you're saying it wasn't even
б	intended to be run like the regulatory
7	prohibition line that Cabazon approved, correct?
8	MS. PETTIT: Correct.
9	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So you want a
10	system that's unique to everything, to Cabazon,
11	to Bryan, to every other tribe, and you want to
12	create a totally different system now?
13	MS. PETTIT: Congress created a
14	bespoke legislative solution here.
15	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: That's assuming we
16	accept your argument
17	MS. PETTIT: Yes, Your Honor.
18	JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: that that was
19	Congress's intent.
20	MS. PETTIT: Yes, Your Honor. That,
21	and the Kickapoo the my response earlier
22	was that we do not regulate the Kickapoo, so we
23	do not have much insight into what they're doing
24	inside their casino, so it's very difficult for
25	me to say whether it's been a problem.

1 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Well, anybody can 2 walk in and play. 3 MS. PETTIT: Yes, Your Honor. But 4 that one --JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: So you can see 5 6 what they're doing, whether it -- what it's 7 violating, if you chose. MS. PETTIT: I suspect the tribe would 8 9 object if we were to send a peace officer in 10 without permission to inspect. 11 JUSTICE SOTOMAYOR: Who said a peace 12 officer? Anybody could walk in. You could send a peace officer, but --13 14 MS. PETTIT: A -- a state employee 15 could go in without authority and examine it in 16 their personal capacity, but that's not 17 typically how laws are enforced. 18 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, 19 counsel. 20 Justice Thomas? 21 Justice Breyer? Anything further? 2.2 Justice Alito? 23 JUSTICE ALITO: Suppose you scrapped 24 your laws about bingo and you enacted a statute that says that under specified circumstances, a 25

type of gambling called Texas Traditional Board
 Game is allowed, and you defined that involving
 a board and et cetera, et cetera.

But this is not bingo. This is the
Traditional Texas Board Game. Then would bingo
be prohibited or would it be regulated?

7 MS. PETTIT: If we scrapped the Texas 8 Bingo Enabling Act it would fall within the cons 9 constitutional prohibitions on lottery and it 10 would be prohibited. It's still prohibited 11 outside the Bingo Enabling Act but it would be 12 flatly prohibited under state law.

JUSTICE ALITO: This all turns on the fact that you have used the term "bingo" and the -- there is the form of bingo up there and so the next court is going to decide whether this is bingo or not?

18 MS. PETTIT: No, Your Honor. This 19 depends on -- that -- the word "bingo" is not 20 the relevant question here. And it may be useful to answer your question to distinguish 21 2.2 this from the facts in California's instance in 23 Cabazon Band where they generally permitted 24 gambling except that which we prohibited. 25 Texas has the exact opposite

93

1 presumption. We have a strong public policy and 2 all gambling is banned under the constitution 3 unless specifically authorized. The Bingo 4 Enabling Act specifically authorizes small stakes bingo under very limited circumstances, 5 6 as a defense to prosecution. 7 But if we were to scrap that Bingo Enabling Act, it would -- the conduct of the 8 tribe in this instance would fall within the 9 State's constitutional ban on lotteries. 10 11 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Justice 12 Sotomayor? Anything further? 13 Justice Gorsuch? 14 Justice Barrett? 15 JUSTICE BARRETT: I just have one 16 question. If you lost and we vacated and 17 remanded and so then the district court has to 18 face the question of whether these electronic 19 bingo games count as bingo, you just revert to 20 the Texas definition and I gather it's Texas's 21 position that these electronic machines would 2.2 not count as bingo? 23 MS. PETTIT: Yes, Your Honor, because they are slot machines. They -- they do not 24 25 have the competitive aspect of bingo, because

95

1 what I believe somebody referred to their 2 grandmother earlier, that is a -- you are 3 matching numbers and the first person to reach a particular pattern wins. And here you have one 4 card and it is an instant game that is drawn 5 against historic -- historic bingo draw, and 6 7 that is just not bingo. 8 JUSTICE BARRETT: And you would make 9 that argument based on Texas law? 10 MS. PETTIT: Under the Restoration Act 11 we would. It is the same issue under IGRA, 12 which is why the United States was very careful to say that the question of whether or not this 13 14 is actually bingo under IGRA is a very close 15 one. 16 JUSTICE BARRETT: Thank you. 17 CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you, 18 counsel. Mr. Martin, rebuttal? 19 20 REBUTTAL ARGUMENT OF BRANT C. MARTIN 21 ON BEHALF OF THE PETITIONERS MR. MARTIN: Mr. Chief Justice and 2.2 23 may it please the Court: 24 Four quick points. First of all, in 25 response to a question from the bench, I -- I

96

think that the Justices -- you certainly 1 2 understand the distinctions and the difficulty that the State of Texas has with making the 3 distinction as to where the regulatory line 4 starts and where the regulatory line stops. 5 6 If they wanted the passwords they had 7 to get the passwords. When is that not regulation and when is it, if they can, in fact, 8 9 regulate? And the problem is that their position requires them to take the position that 10 11 the entirety of the regulatory construct of 12 Texas law, and this is the same thing the Fifth Circuit said in Ysleta I, is that the entirety 13 14 of the regulatory construct applies to the 15 tribes. That's not what 107(b) says. 16 And in response to some of the 17 jurisdictional questions, Section 105(f) grants 18 civil and criminal jurisdiction to grant the 19 Public Law 280 authority. Jurisdiction there 20 means the substantive authority, it's not 21 limited to Court jurisdiction. 2.2 Section 107(b)'s use of the 23 jurisdiction is the same. Section 107(c) is different. And it specifically says 24 25 jurisdiction over enforcement.

97

1	And there is one other aspect of of
2	what the State of Texas has argued, just now in
3	this case, that I think is deserves to be
4	said. There is a lot of discussion about
5	whether or not Cabazon applies, you know, are we
6	stuck in the Cabazon context, et cetera?
7	Two things that I would point out.
8	Justice Breyer, I would point out that
9	Representative Udall, who was the chairman of
10	the applicable subcommittee, stated on the House
11	floor this is intended to incorporate Cabazon.
12	That's important. The Senate report
13	that was cited by the State of Texas references
14	the old language that Congress excised. And
15	that should be taken into account.
16	Finally, Your Honor, I would point out
17	I can't remember exactly how the State of Texas
18	just put it, but they were talking about
19	Section 107 and they said that it applies to
20	everything, not just gaming. Section 107 is
21	entitled "Indian Gaming." It is entitled it
22	is intended to govern that exact situation in
23	response to Cabazon.
24	And if there is no further questions.
25	CHIEF JUSTICE ROBERTS: Thank you,

98

1	counsel.	The case is	suk	omitte	d.		
2		(Whereupon,	at	11 : 33	a.m.,	the	case
3	was submit	tted.)					
4							
5							
6							
7							
8							
9							
10							
11							
12							
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19							
20							
21							
22							
23							
24							
25							

	Offic	ial - Subject to Final R	eview	
\$	2710(b [1] 39:22	8,20 6: 5,14,21 7: 2,3 9: 20	16 82: 2 89: 16	arises [1] 45:18
	2710(b)(1)(A [2] 25:24,25	14:21,25 32:24 33:11 35:4	almost [4] 6:17 8:5 20:17	Arlington [1] 79:1
\$1,000 [6] 10: 8,10,17 24: 15	280 [21] 6:8 33: 18 34: 19 36:	37:1 38:6 40: 2,9 48: 20 57:	41 :23	around [1] 77:7
25: 3,4	1,2,18 37: 8 40: 19 42: 22	16 70: 13 79: 11,12 83: 18	alone [2] 5:24 12:24	arrangement [1] 46:11
\$100 [3] 10: 6,12 71: 15	43:8 44:14 47:21 48:16 51:	activity [22] 19:18 24:5,19,	already [2] 43:1 48:11	art [4] 11:4 13:19,25 14:1
\$250 [1] 58: 23	16 67:2 68:21 76:10,11 89:	22,25 35: 18 36: 19,20 38: 7,	ambiguities [1] 79:3	asks [1] 66:7
1	2 90:10 96:19	9,24 39: 18 42: 9 68: 10 69:	ambiguity [3] 63:16 64:7,9	aspect [5] 11:23 32:11,19
1 [1] 85: 11	3	16 70:4 71:13,13 81:18 82:	ambiguity-dependent [3]	94 :25 97 :1
1,000 ^[1] 24: 16	3 [5] 2:4 17: 21,23 24: 20 47 :	2,23 83 :9	62: 2,8,11	aspects [6] 32:14 33:17,17,
1-0 [1] 54: 4	1	actual [2] 75:20 83:1	ambiguous [2] 55:17 62:3	18 83:12 84:10
1:10 [1] 85:12	318 [1] 53: 23	actually [18] 7:23 8:6,16 9:	ambitious [1] 44:17	assert [1] 53:4
10 [1] 16: 10	35 [2] 40: 20 43: 15	4 19 :9 21 :24 22 :15 25 :11 28 :9 35 :16 45 :15 46 :5 55 :	amended [1] 75:4 amicus [3] 1:22 2:7 36:13	Assistant [1] 1:20
10:00 [2] 1: 15 3: 2	36 [1] 2: 8	13 64: 4,15 65: 6 77: 8 95:	among [1] 67:8	assume [5] 11:18 47:5 61: 12 69:25 80:18
105(f [17] 34: 10,11,15,18,	4	13 04. 4, 13 05. 0 77.8 55 . 14	amount [5] 32:23 40:13 84:	assuming 5 19:5 79:18
23 35: 6,10 47: 20,20 51: 12,		add [1] 48:14	15 85 :21 86 :9	80 :16 81 :3 91 :15
14,15,20 67: 3 76: 9 78: 16	4 [3] 52: 17 53: 22,24	addition [2] 42:9 75:1	analyzed [1] 10:20	attempted [1] 85:1
96: 17	400 [1] 74: 8	additional [1] 20:23	another [7] 14:21 49:5 62:	Austin [1] 1:25
107 [15] 4:6 7:6 35: 4,6,10	6	address [4] 47:17 66:9 76:	4 71 :21,21 86 :5 91 :4	authorities [1] 61:13
36 :21 37 :10 48 :18 49 :19	65 [1] 2: 11	8 86: 23	answer [15] 5:9 11:24 14:	authority [13] 3:19 12:22
50 :9 52 :19 53 :1 67 :23 97 :	66 [1] 46: 19	addressed [5] 58:20 75:13	17 28 :22 31 :17 49 :17 55 :	47 :24 48 :19,21 60 :17 62 :
19,20	7	80: 4,6 82: 5	25 74: 4,19 75: 12,15 79: 5	18 77: 21 79: 2,20 92: 15 96:
107(a [25] 4 :1,22 5 :17,19 9 : 13,19 11 :25 15 :5 19 :19 34 :		adjudicable [1] 85:13	82:13 90:24 93:21	19,20
21 36: 25 37: 3 48: 19 52: 2,	750 [1] 71: 16	adjudicative [2] 78:6,15	answered [2] 13:7 32:22	authorized [1] 94:3
10 54: 5,9,10 57: 12,12 67:	8	adjudicators [1] 67:1	answering [1] 33:19	authorizes [1] 94:4
18,22 71: 22 73: 4,10	8,800 [1] 14: 7	administrative [2] 53:16	ANTHONY [3] 1:20 2:6 36:	avoid [3] 65:21 66:19 78:
107(b [26] 4 :5,8,13,22 12 :1,	80s [1] 78:24	83 :3	12	20
5,6,9,12,14,18 13: 3 15: 6		admitted [1] 66:9	anybody [2] 92:1,12	aware [2] 11:4 14:10
29: 18 32: 21 37: 2,7 47: 18,	9	admittedly [1] 62:20	anyway ^[1] 84:2	away [2] 34:7 48:1
19 48: 6,16 67: 6 73: 5 76:	9 [2] 8:18 49:10	adopted [3] 39:10 52:14	apologize [2] 59:5 80:18	awfully [1] 76:21
15 78: 19 96: 15	95 [1] 2 :14	53 :21	appear [1] 13:22	В
107(b)'s [1] 96:22	Α	adopting [6] 6:18,19 44:21		B-12 [1] 23:1
107(c [13] 12:7,9,23 19:16	a.m [4] 1:15 3:2 85:11 98:2	49: 11 51: 15 55: 21	appearing [1] 14:7	back [16] 7:10 12:19 13:7
20:6,11 21:4 35:8 57:5 67:	ability [4] 33:10 67:1,7,11	adopts [1] 37:10 affairs [1] 66:20	applicable [4] 4:25 71:9 75:6 97:10	19 :14 20 :3 38 :23 40 :18 42 :
4 78: 18 83: 5 96: 23	able [4] 10:16 30:2 57:6 90:	affected [2] 14:23 77:16	application [7] 10:22 52:4,	21 51 :14 56 :6,9 64 :19 73 :
108 [1] 6: 24	23	affirmative [3] 20:13,23 70:		23,23 82:19 90:19
11:33 [1] 98: 2	above [1] 84:14	17	applied [7] 24:13 40:21 57:	background [1] 60:20
16 [1] 65 :6	above-entitled [1] 1:13	afraid [1] 14:12	9 62:12 64:14 79:11 80:6	balance [2] 63:16 66:1
16th [1] 8:9	absence [1] 79:22	age [2] 37:24 38:9	applies [8] 57:12 62:21 67:	ban [5] 8:10,12 9:13,15 94:
17 [1] 65: 6	absent [1] 78:13	agency [2] 58:12 84:10	16,17 87 :18 96 :14 97 :5,19	10
18 [2] 40:8 41:7 1976 [1] 15:24	Absolutely [1] 16:6	agency's [1] 67:7	apply [14] 32:25 55:22 56:	Band [30] 3:17 30:2,8 66:8,
1980s [3] 65: 18 66: 25 78: 5	accept [3] 33:2 85:9 91:16	ago [4] 40:20 43:15 51:7 80:		9,11,15,19 68: 19,21 69: 12
1983 [1] 78 :9	access [1] 68:4	15	16 82: 4,21 84: 2 87: 23,25	73: 2,3,6 80: 2,3,4,11 81: 10,
1984 [1] 51: 14	accordance [3] 52:21 54:	agree [7] 8:3 35:11,12 42:6	88:7	21 83:22 86:4 87:13,17 88:
1986 [5] 8:10,19 30:16 53:	11 57: 5	57:11 84:24 88:13	applying [5] 44:22 52:7 66:	10,21,25 89: 16 90: 15 93:
22 56: 14	according [1] 7:15	agreement [2] 72:16 88:18	21 67:5 86:3	23
1987 [3] 8:21 16:20 53:23	account [8] 28:6,7,10,12	ahead [2] 10:1 43:23	Appreciate [1] 18:23	banned [2] 66:6 94:2 bar [1] 58:10
2	29:10,12 31:24 97:15 acknowledge [1] 76:10	aids [1] 60:25	approval [1] 56:17	bargain [2] 5:2 66:8
	U	aimed [1] 75:22	approved [1] 91:7	BARRETT [31] 13:21 15:9,
2 [5] 18 :1 47 :1 50 :8 89 :17	across [1] 80:6 Act [46] 3:12,16,20,24 4:9,	AL [1] 1:3	Arbaugh [1] 48:3	13 33: 24 34: 2,5,8 35: 11,19,
91 :2	13,20 5:2 6: 23 8: 15 16: 16	ALITO [36] 9:23 10:1 14:8,	arbiter [1] 84:2	22,25 36 :8 43 :4,7 50 :12,15
20 [1] 47 :18	17:12 20:25 23:19 24:1 28:	22,24 17: 1 24: 8 26: 12,13,	area [1] 88:7	63 :24,25 64 :17,25 65 :9 68 :
2002 [1] 84: 21	8 29 :17,23 30 :9,17 33 :20	22,25 27 :2,7,13,16,18 28 : 16 29 :25 30 :22 31 :18 53 :	areas [1] 43:6 aren't [1] 40:16	18 72 :6 77 :6 83 :4 84 :6 88 :
2022 [1] 1 :11 21 [2] 27 :24 38 :0	34: 13,14,17 35: 12 36: 2,7	10 29 :25 30 :22 31 :18 53 : 11,12 54 :1,4,7,13,16,19,22	argue [1] 86:14	22 94: 14,15 95: 8,16
21 [2] 37: 24 38: 9 22 [1] 1: 11	44: 4,20 66: 3,14 68: 24 70:	55 :24 59 :6 69 :13 80 :14 92 :	-	Barrett's [2] 47:5 90:20
23rd [1] 8 :19	19,21 72: 15,25 73: 2 81: 13	22,23 93: 13	argues [1] 41:21	based [4] 66:8 81:5 90:16
25th [1] 8:21	84: 23,25 85: 2 93: 8,11 94:	Alito's [1] 61:23	argument [24] 1:14 2:2,5,9,	95 :9
2701 [1] 28: 11	4,8 95: 10	allow [2] 40:25 52:10	12 3:4,7 11:8 15:2 26:14	basically [1] 38:25
	4,0 33.10			haala 101 40-40 55-7
2701(5 [4] 25:23 26:1 3 81: 1	action [4] 19:16 53:4 83:7,	allowed [12] 5:4.6 17:19 25	34: 9 36: 12 41: 18 24 56: 1	basis [2] 49:19 55:7
2701(5 [4] 25:23 26:1,3 81: 11	,	allowed [12] 5:4,6 17:19,25 24:3 58:21 61:13 84:12,13,	34: 9 36: 12 41: 18,24 56: 1, 10 58: 17,19 65: 14 76: 22	Bay [2] 63:12 82:24
11	action ^[4] 19:16 53:4 83:7, 15 actions ^[3] 58:4 67:10 85:1	allowed [12] 5:4,6 17:19,25 24:3 58:21 61:13 84:12,13, 14,14 93:2		Bay ^[2] 63:12 82:24 bearing ^[1] 46:8
•	action ^[4] 19:16 53:4 83:7, 15	24: 3 58: 21 61: 13 84: 12,13,	10 58: 17,19 65: 14 76: 22	Bay [2] 63:12 82:24

Heritage Reporting Corporation

Sheet 1

		ial - Subject to Final R		
beforehand [1] 59:6	18 hring [2] 02-7 45	cards [5] 22:16,17 46:18,	City [1] 78:25	23 30:15 32:13,16 33:1,19
behalf ^[8] 1:18,25 2:4,11, 14 3:8 65:15 95:21	bring ^[2] 83:7,15 bringing ^[1] 20:16	19 58 :6 careful ^[5] 19:20 78:4 79:	civil ^[14] 37 :4 47 :20 48 :7,13 66 :16,16 68 :23 73 :7,8,12	36:21 37:14 38:11 39:9,10 10 42:25 44:19 46:6 48:25
behind [1] 61:16	brings [2] 39:21 60:20	careful 의 19:20 78:4 79: 17,21 95:12	75: 1,5 88: 19 96: 18	49: 1,11,12,14 50: 5 51: 14
believe [8] 10:21 14:5 17:	broader [4] 7:1 12:19 72:9	case [28] 3:11 4:18 7:16 13:	claim [1] 77:19	52 :14,19 53 :20 55 :20 56 :2
11 18 :9,20 21 :13 80 :14 95 :	79: 20	14 44 :17 47 :7,10 50 :22,25	clarification [1] 23:16	58:8,9 61:13 72:22 78:1
1	brother [1] 64:15	51 :1,8 55 :20 56 :6 59 :5 64 :	clarify [3] 49:4 79:2 84:6	79 :9,18 80 :10,17,18 81 :3,
below [2] 19:8 28:13	brought [2] 19:15 85:4	12 65 :18 67 :1 78 :25 79 :16,	Class [9] 17:21,23,25 42:	16 82:8,10,17 88:20 91:13
bench [1] 95:25	Bryan ^[18] 12:21 15:24 40:	18,23 80:25 81:1,6 86:20	10,10 47 :1,1 89 :17 91 :2	97: 14
bespoke [1] 91:14	22,22 41 :3 43 :14 48 :12 60 :	97: 3 98: 1,2	clear [11] 3:21 4:23 15:7 26:	Congress's [3] 4:15 52:3
best [3] 11:12 49:24 81:7	12 62: 15,22 64: 13,14,18	cases [4] 24:2 43:12,12 58:	17 37 :10 60 :18 63 :1,2 64 :	91 :19
better [2] 15:1 79:16	65: 4,5,7,8 91: 11	2	6 75 :5 78 :5	conjunction [1] 47:19
betting [1] 85:21	bucket [3] 62:2,4 64:9	casino [2] 85:18 91:24	clear-cut [1] 55:20	connection [2] 7:23 8:2
between [25] 31:4 32:4 35:	buckets [2] 62:2 64:7	casinos [1] 82:21	clearly [4] 4:5 12:3 69:18	cons [1] 93:8
6 36 :1,19 37 :18 41 :22 43 :	build [1] 75:3	cast [1] 74:3	77:9	consequences [4] 42:13
9 44:3 46:1 50:23 66:25	built [1] 64:13	category [1] 62:8	client [1] 4:20	44:6 87: 8,10
68 :13,23 71 :15,19 72 :11,	busy [1] 40:6	cause [2] 53:4 75:7	close [6] 43:12 66:24 80:13	consideration [1] 19:24
16 73:18 78:6 81:8 86:16	button [1] 22:17	caution [2] 44:16 62:22	89 :10,10 95 :14	considering [1] 48:25
87:2 89:1,7	C	cautious [1] 62:19	closely [1] 81:23	considers [1] 28:11
beyond [1] 43:2 bid [1] 15:19	Cabazon [140] 3:17,23,25	cede ାଥ 65:20,23 Certain ାର୍ଥ 16:11 20:8 31:5	closing [1] 86:8 code [2] 13:23 41:7	consistent [1] 4:14
big [2] 55:14 73:25	4:1,15,25 5:12 6:3,8 7:7 8:	32 :14,23 40 :13 57 :13 60 :	codified [2] 3:17 46:6	consistently [1] 78:16 constitute [1] 45:18
bill [8] 53:25 71:24 72:5 75:	20,21 10: 20 11: 3,7,10,14	11 71: 2	colleague [1] 90:5	constitution [1] 94:2
13,14,18,20,23	14: 2,10,14,23 15: 8,10,12,	certainly [9] 11:18 16:24,	combine [3] 12:25 13:3 89:	constitutional [3] 63:3 9
bingo [90] 4:3 7:12 10:6,8,	14,24 25: 11,22 26: 10,14	25 21 :13 22 :1 34 :18 44 :12	21	9 94 :10
16 15 :19 17 :18 19 :1,2,10,	30: 2,8,13,23 31: 3,9,12,19,	55: 15 96: 1	come [1] 24:2	construct [5] 4:25 9:14 3
22,22 22:7,7,9,14 23:4,8,	24 32: 15 33: 4,12,20 34: 11,	cetera ^[3] 93:3,3 97:6	comes [7] 8:20 21:12,14	19 96: 11,14
17,18 24: 12,14 26: 17,18,	12,15 36: 1,18 37: 8,11 38:	chairman [1] 97:9	32:21 45:1 51:17 66:13	construction [1] 20:12
19 27: 8,9,21,25 28: 7,8,11,	11 39 :10,20 40 :20,21 41 :3,	challenged [1] 56:8	coming [1] 59:21	contemplated [2] 84:23,
19,20 29: 8,9 39: 5 42: 8,10,	24 42: 15,21 43: 3,5,15 44:	chance [1] 34:9	comment [2] 68:14 78:3	24
10 45: 6,18,21 46: 1,4,13,14,	18,21 47: 6 48: 9,11,17,22	change [4] 14:21 22:17 44:	Commission [1] 68:4	contemporaneously [1]
15,21 47: 1 53: 15 57: 19 58:	49: 11,19 50: 16,17,19,20	13 52: 14	committee [3] 74:12,12,13	72: 8
22,24,25 69: 2 70: 2,3,14,16,	51 :5,7,9,11,17 52 :18 54 :3 55 :21,21 58 :19,20 64 :13,	changed [1] 3:23	committees [1] 74:14	contempt [1] 28:13
18,19,20,24 71: 2,3,10,10,	13 65: 5 66: 8,9,11,15,18 68:	changes [4] 6:24 9:5,18	common ^[3] 48:4 50: 16 81 :	context [37] 11:21 13:20
15 84 :12 85 :11 92 :24 93 :4,	19,21 69: 12 73: 2,3,5,22 76:	73: 4	14	16 :4,24 30 :12 36 :24 38 :5
5,8,11,14,15,17,19 94: 3,5,	12,25 77 :9,13,15,17,20 79 :	changing [1] 6:24	commonly [1] 80:23	8 39 :1 41 :4,19,20,22 42 :2
7,19,19,22,25 95: 6,7,14 bit [2] 18: 15 75: 10	7,7 80: 2,3,4,11 81: 9,21 83:	characteristics [2] 46:5,7 characterize [2] 22:19,23	compact [3] 17:24 24:20 42:11	4,22,25 45 :19 50 :3,4 55 :2
Black's [1] 78:8	22 86:4,15,18,22 87:7,13,	charge [1] 78:20	compared [1] 6:22	60:13 62:16 68:17 72:13, 25 76:2,5 78:23 80:3,19
blackjack [1] 17:19	16,20 88:3,4,8,10,21,25 89:	charged [1] 74:8	competitive [1] 94:25	84:1 87:23,25 88:23 89:3
blight [2] 86:1 90:18	16 90:15 91:7,10 93:23 97:	charitable [2] 23:20,23	complained [2] 23:11 84:	97:6
board ^[4] 80:7 93:1,3,5	5,6,11,23	charities [1] 58:22	17	contexts [2] 38:21 60:11
body [5] 49:3,6 60:15,20	Cabazon's [2] 51:20 55:22	CHIEF [48] 3:3,9 7:5 8:24 9:	complaint [1] 85:5	continue [3] 49:20 87:23,
83: 3	California [1] 58:21	24 10:2,14,25 21:16,23 22:	completely [2] 17:8 91:4	25
DOOK [1] 59:16	California's [1] 93:22	4,8,13,20,24 23: 6,12 24: 9,	complicated [1] 30:24	continued [2] 19:13,15
ooth [6] 26:14 48:4 66:15	call [2] 13:19 25:4	15 26 :12 30 :18 33 :21,25	comply [1] 85:1	contrary [3] 37:12 38:18
71:23 73:4 79:25		34: 4,6 36: 9,15 39: 24 40: 5	computer [1] 46:15	60: 25
DOY [1] 79: 16	calling [2] 19:3 22:24	41:17 51:24 53:6,9 56:11	concede [1] 84:8	contrast [1] 72:11
Branch [1] 49:2	calls [2] 8:11 9:16	59: 3 61: 3,19 63: 23 65: 10,	conceded [2] 37:6 86:21	controlled [1] 29:17
BRANT [5] 1:18 2:3,13 3:7	came 5 1:13 52:19 54:3 64:3 65:4	13,16 71 :14 75 :8 92 :18 94 :	concept [3] 7:1 33:9 73:6	convert [1] 48:15
95 :20	cannons [3] 74:6,7 78:21	11 95 :17,22 97 :25	concerned [1] 40:16	correct [13] 16:1,5,21 19:
Breyer ^[23] 24:10,11 25:9,	cannot [1] 52:7	choose [1] 4:17	concerns [2] 86:7 89:10	10 20:7 27:5 37:16 56:18
13,16,25 26: 2,5,11 28: 25	canon [17] 54:25 55:7,14	chose [1] 92:7	concessions [1] 66:2	57 :10 69 :23 70 :3 91 :7,8
43: 18,20,24 44: 24,25 45: 10 14 16 53: 10 73: 13 21	59 :12,14 61 :11,24,25 62 :	church [1] 27:22	conduct ଓ 23:17 57:16	correctly [1] 43:22
10,14,16 53: 10 73: 13,21	10,11 63: 16 64: 1,9 65: 1,1	churches [3] 39:6 57:20 69:4	94:8 conducted [2] 24:22 70:20	counsel [21] 5:11 13:21 1
92:21 97:8 prief [10] 8:18 14:6 49:10	80 :16 81 :6	69:4 Circuit [2] 34:25 96:13	conducted [2] 24:22 70:20 conducting [2] 38:8 46:15	21,23 17:6 21:16 34:1,9 36:10 56:13 59:2 65:11 6
	canon's [1] 56:8	Circuit's [4] 4:11 12:16 37:	conference [1] 74:13	14 69:1,18 72:6 86:14,21
52.17 53.00 0/ 55.15 50.0		Girourt 3 19 4. 11 12. 10 37 ;	confirm [1] 62:10	92:19 95:18 98:1
	canons [18] 55:4 59:9,14,	12 40· 4		
64: 12 65: 6		12 40 :4 circumstances [5] 27 ·2		
64:12 65:6 briefed ^[2] 18:12 45:21	canons [18] 55:4 59:9,14,	circumstances [5] 27:2	conflict [2] 4:17 60:24	count [3] 67:21 94:19,22
64:12 65:6 briefed ^[2] 18:12 45:21 briefs ^[5] 7:17 13:24 60:5,7,	canons [18] 55:4 59: 9,14, 16,17,23 60: 4,6,10,24 61: 7	circumstances [5] 27:2 45:3 87:18 92:25 94:5	conflict [2] 4:17 60:24 confusing [1] 13:4	count [3] 67:21 94:19,22 counted [1] 13:24
briefed ^[2] 18:12 45:21 briefs ^[5] 7:17 13:24 60:5,7, 8	canons [18] 55:4 59: 9,14, 16,17,23 60: 4,6,10,24 61: 7 62: 1,3,4,5 63: 14 64: 3,6	circumstances [5] 27:2 45:3 87:18 92:25 94:5 cite [3] 14:5 58:2 72:15	conflict ^[2] 4:17 60:24 confusing ^[1] 13:4 Congress ^[60] 3:17,23 4:	count ^[3] 67:21 94:19,22 counted ^[1] 13:24 country ^[2] 63:6,11
64:12 65:6 briefed ^[2] 18:12 45:21 briefs ^[5] 7:17 13:24 60:5,7,	canons [18] 55:4 59:9,14, 16,17,23 60:4,6,10,24 61:7 62:1,3,4,5 63:14 64:3,6 cap [1] 10:12	circumstances [5] 27:2 45:3 87:18 92:25 94:5	conflict [2] 4:17 60:24 confusing [1] 13:4	count ^[3] 67:21 94:19,22 counted ^[1] 13:24

Official - Subject to Final Review

	Uffic	ial - Subject to Final R		
Course [2] 59:11 81:1	declined [1] 86:23	37:8 41:9 48:16 56:24 57:	embedded [1] 43:5	24
COURT [62] 1:1,14 3:10 5:	defeats [1] 77:19	10 58: 20	embodied [2] 39:11 66:3	exception [1] 53:3
10 10: 19 11: 12 19: 8,14,14,	defense [1] 94:6	disadvantage [1] 49:13	employee [1] 92:14	exceptions [1] 69:15
17,25 26: 15 27: 12 28: 4,5	deference [1] 62:9	disagree [2] 13:1 87:11	Enabling [9] 23:18 28:8 70:	
36: 16,17 37: 6,15 38: 11,14,	defined [4] 52:18 53:16 82:	discomfort [1] 31:12	19,21 72: 15 93: 8,11 94: 4,8	
16 41: 4,10,14 42: 6,16,17,	23 93 :2	discuss [1] 65:7	enact [1] 81:4	excuse [1] 50:8
24 44 :9,16 46 :20 47 :13 48 :	defines [1] 80:11	discusses [1] 78:10	enacted [11] 7:6,7 8:6 9:2	exercise [1] 67:8
2 49 :1 57 :21 58 :1,5,23 62 :	definitely [1] 88:18	discussing [1] 39:12	36 :21 41 :9 48 :25 52 :21 54 :	
24 65:17 66:21 76:24 77:	definition [4] 28:7 66:23	discussion [2] 68:12 97:4	11 58 :11 92 :24	
21,23 78 :7 80 :20 81 :1 82 :	67:5 94:20	dispate [1] 52:6	enacting [1] 44:20	existed [7] 35:9 42:19 43:
23,25 83:6 84:4,18 85:7,13	DEL [2] 1:3 3:4	dispositive [1] 75:23	enactment [1] 88:14	14,16 51: 12,13,14
86:2 87:15 90:15 93:16 94:	deletion [1] 72:5	dispute [7] 19:1,4,6,12 21: 24 34:21 49:8	encompasses [1] 67:6 encroachment [1] 66:20	existence [1] 56:8 exists [2] 40:19 65:4
17 95:23 96:21 Court's [12] 3:22 11:19 20:	deny [1] 8:13 depart [1] 88:21	disputed [1] 84:11	end [1] 85:11	expect [1] 27:21
1 44 :11 48 :5 55 :9,16 60 :	Department [3] 1:21 74:15,	disputing [1] 90:1	enforce [1] 48:16	experience [2] 90:23 91:1
23 63 :11 67 :13 72 :2 78 :25	16	disregards [1] 66:24	enforced [1] 92:17	expert [2] 28:12 58:12
court-specific [1] 78:12	departs [2] 66:14 88:10	distinct [1] 73:4	enforcement [9] 12:24 13:	-
courts [11] 12:8,10 21:5 47:	departure [1] 73:5	distinction [43] 11:6 14:4	4 35 :8 36 :3,4 53 :2,3 67 :10	29 :5 31 :21
23 58:5 83:11,21 84:16,19	depend [3] 11:8 31:20 47:	25 :12,14 30 :23 31 :3,12,14	96: 25	explain [1] 69:18
85 :16 89 :4	13	32:4 36: 18,23 38: 10 39: 11,	engage [6] 4:20 17:25 29:	explained [1] 49:2
cover ^[1] 46 :9	dependent [1] 64:23	19 40: 18,19,22 41: 5 42: 1,	15 33:10 81:18 89:17	explaining [1] 40:7
covered [2] 67:21 85:6	depends [3] 66:23 88:18	15,18 43: 2 44: 2 48: 9,17	engaging [1] 37:1	explicated [1] 6:8
covering [1] 46:11	93 :19	49 :20 50 :2,22 55 :22 68 :20	enlist [1] 83:10	expression [1] 60:18
covers [1] 40:9	Deputy [1] 1:24	69:11 71:15,16 73:17 76:	enter [1] 81:3	expressly [1] 73:6
craps [2] 45:7 85:19	derive [1] 89:6	13 77: 10 86: 15 87: 2,17 89:	entire [2] 40:1 51:9	extend [2] 66:11 79:20
create [3] 85:25 90:18 91:	described [1] 63:7	1 90: 11,16 96: 4	entirely [2] 4:13 21:11	extended [2] 35:2 41:3
12	deserves [1] 97:3	distinctions [1] 96:2	entirety [3] 4:6 96:11,13	extending [2] 6:3,9
created [1] 91:13	designators [1] 46:9	distinctly [1] 49:13	entitled [3] 83:15 97:21,21	extension [1] 4:15
creates [1] 90:14	designed [1] 75:3	distinguish [1] 93:21	entity [1] 81:20	extent [4] 20:8,22 66:5 67:
crim [1] 48:12	destroy [1] 41:2	district [7] 46:20 58:1 83:	equally [1] 80:7	23
crime [3] 24:16 65:23 85:	determination [1] 28:4	11 84:16,18,19 94:17	equated [1] 79:1	extraterritorial [1] 63:5
13	determine [3] 19:17 42:8	doctrine [2] 64:16,16	erroneously [1] 37:13	extraterritoriality [1] 62:5
criminal [22] 24:24 27:4 37:	80:15	doing [9] 5:25 6:11 12:5 44:		F
4 39 :17 47 :20 48 :7,14,15 57 :15 66 :16,17 68 :23 70 :	determined 3ে 10:20 72: 20.22	5 49:12 60:2 77:16 91:23 92:6	especially ^[2] 11:20 80:2 ESQ ^[4] 2:3,6,10,13	face [1] 94:18
22 73 :7,9,11,16 75 :2 76 :16	device [2] 46:23,24	done ^[2] 40 :19 60 :10	essentially [2] 34:11 85:16	fact [13] 6:3,9 23:2 29:5 32:
81: 11 88: 19 96: 18	devices [2] 46:17,17	down [6] 8:20,21,23 19:14	establishes [2] 35:13 49:	16 39 :5 63 :20 69 :1 74 :18
criminal/civil [1] 69:11	dice [1] 83:1	28:3 86: 8	15	75:22 89:6 93:14 96:8
critical [1] 25:15	dichotomy [2] 3:25 15:25	draft [1] 72:5	ET [4] 1:3 93:3,3 97:6	factor [1] 19:24
cross [1] 51:2	dicing [1] 88:19	drafted [1] 30:16	even [9] 4:18 40:10 41:21	factors [1] 19:23
curiae [3] 1:22 2:8 36:13	dictate [1] 13:18	draw [5] 36:22 37:8 50:2	46 :16 69 :4,14 73 :24 91 :5,	facts [2] 80:4 93:22
curious [2] 21:19 24:11	dictating [1] 6:2	71 :7 95 :6	5	factual [1] 28:4
current [1] 85:6	Dictionary [1] 78:9	drawing [2] 39:18 43:8	everybody [4] 10:4 65:18	failed [2] 38:19,20
D	difference [12] 5:16 32:4,	drawn [2] 46:10 95:5	74: 2 88: 25	fair [1] 32:10
	11 35 :7 36 :1 37 :18 41 :22	draws [1] 48:17	everyone [1] 66:2	fairly [1] 45:12
D.C [2] 1:10,21 damned [1] 87:9	46 :1 68 :12,22 73 :14 74 :1	drew [4] 36:17 38:11 41:4	everything [5] 5:3 85:20,	fall [5] 62:1 64:6 67:18 93:8
dangerous [1] 82:10	differences [2] 35:6 81:8	48 :10	22 91 :10 97 :20	94:9 far [3] 34:6 56:6 81:6
dated [1] 8:9	different [26] 9:20 21:5 23:	drive [1] 86:7	evidence [3] 11:12 29:8 75:	faults [1] 66:12
day [4] 16:15,17 77:8 88:15	7,9 27: 23 33: 11 35: 8 38 :	drives [1] 50:20	11	favor [1] 54:25
deal [2] 55:14 59:8	20,21 49: 22 50: 18 56: 15	due [1] 63:4	evidences [1] 12:3 evolution [1] 8:6	favorable [1] 56:3
dealing [1] 5:19	59 :22 61 :16 70 :7 71 :19 74 :	E	Ex [1] 18:4	FCC [1] 79:1
deals [1] 74:24	2 75 :23 76 :20 82 :6 86 :11, 11,12 89 :20 91 :12 96 :24	Each [3] 5:3 72:14,14	exact [10] 10:19,22 11:20	February [2] 1:11 8:21
death [1] 74:8	differently [1] 34:22	earlier [5] 69:20 71:24 90:9	13 :16,20 36 :23 48 :9 53 :24	federal [33] 6:18 12:8 19:7,
debate [1] 52:6	difficult [4] 45:23 50:2 89:	91:21 95:2	93: 25 97: 22	17,25 21: 5 29: 20,21 34: 14
debut [1] 64:17	6 91 :24	easy [1] 45:12	exactly [11] 6:10 27:20 38:	35: 1,13 36: 6 53: 1,2 57: 13,
decades [3] 7:17 42:20,20	difficulty [1] 96:2	Edition [1] 78:8	10 42 :5 43 :1 57 :1,19,24	15,21 58: 4,5 62: 20,21 65:
decide [14] 19:8 26:15 27:8,	dingo [7] 26:20,23 27:1,3,5	effort [1] 66:11	61:8 80:11 97:17	19,25 66: 6,21,22 83: 6,11,
11,17,19,19,24 32 :14 45 :	46: 1,4	either [1] 17:24	examine [1] 92:15	25 85:12,13,16 86:2
12 58:12 67:1 68:22 93:16	direct [6] 7:22 8:2 52:4,25	electronic [4] 22:7 23:10	example [10] 17:19 67:15	federalize [1] 4:2
decided [1] 33:1	83: 20,23	94 :18,21	68:3 69:3 71:8,14 78:24	federalized [1] 36:7
decision [6] 3:22 32:16 38:	direction [1] 38:18	elide [1] 42:14	81:9 84:3 85:10	federalizes [2] 34:23 66:
13 41 :10 44 :11 60 :23	directions [1] 60:25	eliminate [1] 44:2	examples [1] 16:14	10
decisions [1] 48:5	directly [9] 7:7 32:25 34:16	Elks [1] 27:22	except [3] 40:3 68:18 93:	federalizing [2] 6:4 86:22
L	1	L	1	I

	Offic	ial - Subject to Final R	leview	
federally [1] 29:14	funny [1] 32:6	governor [1] 18:6	16	incorrect [1] 89:5
few [2] 76:7 80:15	further [6] 37:3 53:10 66:5	governors [1] 18:19	hours [2] 58:7 85:21	independent [1] 61:14
Fifth [7] 4:11 12:16 34:25	92:21 94:12 97:24	governs [2] 40:1 64:23	House [4] 74:12 75:3,4 97:	Indian [26] 11:21 14:3 16:4
37:12 40:3 78:8 96:12	G	grandmother [2] 29:1 95:	10	17:7 24:19 30:12 36:23 44:
figure [2] 31:7,11		2	However [3] 8:14 35:14 71:	15 50: 4 54: 25 55: 7,11,14
final [10] 5:1 6:23,24 9:11,	gam [1] 10:16	grant [11] 5:12,16,21 20:13,	18	56:3,8,16 59:12 60:13 61:
12,18 30: 1 52: 8 74: 25 75:	gambling [17] 6:25 7:12	23 37: 4 47: 20 48: 19,21 60:	HR [1] 53:23	11,24 62: 10,18 63: 9,16 64:
13	53 :14,15 65 :22 66 :4,6,14	17 96: 18	huge [3] 43:13 44:13 84:5	9 97 :21
Finally [1] 97:16	67:12 71:20 80:5,12 83:17	grants [1] 96:17	humming [1] 88:24	Indians [2] 39:15 69:22
financial [2] 70:10 71:2	86:8 93: 1,24 94: 2	grapple [1] 60:9	hurdle [1] 51:1	indication [1] 72:21
find [4] 55:17 59:16 74:22,	game [10] 4:4 7:21 23:17	grasp [1] 30:3	hurt [1] 59: 19	inevitably [1] 44:5
23	45 :3 57 :19 69 :23 83 :2 93 :	greatly [1] 12:15	hurts [1] 79:23	informative [1] 80:2
finding [2] 19:15 74:9	2,5 95: 5	group [1] 69:2	hypothetical [3] 25:15 28:	infrequently [1] 45:19
fine [1] 43: 24	games [12] 3:14 4:3 5:5 10:	guess [13] 21:1 24:19,21	2 33 :7	infringements [1] 64:21
first [16] 3:4 6:13 11:16 13:	6,8,10,16 23: 25 34: 24 39:	25:18 30:22 31:8,16 58:14	hypotheticals [2] 33:8 80:	injunction [7] 19:16 20:16,
7,8 19: 11 42: 16 45: 11 52:	16 85:18 94:19	64: 16 76: 6 82: 6 90: 4,8	9	19 53: 5 83: 7 84: 21 85: 6
14 56 :16 60 :9 66 :13 76 :9	gaming [68] 3:19 4:8,21 5:	guide [1] 62:23		injunctive [3] 20:14 58:4
79: 25 95: 3,24	8,20 6: 5,13,20,25 7: 1,2,12	H		83: 15
fits [2] 13:14 33:5	9:19,21 11:21 14:3,20,25	half [1] 48:22	idea [2] 11:2 85:9	insertion [2] 73:8,10
five [2] 46:18 51:21	17: 8,21 18: 1 19: 18 24: 4,		ideal [1] 27:9	inserts [1] 48:8
flatly [2] 3:15 93:12	19,22,25 30: 12 32: 23 33:	halls [1] 86:8	identification [1] 28:18	inside [1] 91:24
flexibility [1] 52:23	10 35: 3,18 36: 19,20,23 37:	hand [1] 75:12	identified [1] 46:10	insight [1] 91:23
flip [1] 12: 7	1 38: 5,6,9 39: 18,23 41: 4	handed [2] 8:21,23	IGARA [1] 91:4	inspect [1] 92:10
floor [2] 74:17 97:11	44:22 48:20 50:4 51:18 52:	happened [3] 9:7,7 52:12	ignore [2] 42:15 49:19	inspections [1] 67:9
focus [2] 37:21 71:21	10,17 53: 15 55: 23 57: 16	happening [1] 10:7	ignores [1] 66:13	instance [3] 60:12 93:22
focused [2] 9:4 71:24	67:16,17 68:10 70:4,12 71:	happens [1] 82:2	IGRA [60] 4 :16 17 :10,13 18 :	94 :9
focuses [1] 38:5	13,13 79: 11,11 82: 23 83: 9,	happy [2] 7:10 79:4	1 20: 4,5 21: 6,11 24: 2,3,6,	instant [1] 95:5
follow [6] 18:25 41:17 44:1	12,18 86:13 89:17 91:2 97:	hard [2] 49:21 50:6	12,17 25: 5,10,18,21,23 26:	instead [4] 44:21 46:18 52:
47:4 61: 21 63: 25	20,21	harder [2] 50:22,24	9 28 :10 29 :16 39 :9 42 :4,5	20 85: 11
follow-on [2] 47:8,11	gather [1] 94:20	heading [1] 84:18	43: 1,1,8,15 44: 5,11,12 45:	intended [7] 58:8,9 81:4
follow-up [1] 50:13	gauntlet [1] 30:13	hear [2] 3:3 45:25 heard [3] 46:3 68:15 79:25	19 46: 6 47: 2 48: 24 49: 1,	88:21 91:6 97:11,22
following [2] 30:22 79:9	gave [3] 14:5 24:15 71:9 General [7] 1:20,24 17:22		11,21 50 :9 58 :11 81 :9 87 :	intending [1] 15:7
forbidden [3] 15:1,20 17:		hearing [2] 28:13 38:25	8,11,12,23,25,25 89: 2,13,	intent [1] 91:19
21	41:12 50:5 51:19 63:14 generally [12] 47:25 53:2	hearkening [1] 12: 19 heavily [1] 82: 3	15,25 90: 8,10,12,21,23 91: 2,4 95: 11,14	interest [1] 71:18
forbids [1] 36:25	55 :2 56 :21 60 :9 62 :13 64 :	heels [2] 3:22 41:10	II [1] 42: 10	interesting [4] 6:22 8:20
foreclosed [1] 3:18		help [3] 12:12 32:16 59:18		20 :12 59 :7
forecloses [1] 4:5	11,22 67 :24 68 :17 87 :3 93 : 23	helps [3] 12:14 28:9 79:2	III [1] 42:10 image [1] 12:7	interests [2] 66:1 71:17
Forget [1] 42:2	23 generator [1] 29:7	hereby [1] 6:15	immunity [4] 18:7,11,14	Interior [1] 74:16
form [4] 9:2 56:9 66:19 93:	genuine [1] 19:6	herein [1] 20: 15	61:6	interpret [3] 34:17 66:10
15	•	hesitant [1] 18:11	implicate [1] 15:7	72:4
former [1] 62:8	gets [4] 28:3 29:15 58:12 86:2	high [3] 58:10 65:21 71:20	implications [2] 47:8,11	interpretation [8] 3:21 4:6
forms [1] 86:13	getting [2] 87:1 89:14	higher [1] 51:1	implied [1] 62:21	11,12,14 54: 25 59: 9 61: 1
Fort [1] 1:18	give [10] 32:23 33:2 34:8	hinges [1] 88:13	important 5 40:23 60:11,	interpreted [3] 48:18 76:
forth [3] 7:10 8:17 23:21	45 :22,23 51 :24 67 :15 70 :	historic [2] 95:6.6	14 61:23 97:12	11 80: 24
fortunately [1] 85:3	24 72: 21 77: 2	historically [1] 55:11	imported [1] 35:10	interpreting [1] 41:8
found [1] 46:20	given [6] 38:16 75:21 79:6,	history [7] 7:18 8:4,5 37:13	importing [1] 34:15	interrupt [1] 79:7
founding [1] 63:10	6.7 83:6	55: 6,8 56: 2	imports [1] 34:11	introduced [1] 53:23
Four [1] 95:24	gives [1] 21:4	home [1] 84:4	impose [1] 56:24	invitation [1] 65:22
frame [1] 71:19	GORSUCH [33] 17:6,15,17	honest [1] 30:10	inability [1] 12:20	involve [1] 44:18
framed [1] 56:2	18: 2,13,17,22 33: 22 41: 16	honestly [1] 60:2	include [4] 53:13 68:17 82:	involved [1] 86:12
framework [14] 3:17 4:1,	42: 12 43: 19,21,25 44: 23	Honor [74] 5:14,18 6:1,12,	15,16	involves [1] 88:17
16 6: 3 26: 10 34: 12,15 37:	45 :25 49 :16,24 61 :4,5,10	22 7 :25 8 :8,18 9 :3,22 10 :	included [1] 71:25	involving [2] 88:15 93:2
11 44: 21 48: 23 51: 16 58: 4	86: 14,24 87: 5,19,22 88: 2,6,		includes [2] 69:15 72:3	isn't [9] 24:25 34:13,16 58:
66 :15 71 :11	12 89: 12,23 90: 3,19 94: 13	13,18 11 :16,24 12 :15 13 : 15 14 :2,16 15 :3,11,18 16 :2,		17 61:10 66:20 77:18 83:
frankly [1] 30:25	Gorsuch's [3] 20:3 47:4	7,11,22 17: 5,23 18: 10,21	incorporate [4] 25:19,20	23 89 :12
free [1] 17:8		7,11,22 17:5,23 18:10,21 19:11 20:10 21:7,9,15,21	51: 16 97:11	isolate [1] 61:25
• ·	50 .13	13.11 ZU.10 ZI.7,9,13,21		issue [8] 12:16 18:10,12 19
	50:13	22.2 10 20 24.7 2E.7 20-4	incorporated 1710.45 05.	
friend [3] 39:13 50:18 75:9	got [3] 5:3 49:25 66:4	23: 3,10,20 24: 7 25: 7 26: 1	incorporated [7] 8:15 25:	6 57:3 83:21 84:2 95:11
friend [3] 39:13 50:18 75:9 friends [1] 13:2	got [3] 5:3 49:25 66:4 govern [1] 97:22	27:6,10 28:1,14,23 29:5,11,	18,22,23 75: 18 87: 13 89:	issued [2] 81:2 84:21
friend ^[3] 39:13 50:18 75:9 friends ^[1] 13:2 full ^[1] 7:17	got ^[3] 5:3 49:25 66:4 govern ^[1] 97:22 governing ^[3] 44:13,15,22	27: 6,10 28: 1,14,23 29: 5,11, 22 30: 7 32: 1 33: 13 34: 22	18,22,23 75: 18 87: 13 89: 15	issued ^[2] 81:2 84:21 issues ^[4] 17:14 29:4 85:5
friend ^[3] 39:13 50:18 75:9 friends ^[1] 13:2 full ^[1] 7:17 function ^[1] 61:11	got ^[3] 5:3 49:25 66:4 govern ^[1] 97:22 governing ^[3] 44:13,15,22 government ^[6] 40:25 59:	27: 6,10 28: 1,14,23 29: 5,11, 22 30: 7 32: 1 33: 13 34: 22 35: 7,24 56: 10 69: 24 70: 5,	18,22,23 75 :18 87 :13 89 : 15 incorporates [7] 4 :1 25 :11	issued [2] 81:2 84:21 issues [4] 17:14 29:4 85:5 86:8
freedom [1] 5:7 friend [3] 39:13 50:18 75:9 friends [1] 13:2 full [1] 7:17 function [1] 61:11 functions [2] 56:15 68:7	got ^[3] 5:3 49:25 66:4 govern ^[1] 97:22 governing ^[3] 44:13,15,22 government ^[6] 40:25 59: 18,19,20 61:5 65:25	27 :6,10 28 :1,14,23 29 :5,11, 22 30 :7 32 :1 33 :13 34 :22 35 :7,24 56 :10 69 :24 70 :5, 25 71 :5 72 :19 75 :16 76 :14	18,22,23 75 :18 87 :13 89 : 15 incorporates [7] 4 :1 25 :11 26 :9 34 :19 76 :10 88 :1,2	issued ^[2] 81:2 84:21 issues ^[4] 17:14 29:4 85:5 86:8 Itasca ^[1] 12:21
friend ^[3] 39:13 50:18 75:9 friends ^[1] 13:2 full ^[1] 7:17 function ^[1] 61:11	got ^[3] 5:3 49:25 66:4 govern ^[1] 97:22 governing ^[3] 44:13,15,22 government ^[6] 40:25 59:	27: 6,10 28: 1,14,23 29: 5,11, 22 30: 7 32: 1 33: 13 34: 22 35: 7,24 56: 10 69: 24 70: 5,	18,22,23 75:18 87:13 89: 15 incorporates [7] 4:1 25:11 26:9 34:19 76:10 88:1,2 incorporating [3] 4:24 11:	issued ^[2] 81:2 84:21 issues ^[4] 17:14 29:4 85:5 86:8

 17,20
 92:3
 93:18
 94:23
 97:
 6,20

 Heritage Reporting Corporation

		ial - Subject to Final R		
J	Kavanaugh [12] 33:23 47:	legislative [8] 7:18 8:4,5	March [1] 8:9	money [2] 46:23 86:9
judge [1] 83:25	3 61 :20,21 62 :7,25 63 :22	37 :13 66 :8 77 :24 78 :13 91 :		month [1] 33:14
juris [1] 25:12	64:5 79:6,15 81:25 82:12	14	6,7,9 5 :14,18 6 :1,7,12,19	months [5] 14:2 16:9 36:
jurisdiction [49] 4:7 5:12,	Kavanaugh's [2] 49:18 88:	legitimate [1] 46:25	7: 25 9: 3 10: 13,18,24 11:	17 51 :7 55 :20
17,22 12: 9,10,18,24 13: 5	11 key [1] 73: 21	length [1] 86:15	16 12 :14 13 :15 14 :1,16,23 15 :3,11,18,22 16 :2,6,11,22	Moreover [1] 78:2
15: 6,16 18: 5 19: 8 20: 1 21:	Kickapoo [4] 29:13 91:1,	Lenity [2] 55:6 62:9 less [2] 33:2 90:7	17: 1,2,5,11,16,22 18: 2,6,11,22 17: 1,2,5,11,16,22 18: 9,20	morning [1] 3:4 most [3] 31:4 80:25 85:5
4 37: 5,9 47: 21,22 48: 2,3,8,	21,22	level [2] 40:11,14	19: 11 20: 2,8,10 21: 7,9,13,	most [1] 29:3
13 65: 24 66: 17,24 67: 6 69:	kind ^[13] 11:3 12:6 27:20	license [1] 12:20	21,24 22: 6,11,15,22 23: 2,9,	Ms [53] 65:13,16 67:19,23
11 70: 17 73: 12 76: 17,18,	46 :13 59 :17 60 :1,4,6,14,18	lies [1] 30:13	18,25 25 :7,10,14,21 26 :1,4,	
19,23 77: 2,22,25 78: 4,6,10,	61: 25 64: 15 76: 18	light [6] 7:6,7 74:4,6,19 78:	7,24 27: 1,4,10,15,17 28: 1,	71: 5.8 72: 13 73: 20 74: 23
14 79: 2 83: 6 84: 9 96: 18,	kinds [4] 43:6 59:22 76:18	20	22 29 :3 30 :7,21 31 :14,25	75 :16,25 76 :14 77 :20 79 :
19,21,23,25	84: 15	lightly [2] 61:6,12	32: 3,8 34: 18 35: 16,21,24	14,24 82: 9,14 83: 4,14 84:
jurisdictional [1] 96:17	knows [2] 13:9 16:25	lights [1] 22:18	36 :4 75 :9 95 :19,20,22	19 85:25 86:19 87:4,10,21,
jurisprudence [2] 55:9,16		limit [2] 37:9 58:22	Massachusetts [1] 88:15	24 88:4,9,17,22 89:4,15 90:
Justice [273] 1:21 3:3,9 5:		limitations [1] 83:16	matching [1] 95:3	2,9,22 91: 8,13,17,20 92: 3,
11,15,23 6 :6,10,17 7 :4,5 8 :	label [1] 65:3	limited [5] 42:24 57:13 70:	materia [1] 49:6	8,14 93: 7,18 94: 23 95: 10
24 9:23,24 10:1,2,14,23,25	land [2] 45:24 53:19	17 94: 5 96: 21	math [1] 29:7	much [14] 7:22 8:1 12:6 18:
12: 4 13: 6,21 14: 8,22,24	lands [10] 6:16 24:19 40:3	limiting [1] 86:9	matter [11] 1:13 24:23 38:	15 28: 13 33: 14 50: 24 51: 1,
15: 9,13,21,23 16: 3,8,13 17: 1,3,6,15,17 18: 2,13,17,22,	41 :1 42 :20 44 :15 60 :17 62 : 18 63 :19 79 :12	limits [3] 37:7,8 67:11	15 39:17 41:11 69:14 70:	10 72:21 76:4 81:22 90:23
24 20: 2,3,9 21: 1,8,10,16,	language [30] 3:20,23 4:19	line [4] 64:1 91:7 96:4,5	14,21 81 :10 86 :5 90 :16	91: 23
18,23 22: 4,8,13,20,24 23: 6,	11: 3,19 13: 17 25: 19 36: 22	lines [4] 32:10 33:9 43:9	mean [36] 7:5,16,20 9:17	multiple [1] 77:17
12,14,15,22 24 :8,9,9,11 25 :	41 :11,19 49 :9,15 51 :21 53 :	71:7	10 :5 12 :5 13 :24 16 :4 21 :	must [1] 4:8
9,13,16,25 26: 2,5,11,12,12,	14,21,25 54: 7,10 55: 21 72:	linked [1] 73:6	11,21 25 :2 27 :8 31 :2,11,23	N
13,22,25 27: 2,7,13,16,18	5,9,12,18,19 81 :8,22 87 :14	litigation [1] 72:17 little [1] 75:9	34 :10 40 :12 44 :10,12,12 45 :7 48 :2 50 :15 55 :1,2 59 :	name [1] 22:13
28: 16,25 29: 25 30: 18,18,	88:9 90:13 97:14	live [1] 33:12	15 60 :1 68 :14 74 :9 77 :17	namely [1] 86:4
20,21,22 31:16,17 32:6 33:	LANORA [3] 1:24 2:10 65:	live-called [1] 23:4	79 :15 84 :7,7,16 85 :14,22	narrower [1] 72:11
21,21,23,24,25 34: 2,4,5,6,	14	living [1] 88:25	meaning [11] 4:9 14:14 15:	narrowly [1] 47:10
8 35: 11,19,21,22,25 36: 8,9,	larger [4] 67:11 71:10 72:	loaded [1] 84:1	19 38 :17 47 :18 49 :4 50 :21	nations [2] 63:10,21
15 37: 17,22 38: 1,22 39: 4,	24 78: 23	logic [1] 87:5	70:8 75: 22 77:3 78: 15	natural [1] 10:11
24 40 :5 41 :16 42 :12 43 :4,	last [1] 21:17	long [5] 40:20 43:16 55:6,8	meanings [2] 15:15 38:21	nearly [1] 80:12
7,18,19,20,21,24,25 44: 23,	later [2] 38:14 51:21	64: 20	means ^[4] 39:7 48:19 67:	necessarily [3] 78:7 80:10
24,25 45 :10,14,16,25 47 :3,	Laughter [6] 18:16 22:10	longer [1] 85:3	25 96: 20	88:5
4,5,23 49: 1,16,17,24 50: 12,	26 :21 29 :2 32 :2,7	look [12] 12:5 22:9,18 41:	meant [2] 11:22 77:12	necessary [4] 72:20,22 86:
13,15 51: 4,24 53: 6,7,8,9,9,	law [84] 4:2 6:5,8,18 8:25 9:	12,13 48: 6 49: 4 51: 6,9 72:	Meanwhile [1] 5:6	20 87:14
11,12 54: 1,4,7,13,16,19,22	4 10: 5 13: 10 23: 17 24: 13,	10 74: 5 88: 24	mechanism । ३३:९३:७३:३,	necessitated [2] 84:25 86: 3
55: 24 56: 11,11,13,21 57: 1, 4,9,17 58: 14 59: 1,3,3,4,6,	24 29 :20,21 32 :24 33 :18 34 :13,14,19,23 35 :1,13,13	looking [4] 5:18 15:14 72:	5	o need [9] 14:19 40:24 55:13
4,9,17 58. 14 59. 1,3,3,4,0, 15 60: 1 61: 3,3,5,10,19,19,	36: 2,18,21 37: 2,7 39: 17	13 74: 2	medical [1] 40:14	56 :16 62 :19 63 :1 79 :21,21
21,22,23 62: 7,25 63: 22,23,	40 :19 42 :19,22 43 :6,8 44 :	looks [6] 7:21 21:19,25 22:	meet [1] 71:2	87:15
23,25 64: 5,17,25 65: 9,10,	13,14,22 46 :19,22,24 47 :	2,5,6	members [1] 79:8	negative [2] 42:13 44:6
13,17 67: 3,14,20 68: 11,18,	21 48: 15,16,21 49: 4,6 50: 8	lose [3] 15:9,12 76:6 lost [1] 94:16	mens [1] 62:5	negotiation [1] 17:24
25 69: 13,17,20,25 70: 6,10,	51:16 52:5,11,18,25 53:1	lot [8] 8:3 34:10 38:20,21	mentioned [1] 75:2 mere [2] 39:4 69:1	neutral [2] 83:25 84:2
23 71 :1,6 72 :6 73 :13,21	56:17 57:13 58:21 60:15,	50: 21 79: 25 85: 23 97: 4	merely [1] 30:6	never [1] 8:16
74:15 75:8,25 76:15 77:6	20 62:22 63:18 66:6,11,22	lotteries [1] 94:10	method [2] 38:8 46:14	next [3] 40:7 59:12 93:16
79:6,15 80:14,17 81:25 82:	67:2,15 68:21 69:9 70:22	lottery [4] 7:12 53:15 68:3	mid-2000s [1] 78:25	NIGC [6] 18:1 29:12,16 42:
12 83:4 84:5,6 85:8 86:14,	71: 11,21 75: 21 76: 10,11	93 :9	middle [1] 31:6	7 58: 11,12
24 87:5,19,22 88:2,6,11,12,	78:8 79:10 81:11 83:24 86:	love [1] 45:25	midnight [1] 86:9	nominally [1] 89:9
22 89:12,23 90:3,19,20,25	7,22 89:2 90:10 93:12 95:	low [2] 71:15,19	might [3] 47:14 80:17 83:	non-charitable [1] 84:13
91 :9,15,18 92 :1,5,11,18,20,	9 96: 12,19	lower [1] 89:4	25	non-prohibited [1] 4:21
21,22,23 93: 13 94: 11,11,	laws [26] 6:14,20 7:15 16:	Μ	military [1] 39:6	Nor [1] 34:21
13,14,15 95: 8,16,17,22 97:	18 29: 20 35: 2 36: 6,6 53:		Mills [2] 63:12 82:24	normal [4] 11:1,9,15 14:11
8,25	16 56: 24 57: 7,14 67: 17 68:	machine [11] 19:1,9,13 21:	mind [4] 11:14 26:17 30:2	normally [3] 45:2,4 80:20
Justice's [2] 41:17 71:14 Justices [1] 96:1	23 72 :1,3,7 73 :15,16 77 :23 82 :14,14,16 83 :21 92 :17,	20 22: 1,3,7,9 23: 8 27: 3 31:	56 :14	not-for-profit [2] 70 :15 71 :
	82:14,14,16 83:21 92:17, 24	machines [7] 23:10 24:12	mine [1] 43:12	4 not-for-profits [1] 58:15
K	lay [1] 45:24	26 :16 31 :10,22 94 :21,24	mining [1] 46:17	noted [2] 67:3 68:19
KAGAN [23] 10:23 12:4 13:	least [2] 63:17 75:19	made [7] 9:5,19 11:7 32:16	minute [1] 51:25	nothing [2] 20:15 48:18
6 20: 2,9 21: 1,8,10 30: 20,	left [1] 74:6	66:2 68:20 78:3	minutes [2] 51:21 80:15	number [7] 19:23 28:6 29:
21 31 :16 32 :6 47 :23 51 :4	legal [1] 50:5	major [1] 59:14	mirror [1] 12 :7 mirroring [1] 36 :22	7 80:8,22 82:19 84:11
59 :3,4 60 :1 67 :3 75 :25 76 :	legally [1] 23:17	manner [1] 3:13	misread [1] 29:18	numbers [6] 19:3 22:25 46:
15 80:17 84:5 85:8	legislation 5 7:23 16:15	many [5] 13:22,24 54:15 58:	misspoke [2] 84:7 90:9	8,9,11 95: 3
Kagan's [1] 61:22	37:15 48:4 51:13	6 89 :8	modifies [1] 14:20	
				l

Official - Subject to Final Review

bigst (1) C Other (1) C C Desitive (1) Postive (1) <		Offic	ial - Subject to Final R	eview	
Optionus Onter (PM 4:16 17:14 20:7 bet/star) 22/22 5 27:21 22:03 38:9 besites (P1 4:27 besites (P1 4:2	0	originally [1] 75:4	people [11] 14:13 19:2 22:	9,14,16,19 94: 21 96: 10,10	75:5 76:1,5 80:23 81:5,15,
obvious (m. 78.8.22.1.4.) 44.24.8.9.4.8.6.6.97.9.8.9 perfactly (m. 6.1) possibility (m. 6.1)		other [26] 4:18 17:14 20:7	21,22,25 27: 21 28: 20 38: 9	positive [1] 44:7	· · ·
obviously 07:10 9:12 572.7 27.43.17 75:11.20 pointage II 41:2 4 74:17, pointage II 41:2 4 74:17, pointage II 41:2 4 74:17, pointage II 41:2 4 74:17, pointage II 42:16 80:15 62:11 if 41:12 41:15.01.01:12:10, pointage II 41:12 4 71:15.01.01:12:10, pointage II 41:11:17:13, pointage II 41:12:10, pointage II 41:12:10, pointage II 41:11:17:13, pointage II 41:12:10, pointage II 41:12:10, pointage II 41:11:17:13, pointage II 41:12:10, pointage II 41:11:17:13, pointage II 41:12:10, pointage II 41:11:17:13, pointage II 41:11:17:13, pointage II 41:12:10, pointage II 41:11:17:13, pointage II 41:11:17:13, pointage II 41:11:11:11:11:11:11:11:11:11:11:11:11:1	-	29 :13 32 :9 33 :8 47 :9 51 :6	68:5 74:17 79:19	possess [1] 40:12	prohibited [66] 4:2,4 5:5 6:
odd H97:16 74:50.08:10 77:77:e1:68:8.8:10.85; 21 permanent H814 persite H815 persit H815 persite H815 pe					5,14,15,20 7: 2,13 9: 19,21
offense (197:16 70:16 15 9 (13 197:0 70:16 15 9 (13 197:0 70:16 15 9 (13 197:0 70:16 15 9 (13 197:0 70:16 15 9 (13 197:0 70:16 25 18 (16 198:16 20) 20 (72 112) (12 22:12 (24 10) 20 (12 112) (12 112) (12 112) (12 12) (12 12) (12 112) (12 12) (12 11			perhaps [3] 41:24 74:17,		10: 4,12 11: 1,5,9,10,15,25
offer in 33:2 66:4 offer in 32:2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		21		14: 11,13,18,19,20 15: 2,5,
officer (#4265 Outraside #76582:17 points with 1185:15 points 1185:15 points 1185:15 poi				post-Arbaugh [2] 48:1 78:	15,25 16 :5 19 :18 23 :23 24 :
orfficer (in \$3:5:7:27.72:9) Orffield (in \$3:5:7:27.72:7) Definit (in \$3:2.7) Definit					4 25: 11 26: 6,10 30: 5 34:
12.13 207.711:214 22:24:24 13:13 14:12 14:13 14:13 14:14 14:13 14:13 13:13 13:13 13:13 14:13 14:13 13:13 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>24 35:17,20 36:19 37:2,18,</td>			-		24 35: 17,20 36: 19 37: 2,18,
official (1117):16 20:14:12:13:16:32:24:32:3 10:00			-		20,20,24 38: 6,7 39: 7 40: 8,
offsite mas:a 7.46:23.66:14.87:25.89:24 40:10.83:29 23:10.10.02.14.07.14 27.73:16.89:20.00.10;12 24:20.25:25.26:11.277:34 24:56:91:37.41:0.63:19.66 23:120.85:15.91:93 persol molecular 117:12:2 prohibiting Misc2 prohibiting M			,		
okay 199107 162 2312 1912 230 2522 2611277.36 2112 713 712 0319 66 2112 713 712 0319 66 3 263 37.22 40:16 32:19 2914 877.78,16 23 892 085:15 89:19 90; pre-clearance 19 84:22 pre-clearance				•	
24:20 28:25 26:11 27:34 21:4 27:31:6 21:4 27:31:6					
5 38: 37:22 40:15 52:1 29 17,61:0 28 17,20 10:59:0 presentation 10:71:39 24 313.0 24 313.0 24 313.0 64:13 21 67:20 73:19 744 outright 13 72:20 73:18 presonal 140:14 92:16 precisely 10:92:172:11 81: 7 38:24 41:22 58:10 7 38:24 41:22 58:10 7 38:24 41:22 58:10 7 38:24 41:22 58:10 7 38:24 41:22 58:10 7 38:24 41:22 58:10 7 38:24 41:22 58:10 7 38:24 41:22 58:10 7 38:24 41:22 28:10 7 38:24 41:23 38:11 7 38:24 41:23 38:11 7 38:24 41:23 38:11 7 38:24 41:23 38:11 7 38:24 41:23 38:11 7 38:24 41:23 38:11 7 38:24 41:23 38:11 7 38:24 41:23 38:12 7 38:32 38:12 7 38:11 7 38:24 41:12 7 38:11 7 38:24 41:12 7 38:11 7 38:24 41:12 7 38:11 7 38:24 41:12 7 38:11 7 38:11	-				
64:13.21 67:20 73:19 744 Outlight [# 37:20 73:18 Is 95:37:18 Is 95:17 Is 95:18 Is 95:17 Is 95:18 Is 95:17:18 Is 95:18 <				•	
B8:6 Outright M01/2 / 11/2 Outright M01/2 / 11/2 Definition W01/2 / 11/2 Definit W01/2 / 11/2 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td></th<>				•	
Idd 107-14 Clastic mode 14/37:14 51:12 80:21 Clastic mode 14/37:14 51:12				precise [3] 19:21 72:11 81:	
Once [#] 37:14 51:12 80:24 Dist 24:10 55: Dist 24:10 55: Dist 24:20 55: Dis 25: Dist 24:20 55: Di				1	
B412 District District <thdistrict< th=""> District <thd< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></thd<></thdistrict<>					
Dre Public Visit P3 2013 910 01 17 21 39 812 Public Visit P3 2013 17 21 Public Visit P3 2013 17 21 11.12 11:19 13:23 17:14 171:16 77:13 98:25 87:13 7320 74:23 75:14 72:16 73:11 73:88:20 99:7.92 17 12:11:19 13:23 17:14 23:15 23 17:13 28:12 voerlook Ni 106:18 93:25 87:13 73:20 74:23 75:14 72:16 73:11 73:88:20 99:7.92 17 28:15 22 31:1 32:13 32:13 32:13 32:13 32:13 32:13 32:13 32:13 32:13 32:13 32:13 32:13 33:14 20 51:15 21 voerlook Ni 106:18 93:66 87:13 73:20 74:23 75:10 77:18 94:23 95:10 prohibitory/ 10:3:24 76:28 81:05 84:16 97:1 0 voerlook Ni 109:17 87:16 91:17 83:14 91:17 83:14 91:12 22:24 84 10 voerlook Ni 109:17 87:16 91:17 87:16 91:17 87:16 91:17 87:16 91:17 87:16 21:4 41:4 68:19 77:16 0 voerlook Ni 109:17 87:16 91:17 87					-
111:11:11:11:11:11:11:11:11:11:11:11:11					
16:221:17 23:615 24:14 Overlook III 02:20 025 7614 77:20 79:14.24 78:88:20 89:7,9.21 29:15.25 31:1 32:13 35:5 overlook III 02:20 overlook III 02:20 prepared III 65:3 problet III 30:5 Problet IIII 30:5 Problet III 30:5 Proble					
29:16.25 31:1 32:13 35:5 Overly 11 41:7 27:61 417.20 717.20 77.2 prepring 11 33:15 prohibitory/11 32:4 29:9 64:24 66:7 60:20 61: overly 11 41:27 25:86:19 87:4,10,21,24 88: prespring 11 33:15 prohibitory/11 32:4 7 62:2 29:22 72:8 75:27 68:24 97:76:88 81:6 86:4 88: 79:10 overly 11 41:24 97:78:88 11:6 86:6 48: 79:10 97:78:88 11:6 86:6 48: 79:10 97:78:89 11:6 86:6 48: 79:10 97:78:89 11:6 86:6 48: 79:10 97:78:89 11:6 86:6 11:3 97:78:89 11:6 86:6 11:3 97:78:89 11:6 86:6 11:3 97:78:89 11:6 86:6 11:3 97:78:89 11:6 11:3 97:78:16 97:78:16 97:78:16 97:78:16 97:16 97:78:16 97:16 97:78:16 97:16 97:78:16 97:18 97:78:16 97:18 97:78:16 97:18 97:78:16 97:18 97:78:16 97:18 97:78:16 97:18 97:78:16 97:18 97:78:16 97:11 92:22 47:63 97:78:16 97:18 97:78:16 97:11 92:22 47:13 97:78:16 97:18 97:78:16 97:18 97:78:16 97:18 97:78:16 97:11 92:19 97:78:16 97:18 97:78:16 97:13 97:78:16 97:13 97:78:16 97:13 97:78:16 97:13 97:78:16 97:13 97:78:16 97:13 97:78:16 97:13 97:78:16 97:16 97:13 97:78:16 97:13 97:78:16 97:13 97:78:16 97:16 97:12 97:78:16 97:16 97:12 97:78:16 97:16 97:12 97:78:16 97:16 97:12 97:78:16 97:16 97:12 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
44:14 46:8, 19 47:16 85:12 overruile [14:2:16 47:6 bit 10:2:7 bit 10:7:8 bit 10:7:9 bit 10:7:1:9 bit 10:9:1:1:9 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
52:9 54:24 56:7 60:20 61: overuing [0.41:24] provide [0.42:4] provid					
7 62:2 69:22 72:8 75:23 76:8, 8 81:6 864: 48:7 91:3 90 vorsight (9 7:6 86:64) 90 vorturning (19 87:6 86:64) 91 (19 24: 27:25 29:13 90 vorturning (19 89:3) 90 vorturning (19 80:3) 90 vorturning (19 80:1) 90 vorturni					
76:8.8 81:6 86:4 86:7 91:3 32:4 94:15 95:4.15 97:1 ones [2] 44:7 85:7 ongoing [1] 66:6 overturn [3] 86:17 87:16, 20 10					
92:4 94:15 95:4,15 97:1 overturn [0] 86:17 87:16, 20 pharmaccuticals [1] 80:8 pressert [1] 40:24 pressert [1] 40:24 0 ongoing [10] 66:6 overturn [0] 86:17 87:16, 20 overturn [0] 86:17 87:16, 20 pressert [1] 40:24 pressert [1] 40:24 0 opens [1] 85:18 0 overturn [0] 86:17 87:16, 20 overturn [0] 86:17 87:16, 20 pressert [1] 40:24 pressert [-			
ones R2 44:7 85:7 ongoing U1 68:6 onyl U14:2 17:25 29:13 32:13 35:14,25 58:15,21 64:22 74:24 83:14 open (157:21 open 185:18 overturning (19 89:13 overturning (19 81:12 overturning				•	-
ongoing [1] 68:6 Coverturning [1] 89:13 Overturning [1] 89:13 Overuln [1] 89:13 Ove			-		
onty (mil 4:2 17:25 29:13) Own (a 29:3 72:23) Description (a 29:3 72:23) Description (a 29:3 72:23) Description (a 29:3 72:23) 0 pen (b 5:27 0 pen (b 5:16) 0 pen (b 5:16) 0 per (a 29:3 17:23) provide (a 29:11 5:13) pr					
32:13 36:14,25 58:15,21 0 <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		-			
64:22 74:24 83:14 open (1) 57:21 opens (1) 85:18 p p piece (3) 87:13 88:1,4 place (3) 37:13 88:1,4 provide (2) 71:19 49:21 51: provide (2) 71:19 49:21 51: provide (2) 72:19 49:21 51: provide (2) 72:12 49: provide (2) 72:19 49:21 40:19 51: provide (2) 72:12 49: provide (2) 72:12 49: provide (2) 72:19 49:21 42:22 43:84 40: primary (3) 46:5,7 66:12 primary (3) 46:5,7 66:12 primary (3) 46:5,7 66:12 principle (3) 40:19 61:19 60:19 principle (3) 40:19 61:19 60:19 principle (3) 40:19 61:19 60:19 principle (3) 60:19 61:16 principle (3) 80:19 problem (2) 23 61:7,8 principle (3) 22:4 46:7 problem (2) 23:4 46:7 problem (2) 23:4 46:7 problem (2) 23:4 46:7 problem (2) 23:16 principle (3) 80:19 principle (3) 80:19 principle (3) 80:19 problem (2) 23:16 23:14 principle (3) 80:19 principle (3) 80:19 pr	-				· .
Open [1] 57:21 opens [1] 56:18 operate [2] 23:16 58:22 operating [1] 91:2 operating [1] 91:2 opining [1] 20:20 opining [1] 20:20		PP	-		-
opens (1) 85:18 52:17 53:22,22 / 76:3 places (1) 77:18 10 55:19,20 58:10 75:14 providing (1) 58:3 operation [1] 91:2 page (1) 65:6 page (1) 65:6 page (1) 65:22 partion [2] 23:3,4 part (1) 49:6 part (1) 49:7 part (1) 49:6 part (1) 49:7 part (1) 49:	open [1] 57:21	PAGE [7] 2:2 8:18 49:10	-	nrotty [7] 21.10 49.21 51.	
operate [2] 23:16 58:22 operating [191:2 operations [2] 23:3,4 operations [2] 23:3,4 operations [2] 23:3,4 operative [2] 8:11 9:17 opining [1] 20:20 opining [1] 20:20 opining [1] 20:20 opining [1] 20:20 opining [1] 20:20 opining [1] 20:20 opinions [1] 11:19 opinions [1] 11:19 opioid [2] 32:8 33:7 opinions [1] 11:19 opioid [2] 32:4 8:16 cf. 16 60:10 69:23 70:3,23 71:1, 3 92:2 playing [4] 22:17 27:22 58: playing [4] 22:17 77:22 spassed [1] 7:24 8:16,257 cral [1] 1:14 22:2,59 3:7 36: 12 65:14 opposition [2] 52:4,24 opinit [1] 7:9 8:8 8:10 28: 12 65:14 order [2] 32:24 86:7 spassword [4] 68:4 69:23 pattern [4] 6:4,9 29:9 95:4 pattern [4] 6:4,9 29:9 95:4 patter	opens [1] 85:18	52:17 53:22,24 76:3	-		
operation [1] 91:2 operation [2] 23:3 paid [1] 46:23 parallels [0] 43:1 parallels [0] 43:1 15 parallels [0] 43:1 prevails [2] 21:6 53:2 prevent [0] 5:4 part [6] 8:14 23:3 55:15 56: c,7,16 60:10 69:23 70:3,23 previous [3] 6:23 8:2 84: previous [3] 6:23 8:2 84: primary [3] 46:27 66:17 previous [3] 6:16 43: proincip [6] 40:23 41:2 60: princip [6] 40:23 41:2 60: princip [6] 60:23 41:2 60: proposition [3] 60:19 61:16 proint [1] 7:19 2:8 8:10 78: problem [1] 7:10 7:7 password [3] 70:11,24 71: problem [3] 9:17,712 problem [1] 9:125 96:9 problem [1] 9:125 96:9 problem [1] 9:125 96:9 problem [1] 9:13 9:16 9:13 9:13 9:13 9:13 problem [1] 9:15 13 9:16 9:13 9:13 9:13 9:13 problem [1] 9:15 13 9:16 9:13 9:13 9:13 9:13 9:13 9:13 9:13 9:13	-			,	
operationalizes (I) 39:21 parallels (I) 43:1 part (I) 49:6 provisions (2) 23:3,4 provisions (2) 39:12 49: operations (2) 23:3,4 part (I) 49:6 part (I) 49:6 provisions (2) 39:12 49: provisions (2) 39:12 49: operations (2) 23:3,4 part (I) 81:4 23:3 55:15 66: for (I) 51:4 provisions (2) 39:12 49: provisions (2) 39:12 49: opinion (I) 12:17 30:9 38: Parte (I) 18:4 participate (I) 69:2 provisions (2) 39:12 49: provisions (2) 39:12 49: opinion (I) 11:19 participate (I) 69:2 participate (I) 69:2 provisions (2) 39:12 48: provisions (2) 39:12 48: opioids (I) 30:4 particularly (I) 41:9 partice (2) 72:16,20 primarly (I) 42:16 63:7 principle (I) 40:23 41:2 60: 10,17 94:1 96:19 opposite (I) 82:24,24 party (I) 83:25 password (2) 72:16,20 prim (I) 13:2:14 65:8 provie (2) 38:15 75:18 published (I) 78:9 opposite (I) 93:25 password (3) 70:11,24 71: password (3) 70:11,24 71: problematic (3) 90:7,712 problematic (3) 90:7,712 problematic (3) 90:7,712 order (2) 32:24 86:7 patt (II) 17:20 password (3) 70:11,24 71: 90:10 41:25 96:9 protim (I) 18:18 <t< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>	-				-
operations [2] 23:3,4 part [1] 49:6 part [1] 41:2 part part [1] 41:2 part part [1] 41:1 [2] 42:17 part part [1] 41:1 [2] 41:1 [2] 41:1 [2] 41:1 [2] 41:1 [2] 41:1 [2] 41:1 [2] 41:1 [2] 41:1 [2] 41:1 [2] 41:1 [2] 41:1 [2] 41:1 [2] 41:1 [2] 41:1 [2] 41:1		parallels [1] 43:1			
operative [2] 8:11 9:17 part [6] 8:14 23:3 55:15 56: 6,7,16 60:10 69:23 70:3,23 20 34:19 36:2,18 37:7 39:11 opining [1] 20:20 20 58:18 89:16 Parte [1] 18:4 participate [1] 69:2 participate [1] 69:2 71:1,3 92:2 previously [1] 87:15 primarily [1] 52:24 primary [3] 46:5,7 66:12 primary [3] 46:5,7 66:12 2 68:21 69:10,14 76:10, opioid [2] 32:8 33:7 19 86:4 95:4 particularly [1] 41:9 particularly [1] 41:19 particularly [1] 41:20 particularly [1] 41:32 particularly [1] 41:32 particularly [1] 41:19 p	operations [2] 23:3,4	pari [1] 49:6			
opining [1] 20:20 20 58:18 89:16 71:1,3 92:2 previously [1] 87:15 40:19,21 42:22 43:8 44: opinion [5] 12:17 30:9 38: participate [1] 69:2 played [3] 5:5 57:25 83:2 primarily [1] 5:24 47:21 48:16 50:8 51:16 4 16 47:13 63:12 participate [1] 69:2 played [3] 5:5 57:25 83:2 primarily [1] 52:24 47:21 48:16 50:8 51:16 4 opioid [2] 32:8 33:7 19 86:4 95:4 particularly [1] 41:9 23 46:2 65:17 95:23 principle [5] 40:23 41:2 60: 10,17 94:1 96:19 opposid [1] 78:24 partics [2] 72:16,20 pleased [1] 5:9 pleased [1] 5:9 prior [2] 38:15 75:18 published [1] 78:9 opposite [1] 93:25 passed [12] 7:24 8:16,25 9: point [11] 7:19 8:8 9:10 28: prior [2] 38:15 75:18 pueblos [1] 17:9 order [2] 32:24 86:7 order [2] 32:24 86:7 75:17,20 77:7 14 35:7 38:12 41:17 54:20, 25:1,8 41:6 45:1 46:20,24 98:19 90:13 ordinary [3] 15:15,19 50: passwords [4] 68:4 69:23 97:7,8,16 problems [2] 438:14 pursuing [1] 74:20 organization [4] 23:20 pattern [4] 6:4,9 29:9 95:4 points [1] 95:24 profit [3] 58:16 69:5 84:14 profit [3] 58:16 69:5 84:14 put [6] 28:18 33:13 46:22 13 organization [4] 23:20 pattern [4] 6:4,9	operative [2] 8:11 9:17	part [6] 8:14 23:3 55:15 56:			
opinion [5] 12:17 30:9 38: Parte [0] 18:4 participate [1] 69:2 participate [1] 69:2 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>					
16 47:13 63:12 participate (1) 69:2 parti	opinion [5] 12:17 30:9 38:	Parte [1] 18:4			
opinions [1] 11:19 particular [5] 9:1 26:15 80: 17 70:2 Principal [1] 1:24 81:11 86:6,11 89:2,10 90 opioid [2] 32:8 33:7 19 86:4 95:4 particular[1] 14:9 particular[1] 14:9 particular[1] 14:9 please [6] 3:10 36:16 43: principal [1] 1:24 81:11 86:6,11 89:2,10 90 opposid [1] 78:24 particular[1] 14:9 particular[1] 14:9 particular[1] 14:9 particular[1] 14:9 please [6] 3:10 36:16 43: principal [1] 1:24 81:11 86:6,11 89:2,10 90 opposite [1] 78:24 party [1] 88:24 party [1] 88:24 please [6] 3:10 36:16 43: principal [1] 1:24 published [1] 78:9 opposite [1] 93:25 passed [12] 7:24 8:16,25 9: point [17] 7:9 8:8 9:10 28: principal [1] 4:10 24:18 pueblos [1] 17:9 oral [7] 1:14 2:2,5,9 3:7 36: 75:17,20 77:7 password [3] 70:11,24 71: password [3] 70:11,24 71: 23 76:7 78:2,8 81:7 89:6 97:7,8,16 purpose [3] 24:38,14 pursuant [4] 52:16,20 70 ordinary [3] 15:15,19 50: past [1] 74:21 past [1] 16:14 process [1] 63:4 problems [2] 43:8,14 pursuant [4] 52:16,20 70 3 81:20 89:19 path [1] 74:21 points [1] 95:24 problems [2] 43:8,14 put [6] 28:18 33:13 46:22 3 9:7 69:5 84:13 pattors [1] 63:19 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2 68:21 69:10,14 76:10,11</td>					2 68:21 69:10,14 76:10,11
opioid [2] 32:8 33:7 19 86:4 95:4 particularly [1] 41:9 particularly [1] 41:13 particularly [1] 41:19 particularly [1] 41:19 particularly [1] 41:13 particularly [1	-	particular [5] 9:1 26:15 80:			81 :11 86 :6,11 89 :2,10 90 :
opioids [1] 30:4 opposed [1] 78:24 opposing [1] 86:21 opposing [1] 86:21 opposite [1] 93:25 opposition [2] 52:4,24 oral [7] 1:14 2:2,5,9 3:7 36: 12 65:14 order [2] 32:24 86:7 order [2] 32:24 86:7 organization [4] 23:20 381:20 89:19 organizations [4] 23:20 39:7 69:5 84:13 organized [1] 65:23 organized [1] 65:	-				
opposed [1] 78:24 opposing [1] 86:21 opposite [1] 93:25 oppositie [1] 93:25 oppositie [2] 72:4 8:16,25 9: passed [12] 7:24 8:16,25 9: polium [1] 18:15 point [17] 7:9 8:8 9:10 28: r5:17,20 77:7 password [3] 70:11,24 71: 8 point [3] 64:5 69:13 83: point [3] 64:5 69:13 83: 19 point [3] 15:15,19 50: 21 point [3] 54:16 69:5 84:14 points [1] 9:24 points [1] 9:23 points [1] 9:23 points [1] 9:23 points [1] 9:23 points [1] 9:24 points [1] 9:24 points [1] 9:24 points [1] 9:24 points [1] 9:24 points [1] 9:25 points [1] 9:24 points [1] 9:25 points [1] 9:24 points [1] 9:25 points [1] 9:23 poi	-				
opposing [1] 86:21 party [1] 83:24 passed [12] 7:24 8:16,25 9: passed [12] 7:24 8:16,25 9: passed [12] 7:24 8:16,25 9: podium [1] 18:15 prior [2] 38:15 75:18 pueblos [1] 17:9 opposition [2] 52:4,24 4 11:13 16:15,17,20 72:7 75:17,20 77:7 password [3] 70:11,24 71: pointed [3] 64:5 69:13 83: problem [11] 4:10 24:18 purpose [5] 24:4 39:23 8 21 passwords [4] 68:4 69:23 96:6,7 path [1] 74:21 pointed [3] 64:5 69:13 83: problems [2] 43:8,14 pursuant [4] 52:16,20 70 381:20 89:19 pattern [4] 6:4,9 29:9 95:4 pointing [1] 16:14 proceeding [1] 18:18 put [6] 28:18 33:13 46:22 97: 76:5 84:13 pattern [4] 6:4,9 29:9 95:4 points [1] 95:24 profit [3] 58:16 69:5 84:14 put [6] 28:18 33:13 46:22 97: 79:5 84:13 pedigree [1] 63:19 pedigree [1] 63:19 point [1] 24:24 39:17 69: 3 39:18 40:15 41:13,15 43: puzzled [1] 26:13 0rigin [1] 55:25 penalties [4] 66:16 73:9 p					PUEBLO [4] 1:3 3:5,12 17:
opposite [1] 93:25 opposition [2] 52:4,24 oral [7] 1:14 2:2,5,9 3:7 36: passed [12] 7:24 8:16,25 9: 4 11:13 16:15,17,20 72:7 r5:17,20 77:7 password [3] 70:11,24 71: 8 podium [1] 18:15 point [17] 7:9 8:8 9:10 28: 14 35:7 38:12 41:17 54:20, 23 76:7 78:2,8 81:7 89:6 97:7,8,16 prior [2] 38:15 75:18 problem [11] 4:10 24:18 point [17] 7:9 8:8 9:10 28: 19 89:19 90:13 purpose [5] 24:4 39:23 8 19 89:19 90:17 20 91:2 ordinary [3] 15:15,19 50: 21 organization [4] 23:24 69: 3 81:20 89:19 organizations [4] 23:20 39:7 69:5 84:13 organized [1] 65:23 organized [1] 65:25 penalties [4] 66:16 73:9 origin [1] 55:25 passed [12] 7:24 8:16,25 9: 75:17,20 77:7 password [3] 70:11,24 71: 8 point [3] 70:11,24 71: 90:6,7 path [1] 74:21 patrons [1] 37:23 pattern [4] 6:4,9 29:9 95:4 penalties [4] 66:16 73:9 origin [1] 55:25 prior [2] 38:15 75:18 problem [1] 18:18 problem [1] 4:10 24:18 25:1,8 41:6 45:1 46:20,24 69:10 91:25 96:9 problems [2] 43:8,14 proceeding [1] 18:18 proceeding [1] 18:18 profit [3] 58:16 69:5 84:14 profit [3] 58:16 69:5 84:14 police [1] 83:11 policy [10] 24:24 39:17 69: 10,14 81:11 86:6,12 89:11 90:17 94:1 put [6] 28:18 33:13 46:22 3 39:18 40:15 41:13,15 43: 10 44:3 49:9 50:23 51:7,8			-		
opposition [2] 52:4,24 oral [7] 1:14 2:2,5,9 3:7 36: 4 11:13 16:15,17,20 72:7 75:17,20 77:7 password [3] 70:11,24 71: point [17] 7:9 8:8 9:10 28: 14 35:7 38:12 41:17 54:20, 23 76:7 78:2,8 81:7 89:6 problem [11] 4:10 24:18 25:1,8 41:6 45:1 46:20,24 purpose [5] 24:4 39:23 8 19 89:19 90:13 pursuant [4] 52:16,20 70 20 91:2 ordinary [3] 15:15,19 50: 21 organization [4] 23:24 69: 3 81:20 89:19 organizations [4] 23:20 39:7 69:5 84:13 organized [1] 65:23 organized [1] 55:25 penalties [4] 66:16 73:9 point [17] 7:9 8:8 9:10 28: 14 35:7 38:12 41:17 54:20, 23 76:7 78:2,8 81:7 89:6 problem [11] 4:10 24:18 25:1,8 41:6 45:1 46:20,24 purpose [5] 24:4 39:23 8 19 89:19 90:13 pursuant [4] 52:16,20 70 20 91:2 ordinary [3] 15:15,19 50: 21 organizations [4] 23:20 39:7 69:5 84:13 organized [1] 55:25 penalties [4] 66:16 73:9 passwords [4] 68:4 69:23 96:6,7 path [1] 74:21 pointing [1] 16:14 points [1] 95:24 points [1] 95:24 police [1] 83:11 policy [10] 24:24 39:17 69: 10,14 81:11 86:6,12 89:11 90:17 94:1 problems [2] 43:8,14 proceeding [1] 18:18 proceeding [1] 18:18 profibit [33] 3:15 13:18,21, 22 15:18 16:19 24:24 25:2, 3 39:18 40:15 41:13,15 43: [0] 44:3 49:9 50:23 51:7,8		-			
oral [7] 1:14 2:2,5,9 3:7 36: 75:17,20 77:7 12 65:14 password [3] 70:11,24 71: 14 35:7 38:12 41:17 54:20, 25:1,8 41:6 45:1 46:20,24 19 89:19 90:13 order [2] 32:24 86:7 password [3] 70:11,24 71: 8 23 76:7 78:2,8 81:7 89:6 9roblematic [3] 90:7,7,12 pursuant [4] 52:16,20 70 ordinary [3] 15:15,19 50: passwords [4] 68:4 69:23 96:6,7 pointed [3] 64:5 69:13 83: problems [2] 43:8,14 pursuing [1] 74:20 organization [4] 23:24 69: 96:6,7 path [1] 74:21 pointing [1] 16:14 proceeding [1] 18:18 put [6] 28:18 33:13 46:22 organizations [4] 23:20 94:19 92:91,1,13 pattern [4] 6:4,9 29:9 95:4 pointing [1] 16:14 points [1] 95:24 profit [3] 58:16 69:5 84:14 put [6] 28:18 33:13 46:22 organized [1] 65:23 pedigree [1] 63:19 pedigree [1] 63:19 policy [10] 24:24 39:17 69: 22 15:18 16:19 24:24 25:2, Q 0:14 81:11 86:6,12 89:11 90:17 94:1 10 44:3 49:9 50:23 51:7,8 qurp [1] 45:20 qurp [1] 45:20			•		purpose [5] 24:4 39:23 81:
12 65:14 password [3] 70:11,24 71: 23 76:7 78:2,8 81:7 89:6 69:10 91:25 96:9 pursuant [4] 52:16,20 70 order [2] 32:24 86:7 8 97:7,8,16 problematic [3] 90:7,7,12 20 91:2 ordinary [3] 15:15,19 50: passwords [4] 68:4 69:23 96:6,7 pointed [3] 64:5 69:13 83: 19 problems [2] 43:8,14 pursuant [4] 52:16,20 70 organization [4] 23:24 69: path [1] 74:21 patrons [1] 37:23 pointing [1] 16:14 proceeding [1] 18:18 put [6] 28:18 33:13 46:22 organizations [4] 23:20 pattern [4] 6:4,9 29:9 95:4 points [1] 95:24 profit [3] 58:16 69:5 84:14 put [6] 28:18 33:13 46:22 organized [1] 65:23 pedigree [1] 63:19 pedigree [1] 63:19 point 91:24:24 39:17 69: 22 15:18 16:19 24:24 25:2, Q 0rigin [1] 55:25 penalties [4] 66:16 73:9 90:17 94:1 10 44:3 49:9 50:23 51:7,8 pursuid [1] 20:04				-	
order [2] 32:24 86:7 8 97:7,8,16 problematic [3] 90:7,7,12 20 91:2 ordinary [3] 15:15,19 50: passwords [4] 68:4 69:23 96:6,7 pointed [3] 64:5 69:13 83: problems [2] 43:8,14 pursuing [1] 74:20 organization [4] 23:24 69: path [1] 74:21 pointing [1] 16:14 proceeding [1] 18:18 put [6] 28:18 33:13 46:22 organizations [4] 23:20 pattern [4] 6:4,9 29:9 95:4 points [1] 95:24 profit [3] 58:16 69:5 84:14 put [6] 28:18 33:13 46:22 organized [1] 65:23 pedigree [1] 63:19 pedigree [1] 63:19 points [1] 24:24 39:17 69: 22 15:18 16:19 24:24 25:2, Q origin [1] 55:25 penalties [4] 66:16 73:9 po:17 94:1 10 44:3 49:9 50:23 51:7,8 mustified [1] 20:04					pursuant [4] 52:16,20 70:
ordinary [3] 15:15,19 50: 21 passwords [4] 68:4 69:23 96:6,7 pointed [3] 64:5 69:13 83: 19 problems [2] 43:8,14 pursuing [1] 74:20 organization [4] 23:24 69: 3 81:20 89:19 path [1] 74:21 pointing [1] 16:14 proceeding [1] 18:18 pursuing [1] 74:20 organizations [4] 23:20 path [1] 74:21 pointing [1] 16:14 process [1] 63:4 put [6] 28:18 33:13 46:22 3 81:20 89:19 pattern [4] 6:4,9 29:9 95:4 points [1] 95:24 profit [3] 58:16 69:5 84:14 put [6] 28:18 33:13 46:22 39:7 69:5 84:13 pattern [4] 6:4,9 29:9 95:4 police [1] 83:11 police [1] 83:11 policy [10] 24:24 39:17 69: 22 15:18 16:19 24:24 25:2, 3 39:18 40:15 41:13,15 43: origin [1] 55:25 penalties [4] 66:16 73:9 p0:17 94:1 10 44:3 49:9 50:23 51:7,8 QP [1] 45:20				problematic [3] 90:7,7,12	
21 96:6,7 19 proceeding [1] 18:18 pushing [1] 22:16 organization [4] 23:24 69: path [1] 74:21 pointing [1] 16:14 proceeding [1] 18:18 pushing [1] 22:16 3 81:20 89:19 patrons [1] 37:23 pattern [4] 6:4,9 29:9 95:4 pointing [1] 16:14 profit [3] 58:16 69:5 84:14 put [6] 28:18 33:13 46:22 39:7 69:5 84:13 pedigree [1] 63:19 points [1] 95:24 pointis [1] 95:24 profit [3] 58:16 69:5 84:14 puzzled [1] 26:13 organized [1] 65:23 pedigree [1] 63:19 pedigree [1] 63:19 point 81:11 86:6,12 89:11 3 39:18 40:15 41:13,15 43: Q origin [1] 55:25 penalties [4] 66:16 73:9 90:17 94:1 10 44:3 49:9 50:23 51:7,8 puzzled [1] 20:21	-	-	pointed [3] 64:5 69:13 83:		pursuing [1] 74:20
organization [4] 23:24 69: path [1] 74:21 pointing [1] 16:14 process [1] 63:4 put [6] 28:18 33:13 46:22 3 81:20 89:19 patrons [1] 37:23 patrons [1] 37:23 pointing [1] 16:14 profit [3] 58:16 69:5 84:14 put [6] 28:18 33:13 46:22 3 97 69:5 84:13 petigree [1] 63:19 pointy [10] 24:24 39:17 69: 22 15:18 16:19 24:24 25:2, 3 39:18 40:15 41:13,15 43: origin [1] 55:25 penalties [4] 66:16 73:9 point 91:19 90:17 94:1 10 44:3 49:9 50:23 51:7,8 put [6] 28:10 30:13 46:22		·	-		
3 81:20 89:19 patrons [1] 37:23 points [1] 95:24 profit [3] 58:16 69:5 84:14 58:9 65:3 97:18 organizations [4] 23:20 pattern [4] 6:4,9 29:9 95:4 points [1] 95:24 profit [3] 3:15 13:18,21, pulce [1] 63:19 39:7 69:5 84:13 pedigree [1] 63:19 points [1] 24:24 39:17 69: 22 15:18 16:19 24:24 25:2, 3 39:18 40:15 41:13,15 43: origin [1] 55:25 penalties [4] 66:16 73:9 point 794:1 90:17 94:1 10 44:3 49:9 50:23 51:7,8 purplice [1] 69:24	-	-	pointing [1] 16:14		put [6] 28:18 33:13 46:22
organizations [4] 23:20 pattern [4] 6:4,9 29:9 95:4 police [1] 83:11 prohibit [33] 3:15 13:18,21, puzzled [1] 26:13 39:7 69:5 84:13 peace [3] 92:9,11,13 policy [10] 24:24 39:17 69: 22 15:18 16:19 24:24 25:2, 2 organized [1] 65:23 pedigree [1] 63:19 10,14 81:11 86:6,12 89:11 3 39:18 40:15 41:13,15 43: Q origin [1] 55:25 penalties [4] 66:16 73:9 90:17 94:1 10 44:3 49:9 50:23 51:7,8 puzzled [1] 26:13					
organized [1] 65:23 pedigree [1] 63:19 policy (1) 24:24 60:11 60:12 42:12, 10, 10 24:12 42:12, 10, 10 24:12 42:12, 10, 10 24:12 42:12, 10, 10 24:12 42:12, 10, 10 24:12 42:12, 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	-		-		puzzled [1] 26:13
organized [1] 65:23 pedigree [1] 63:19 10,14 81:11 86:6,12 89:11 3 39:18 40:15 41:13,15 43: QP [1] 45:20 origin [1] 55:25 penalties [4] 66:16 73:9 90:17 94:1 10 44:3 49:9 50:23 51:7,8 QP [1] 45:20				-	·
original (1) 50.7	-		10,14 81: 11 86: 6,12 89: 11	3 39: 18 40: 15 41: 13,15 43:	-
original 19 56:7 75:2,5 position 19 50:18 74:5 85: 52:10 57:14 72:9 73:1.14 qualified 19 28:21		-	90:17 94:1	10 44: 3 49: 9 50: 23 51: 7,8	
	original 🖽 56:7	/5: 2,5	position [9] 50:18 74:5 85:	52 :10 57 :14 72 :9 73 :1,14	qualified 11 28:21

Heritage Reporting Corporation

Official - Subject to Final Review				
quasi-constitutional [1]	reflected [1] 8:22	reservation [4] 6:16 53:18	17,19,20 16: 15,17 19: 2,5	sets [1] 35:8
63:4	reflects [5] 5:2 9:14 52:23	56 :18 79 :12	21 :8 24 :17 25 :1,8 29 :11	settlement [1] 72:15
question [42] 3:11 11:11,	62 :23 63 :9	resolution [24] 7:8,22 8:1,	32: 10 33: 8 36: 22,23 38: 15,	shall [4] 7:12 20:15 48:18
24 13 :7 18 :3,25 20 :3 21 :	regardless [2] 7:13 9:1	9,23 9:1 32:22 50:11 51:	17 39: 10,10 41: 11,11 48: 7,	53 :17
17 28: 23,23 30: 1,9 31: 10	regime [2] 84:22 85:4	23 52: 2,6,8,15,16,20,22 53:	17 49: 1,3,5,8,12,14 50: 3,4,	shed [1] 74:18
34: 3 44: 18,19 45: 2,4,17	regulate [12] 12:20 16:19	13 54: 12,14 56: 14 57: 5 73:	5,5,9 55: 22 66: 5,17 67: 5	shorthand [1] 69:10
46:25 49:18 50:13 54:24	39 :16 43 :10 44 :3 57 :7 61 :	24 75: 10,17	77:8,8 88:15 95:11 96:12,	shortly [1] 39:9
55: 3,25 59: 7 61: 22 68: 24	14 72:10 73:1 89:2 91:22	respect [9] 35:15,17 40:2,	23	shouldn't 5 12:11 15:1
74: 20 76: 4,17 82: 5 86: 3,	96 :9	17 41:7 47:23,24 51:18 73:	sanction [1] 48:14	32:20 58:16 72:10
23 90: 20,24 93: 20,21 94:	regulated [9] 20:5 30:6 35:	9	saw [1] 65:22	show [1] 73:5
16,18 95: 13,25	23 36:20 37:18 38:25 48:	respectfully [4] 13:1 75:6	saying [14] 14:17 20:20 22:	showed [1] 17:3
questioning [1] 64:1	23 49: 8 93: 6	80:25 87:11	25 35 :14,16 45 :6 50 :19 51 :	showing [1] 6:2
questions [16] 5:10 29:4	regulates [1] 82:3	respects [1] 52:3	5,6 59: 21 61: 12 89: 25 90:	side [2] 5:3 12:7
30: 25 32: 8,9,10 33: 16 47:	regulating [3] 16:21 58:24	respond [1] 34:9	3 91: 5	side's [1] 85:15
5,17 53 :8 58 :13 59 :14 67 :	79 :11	responded [1] 77:6	says [20] 10:4 12:8,10,24	signage [1] 82:20
13 82:20 96:17 97:24	regulation [25] 5:8 12:2 25:	Respondent [4] 1:7,25 2:	20: 15 22: 14 24: 17,18 35: 4	signal [1] 4:23
quick [3] 18:3 44:1 95:24	4,6 31: 4,5,8 33: 1 37: 23 38:	11 65: 15	37: 23 48: 18,20 54: 10 77: 1	significant [4] 52:13 57:3,
quinte [1] 17:2	1 39: 15 41: 23 67: 16 68: 1,	responding [2] 30:16 79:	81:10 85:10,17 92:25 96:	15 87: 12
quite [4] 30:24 48:4 64:20	8,13,18,20 69: 21 71: 9 72: 3	18	15,24	significantly [1] 56:22
87:1	80:7 86:16 87:3 96:8	response [9] 33:3,20 53:	scale [1] 55:18	signs [1] 57:22
quoted [1] 87:15	regulations [11] 16:18,19,	21 75 :17 88 :11 91 :21 95 :	Scalia [1] 49:2	similar [5] 43:16 49:3 61:
R	24 29 :21 35 :2 53 :17 72 :1	25 96 :16 97 :23	Scalia's [1] 59:16	11,15,17
	82:3,16 83:17 85:7	responses [1] 79:24	scheme [2] 21:6 23:21	simply [2] 36:3 81:14
raised [1] 59:6	regulatory [49] 3:18,25 4:7	responsive [1] 30:11	scope [1] 59:5	since [3] 43:14,15 57:25
random [2] 29:6 31:22	10: 21 12: 18,22 15: 6,16 16:	restates [1] 37:7	scrap [2] 87:8 94:7	single [2] 74:21 89:7
rather [3] 11:14 51:19 84:3	1,4 23: 21 25: 12 26: 6 33:	Restoration [33] 3: 12,16,	scrapped [2] 92:23 93:7	sister [1] 64:16
rea [1] 62:5 reach [1] 95:3	17 37: 4,9 41: 1 48: 8,13,21	24 4 :20 5 :1 8 :15 16 :16 17 :	second [6] 11:23 35:6 48:	situation [1] 97:22
read [23] 20:13,22 25:19 26:	58 :3 60 :17 62 :18 66 :17 67 :	12 20: 25 24: 1 29: 17,23 30:	22 66:18 76:15 86:2	six [5] 14:2 16:9 36:17 51:7
3,7 29 :18,23,24 41 :19 47 :	6,15 71 :11,17 73 :7,12,18	8,17 33: 20 34: 12,14,17 35:	2	55 :20
19 49 :6 50 :8,9 52 :7,10 54 :	76 :17,23 77 :2,3,21,22 83 :3,		Section [24] 3:25 4:5,6,8 6:	sketch [1] 45:22
8 57:17 60:16 70:12 74:11,	8 84: 9 86: 11 88: 20 89: 8,	68:24 72:25 73:2 81:13 84:	24 19 :19 36 :1,21,25 37 :2,3,	slicing [1] 88:19
13,14,16	21 91: 6 96: 4,5,11,14	23,25 85 :2 95 :10	7,10 48: 18 50: 9 51: 12 53:	slightly [1] 50:18
reading [6] 12:12 17:12 40:	related [1] 5:8	restriction [2] 12:1 86:5	1 67: 3,4 96: 17,22,23 97: 19,	slot [11] 19:9,13 21:20 22:1,
4 60:21 78:22 88:14	relates [2] 3:14 85:22	restrictions [3] 3:13 10:19	20	2 23 :7,7 31 :1,10,21 94 :24
reads [1] 4:12	relating [2] 68:10 80:5	33 :3	Sections [1] 4:22	small [1] 94:4
real [1] 44:1	relationship [1] 55:11	retain [1] 5:7	see [4] 12 :4 14 :20 81 :15 92 :	_
really [12] 11:2,8,14 12:4,	relevant [2] 21:18 93:20	rethinking [2] 43:3 44:18	5	software [1] 68:6
12 21 :10 31 :20 49 :7 50 :2	relief [1] 20:14	retooled [1] 52:19	seeing [1] 57:21	Solicitor [2] 1:20,24
52 :23 55 :24 72 :4	relies [1] 37:13	revert [1] 94:19	seem [2] 25:5 87:6	solution [1] 91:14
reason [2] 44:25 49:13	relying [2] 11:2 15:24	revoke [1] 87:16	seemed [1] 75:14	somebody [5] 10:9 22:25
REBUTTAL [3] 2:12 95:19,	remains [1] 42:1 remanded [2] 28:3 94:17	rewrite [1] 66:7	Seems [8] 6:17 12:6 18:25	27:16 68:1 95:1
20	remands [1] 19:14	rid [2] 87:7 89:14 risk [1] 86:12	24 :17 56 :15 62 :1 68 :25 83 : 12	somehow ^[2] 46:10 90:4 sometimes ^[5] 13:10,11
recognition [3] 64:22 65:	remedy [1] 20:23	ROBERTS [40] 3:3 7:5 8:	seen [3] 7:17 43:13 60:23	60:24 74:18 86:7
20 66:4	Remember [2] 48:11 97:	24 9:24 10:2,14 21:16,23	selected [1] 78:1	sorry [12] 23:13 25:22 31:
recognize [2] 49:20 70:1	17	22: 4,8,13,20,24 23: 6,12 24:		19 34 :2,4 35 :12 44 :24 64 :
recognized [5] 29:14 46:6	remembering [1] 32:15	9 26 :12 30 :18 33 :21,25 34 :	-	2 67:20 69:17 70:17 79:7
60:12 62:16 90:15	remind [1] 38:12	4,6 36 :9 39 :24 40 :5 51 :24	Senate [5] 73:3 74:12,23,	sort [5] 10:6 30:24 31:22
recognizes [1] 55:10	removed [1] 37:15	53: 6,9 56: 11 59: 3 61: 3,19	25 97: 12	59: 17 84: 22
reconcile [1] 59:22	repeal [1] 87:16	63: 23 65: 10,13 75: 8 92: 18	send [2] 92:9,12	SOTOMAYOR [33] 15:21,
redundant [2] 34:16 72:5	replicate [1] 3:24	94:11 95:17 97:25	sending [1] 4:23	23 16 :3,8,13 17 :3 18 :24
reels [1] 22:18	report [5] 74:11,24,24 75:1	role [2] 55:10 60:11	sense [15] 13:25 14:11 17:	21 :18 30 :19 56 :12,13,21
refer [1] 54:24	97 :12	room [1] 19:2	22 21 :11,14 76 :24,25 78 :	57 :1,4,9,17 58 :14 59 :1 69 :
reference [5] 5:21 30:8 52:	reporting [1] 67:9	rule [10] 37:23 47:6,9 55:5	17,18,19,20 83: 5,10,18 84:	17,25 70 :6,10,23 71 :1,6 90 :
3,15 54: 10	Representative [1] 97:9	62:9 67:15 86:1 89:7 90:	9	25 91: 9,15,18 92: 1,5,11 94:
referenced [3] 54:5 75:19	request [3] 8:11 9:17 52:8	14,18	senses [1] 76:20	12
78 :17	require [1] 42:11	rules [1] 63:2	sentence [3] 6:13 13:8 20:	sounds [2] 50:17,19
references [1] 97:13	required [2] 57:22 69:22	run [3] 43:12 60:25 91:6	11	sovereign [9] 18:7,11,14
referencing [1] 23:19	requirement [2] 70:11,11	running [1] 57:19	separate [2] 20:6 85:4	32:12 61:6,14 63:9,21 66:
referred [1] 95:1	requirements [2] 67:9 71:	S	September [1] 8:19	1
referring [2] 73:22 77:22	3		serve [1] 56:15	sovereigns [1] 64:23
refers [2] 73:15,17	requires [3] 46:22 85:9 96:	safe [1] 18:17	set [8] 8:17 11:25 12:1 23:	sovereignty [12] 5:7 32:11,
reflect [4] 9:16 60:19 63:3,	10	sale [1] 30:4	21 57 :13 58 :22 67 :11 77 :	19 33:9,16 40:24 41:2 42:
6	research [1] 56:5	same [47] 10:22 11:20 13:	23	19 60 :13 63 :18 64 :21 65 :
L	1		1	

	Offic	ial - Subject to Final R	eview	
21	still [17] 15:17 17:9,9,13,21,	Taylor [2] 11:17 38:13	7 66: 12	U.S.C [1] 40:8
special [1] 55:10	23 19: 7 20: 6,19,21,24 21: 2	tellingly [1] 77:25	throughout [1] 56:2	Udall [1] 97:9
specialized [1] 76:6	40:8 47:17 69:8,14 93:10	tells [1] 31:3	throw [1] 82:25	ultimate [1] 44:19
specific [9] 5:21 23:19 38:	stop [1] 83:8	ten [1] 40:7	thrown [1] 30:14	ultimately [4] 33:1 63:20
17,18 42: 25 51: 19 62: 16	stops [1] 96:5	tend [1] 78:14	thumbnail [1] 45:22	67:10 71:25
68: 21 89: 16	story [2] 9:20 33:11	term [30] 11:1,1,3 12:19 13:	tie [2] 66:24 78:5	unanimous [1] 38:13
specifically [12] 3:18 5:19	straight [1] 58:11	19,19,25 14: 1 39: 14 41: 14	tip [2] 55:17 63:16	under [65] 10:5 11:17,24
24 :6 26 :9 41 :3 51 :18 76 :	strong [5] 52:4,24 63:19	47:25 66:25 71:21 72:3,25	title [1] 12:23	15:19 18:1 19:16,18,25 20:
16 78 :10 86 :23 94 :3,4 96 :	75 :11 94 :1	73:1 77: 24 78: 13,23 80: 12,	today [3] 64:3 80:9 82:20	5,25 23: 16 24: 1,1,2,2,6,20
24	stronger [1] 64:14	21,23,24 81: 14,23 82: 15	together [1] 77:11	25: 3,23 26: 25 28: 8,11 29:
specified [1] 92:25	struck [2] 3:25 5:2	84:1 86:13 89:20 93:14	took [1] 39:9	15,16 34 :14 36 :1,18 37 :2,
specifies [1] 82:17	structure [4] 6:8 11:25 63:	terms [6] 7:1 32:17 44:13	top [1] 48:12	23 38 :9 40 :3 42 :4,5 43 :8
specifying [1] 7:2	5,5	45: 21 72: 1 78: 11	toss [1] 59:23	45 :3 46 :19,24 47 :1,21 48 :
speculate [3] 9:6 82:7,10	struggling [1] 90:5	test [3] 4:25 12:21 66:19	total [4] 8:10,12 9:13,14	16 49 :20 52 :11,18 66 :6 67 :
sphere [1] 13:14	stuck [2] 31:6 97:6	testimony [3] 22:2 28:12	totally [1] 91:12	18,22 69 :7,9 71 :15,22 72 :2
-	stuff [1] 85:24	74: 14	traces [1] 63:20	
spirit [1] 61:17		Texans [1] 66:5		89: 18,25 90: 8,21,23 91: 2,3
split [1] 65:25	sub-Indian [1] 65:1		track [3] 46:19 81:9 89:11	92: 25 93: 12 94: 2,5 95: 10,
spoken [1] 43:1	subcommittee [1] 97:10	TEXAS [76] 1:6,18,25 3:5,	tracking [1] 46:18	11,14
stage [1] 43:2	subject [7] 17:10,13,23 19:	14 4 :2,3,7 5 :4 6 :15 7 :15 8 :	tracks [2] 63:12 81:21	underlays [1] 60:14
stake [3] 10:7 40:23 86:10	7 32 :25 38 :15 41 :11	11 9:16 10:5 13:2 15:22	Traditional [2] 93:1,5	underlying [2] 61:16 65:8
stakes [5] 65:21 71:15,20,	subjects [1] 3:12	19: 13,15 20: 7,16,18,24 21:	traditionally [1] 62:12	understand [14] 17:18 18:
20 94 :5	submission [3] 15:4 26:8	3,12,14,25 23: 5,18 24: 13	treating [1] 66:15	4 25 :17,17 38 :23 43 :21 54 :
standard [1] 40:1	42:7	26 :22,24 28 :7,8 29 :15 32 :	trial [4] 19:14,17,24 28:4	17,17,19,22 77 :9 89 :23 90 :
standing [1] 5:24	submit [2] 29:22 46:22	24 34: 23 35: 3,13 37: 2,6	tribal [34] 4:8 5:20 7:8,22 8:	6 96 :2
start [1] 61:1	submitted [2] 98:1,3	41: 21,21 44: 22 46: 16,22,	1,8,23 9: 1 40: 2,24,25 41: 1,	understanding 6 41:13
starts [1] 96:5	substantive [8] 55:3 59:9,	24 47: 7,10 52: 11,18 53: 17	2 42 :19,20 50 :10 51 :22 52 :	46: 13 64: 4,8 69: 8 80: 19
state [70] 4:3,10 6:4,15 8:	17 62:1 64:6 67:11 83:16	58:14 65:21 68:3 69:9 70:	1,15,16 53: 5,12,19 54: 11,	Understood [5] 28:1 40:
10 12 :10 13 :2 14 :6 15 :22	96: 20	21 71 :11,16 73 :25 79 :10	14 56: 14,14 60: 13,17 63:	22 55:2 67:25 68:17
17:24 20:16,18,24 21:25	subtle [1] 30:2	80:7 84:16 85:10,17 90:22	17,19 64: 21 66: 20 75: 10	unfortunately [1] 56:6
23: 5 24: 23 29: 15 32: 24 35:	succinctly [1] 33:14	93:1,5,7,25 94:20 95:9 96:	tribe [32] 5:6 7:9 10:8 18:6,	unique [4] 31:9 41:18 90:4
3 36 :6,21 37 :4,9 39 :14,16,	sudden [2] 85:12,18	3,12 97: 2,13,17	6 20: 4 29: 13 32: 22 36: 25	91 :10
22 40:25 42:11 46:19 47:7,	suffers [1] 66:12	Texas's [9] 3:13,18 4:10 6:	42: 7 56: 23,24 65: 19 66: 3,	uniquely [3] 88:23 89:3 90:
10,21 48:21 52:5,25 53:3,3,	suggest [3] 75:7 79:22 87:	19 12:2 14:6 23:16 29:20	7 68:2,9 71:12,23 79:13	6
17 56:17,23 57:6,13,18,23	6	94 :20	80 :1 81 :17 82 :22 83 :20 88 :	UNITED [12] 1:1,15,22 2:7
60:17 61:13 62:17 63:18	suggested [1] 89:5	Texas-specific [1] 47:14	15 89: 17 91: 1,3,4,11 92: 8	36:13 40:1 64:22 71:23 80:
66:11,19 77:2,3 81:17,19	suggesting [2] 10:25 20:	text [15] 5:1,19 6:12 8:14 9:	94:9	1 83:19 87:11 95:12
82: 2 83: 7,21,21,24 86: 6,22	17	8,9 37: 14 44: 10 52: 5,7,9	tribe's [6] 23:3 33:10 52:3,	unlawful [1] 67:25
89 :10,18 90 :17 92 :14 93 :	suggestion [1] 69:1	60 :9 61 :2 75 :19,20	24 53 :18 85 :1	unless [5] 38:17 70:24 71:
12 96: 3 97: 2,13,17	suggests [1] 62:25	textual [2] 8:6 52:13	tribes [18] 5:1,6 6:16 29:14	2 82 :17 94 :3
state's [6] 12:20 67:10 71:	summarizing [1] 44:8	There's [31] 5:20 7:13 8:3,	32 :12,17 39 :15 40 :3 49 :14	unworkable [4] 41:23 86:
17,18 84 :4 94 :10	supervised [1] 18:1	12 9:13 10:12 18:4 19:5,6,	55 :12 56 :4 63 :9 64 :24 67 :	17 88:23 89:3
state-administrative [1]	support [1] 3:21	23 21 :11 22 :1,11,13,15 26 :		up [24] 10:6,8,10,17 11:25
67:7	supporting [3] 1:22 2:8 36:	4 34: 20 38: 17 40: 23 44: 10,	tribes' [1] 3:19	12:1 18: 25 24: 14,15 30: 22
stated [1] 97:10	14	4 34 :20 38 :17 40 :23 44 :10, 10 46 :25 48 :12 49 :7,13 52 :		32 :23 35 :8 39 :9 41 :17 44 :
statement [5] 62:4 63:1,2,	supports [1] 75:7	5 62:14 68:11 76:17 79:16	true [6] 21:2 56:21 60:22	1,5 45 :1 46 :19 47 :4 61 :21
15 64:7	suppose [4] 10:23 24:12,	83:24	62:14 64:11 87:6	63:25 85:19 88:19 93:15
STATES [13] 1 :1,15,22 2 :7	13 92:23	thereafter [1] 39:9	try [1] 78:3	upshot [1] 17:17
20:7 36: 13 40: 2 64: 23 71:	supposed [1] 59:13	they've [1] 23:10	trying [7] 19:20 31:7 48:1	useful [1] 93:21
24 80:1 83:19 87:12 95:12	SUPREME [4] 1:1,14 38:	thinking [6] 59:8,13 64:2	68:22 69:12 82:7 89:21	uses [4] 38:15 48:6 51:20
stating [1] 36:5	16 41 :10	73: 23 82: 8,11	Tuesday [1] 1:11	81 :5
statute [32] 11:13 29:18 37:	SUR [2] 1:3 3:4	thinks [3] 9:12 21:25 52:9	turn [2] 83:1 85:23	using [8] 11:15 13:16,19
22 38 :5,14 41 :8,9 47 :7,14	surrogate [6] 29:19,21 34:	third [4] 20:11 66:23 77:5	turned [1] 84:21	15: 4,5 41: 11 48: 2 49: 8
49: 3,5,23 51: 5,9 52: 7 53 :	13,13 35: 1,13	83 :24	turns [2] 11:3 93:13	V
13 55 :2 62 :21 66 :10 71 :25	suspect [1] 92:8		two [10] 4:16 29:16 40:3 46:	vacated [1] 94:16
73 :11 74 :25 76 :20 77 :13,	switch [1] 22:16	6,10,17 7: 4 23: 14,15,22 37:		
	synonym [1] 14:24	17,22 38: 1,22 39: 4 53: 7,8	97:7	valley [1] 74:8
17,18 80: 6 85: 10,17 88: 10,			hune 151 40.40 40.4 0 04.00	value [1] 63:4
17,18 80 :6 85 :10,17 88 :10, 14 92 :24	system [3] 83:13 91:10,12	67:14,20 68:11,25 69:21	type [5] 10:19 19:1,9 84:22	
	system [3] 83:13 91:10,12	67: 14,20 68: 11,25 69: 21 92: 20	93: 1	variety [1] 56:15
14 92: 24	system [3] 83:13 91:10,12 T			various [1] 78:21
14 92:24 statute's [1] 62:3	system [3] 83:13 91:10,12 T table [1] 85:18	92: 20	93:1	various [1] 78:21 verbatim [1] 53:21
14 92:24 statute's [1] 62:3 statutes [12] 4:16 26:8 44:	system [3] 83:13 91:10,12 T table [1] 85:18 talked [6] 14:7 16:20 29:19	92: 20 though ^[3] 6:18 13:22 40:	93:1 types [1] 60:19	various [1] 78:21 verbatim [1] 53:21 version [10] 8:16,17,19,22
14 92:24 statute's [1] 62:3 statutes [12] 4:16 26:8 44: 15 47:9 55:1 56:3 60:16, 21 72:14,14 74:3 77:7	system [3] 83:13 91:10,12 T table [1] 85:18 talked [6] 14:7 16:20 29:19 30:23 32:15 49:10	92: 20 though ^[3] 6: 18 13: 22 40: 10	93:1 types ^[1] 60: 19 typically ^[6] 68: 4 72: 3 77: 24 82: 15,16 92: 17	various [1] 78:21 verbatim [1] 53:21 version [10] 8:16,17,19,22 9:11,12 64:14 71:24 74:25
14 92:24 statute's [1] 62:3 statutes [12] 4:16 26:8 44: 15 47:9 55:1 56:3 60:16,	system [3] 83:13 91:10,12 T table [1] 85:18 talked [6] 14:7 16:20 29:19 30:23 32:15 49:10 talks [1] 76:16	92:20 though ^[3] 6:18 13:22 40: 10 thoughts ^[2] 31:23 41:25	93:1 types [1] 60:19 typically [6] 68:4 72:3 77: 24 82:15,16 92:17 U	various [1] 78:21 verbatim [1] 53:21 version [10] 8:16,17,19,22 9:11,12 64:14 71:24 74:25 84:20
14 92:24 statute's [1] 62:3 statutes [12] 4:16 26:8 44: 15 47:9 55:1 56:3 60:16, 21 72:14,14 74:3 77:7 statutory [3] 44:10 80:24	system [3] 83:13 91:10,12 T table [1] 85:18 talked [6] 14:7 16:20 29:19 30:23 32:15 49:10	92:20 though [3] 6:18 13:22 40: 10 thoughts [2] 31:23 41:25 thousand [1] 31:2	93:1 types ^[1] 60: 19 typically ^[6] 68: 4 72: 3 77: 24 82: 15,16 92: 17	various [1] 78:21 verbatim [1] 53:21 version [10] 8:16,17,19,22 9:11,12 64:14 71:24 74:25

versus [7] 3:5 11:17 12:21	25 93: 19
15 :25 36 :20 38 :13 49 :2	words [9] 15:15 19:21 38:
veterans [2] 39:6 69:3	15,16 51 :6 55 :1 73 :14 79 :
view [15] 13:12,15 20:9 37:	16 82: 25
12 42 :14 44 :2,8 47 :11 50 :	work [2] 89:25 90:20
7 51:4 57:20 60:3 69:7 83:	workable [2] 42:1 87:3
8 88 :8	working [1] 42:4
	working [1] 42:4 works [1] 42:3
views [1] 59:22	
violating [1] 92:7	world [7] 31:18,23 50:5 76:
violations [2] 83:8,16	2 77:14 79:17 82:7
W	worse [3] 21:12,15 91:5
waive [3] 18:11,14 61:6	Worth [2] 1:18 48:25
waiving [1] 18:7	Wow [1] 42:16
walk [3] 21:19 92:2,12	writing [1] 48:11
wanted [8] 14:10 43:25 65:	written [4] 14:15 50:4 66:
19,19,21 79 :10,19 96 :6	19 77 :13
wants [3] 16:23 57:18 83:7	wrote [2] 33:19 47:13
Washington [2] 1:10,21	Y
way [22] 8:13 9:13 13:7 29:	YANG [66] 1:20 2:6 36:11,
23,24 34 :20 41 :14 46 :16	12,15 37: 17,19,25 38: 3 39:
50 :9 56 :3 57 :18,19 58 :3	3,8,25 40: 5,16 41: 16 42: 3,
59: 20 64: 11 66: 17 68: 6 75:	3,8,25 40 :5,16 41: 16 42 :3, 16 43: 5,11 44: 9 45: 9,13,15,
23 76:6 77:19 81:7 82:6	17 46: 3 47: 3,12 49: 16,22
ways [2] 64:20 74:9 wealth [2] 30:24 59:16	50: 1,14,24 51: 11 52: 1 53:
	20 54: 3,6,9,14,18,21 55: 8
week [1] 59:12	56: 5,19,22 57: 2,8,11,24 58:
weird [1] 30:25	18 59: 25 60: 8 61: 8,15 62:
Welcome [2] 31:18 67:13	6,13 63: 8 64: 10,19 65: 2,12
well-established [1] 80:	76 :21 77 :12 88 :24 89 :5 90 :
21	1
wellspring [1] 43:13	years [4] 16:10 40:7,20 43:
whatever [6] 40:8,10,13,14	15
63 :13 85 :23	Young [1] 18:4
wheel [2] 83:1 85:23	YSLETA [6] 1:3 3:4 4:12
Whereas [3] 12:23 80:22	29 :18 57 :25 96 :13
90:14	
Whereupon [1] 98:2	
whether [37] 3:12 7:13 13:	
18 19: 1,9,17,21,22 26: 16	
27: 8,19,24 29: 6,7,8 31: 21	
42: 1,8,9 44: 19 45: 18 46 :	
25 57 :21,23 63 :14 70 :15	
80 :15 81 :18 82 :21 86 :4 88 :	
13 91 :25 92 :6 93 :16 94 :18	
95 :13 97 :5	
who's [1] 68:1	
whole [3] 39:25 45:24 73:	
21	
Williams [2] 11:17 38:12	
willing ^[5] 7:9,11 32:23 65:	
20,23	
win [3] 15:17 46:11 76:3	
wind [1] 44:4	
Winnepaug [1] 16:17	
wins ^[1] 95:4	
within [6] 12:18 13:14 24:	
23 49 :5 93 :8 94 :9	
without [10] 8:25 15:10,12	
30 :5 47 :10 50 :17,20 60 :18	
92: 10,15	
word [16] 11:5,9,10,15 13:	
17 14: 11,13,19 15: 4 16: 23	
25 :5 38 :19 40 :7 41 :13 77 :	